# for Colenta INDX 43 I Filmprocessor



# Colenta

MP800 V2.8 r07 und up

02/2005 AN

# Colonta INDX 43 I FILMPROCESSOR

### **Technical Specifications**

Processing applications: Rolls/Cut sheets of all commonly used ind.-x-ray films

Film thickness: min. 0,10 mm

Material width: min. 7,5 cm max. 43 cm

Material length: min. 10 cm

Time in Developer: min. 31 sec - max. 170 sec

(see the table on one of the next page)

**INDX 43 I** 

Tank capacity - Developer(+filter): 11,5l

Fixer: 10,5l Wash water: 10 l

Solution heating (Fix and DEV): variable in a range of 18°C - 43°C

(separate inline 350W heaters)

Dryer: warm air

variable in a range of 18°C - 60°C

Replenishment: fully automatic.

replenishment is microprocessor controlled and calculated from information received from sensors measuring the width and length of material entering the

processor. Replenishment cycles are variable.

power supply: 1 / N / PE~ 230V (+6% / -10%), 50Hz, 16A, 3.7KW

water supply: 2-way magnetic valve, with 3/4" hose connection by using a

DVGW-approved system-separating device or pipe-separating

device.

Wash water flow rate: 2,5 ltr/min when film is in process

Wash water supply pressure: 3 - 10 bar

Wash water supply: filtered at a temperature of 10°C - 15°C

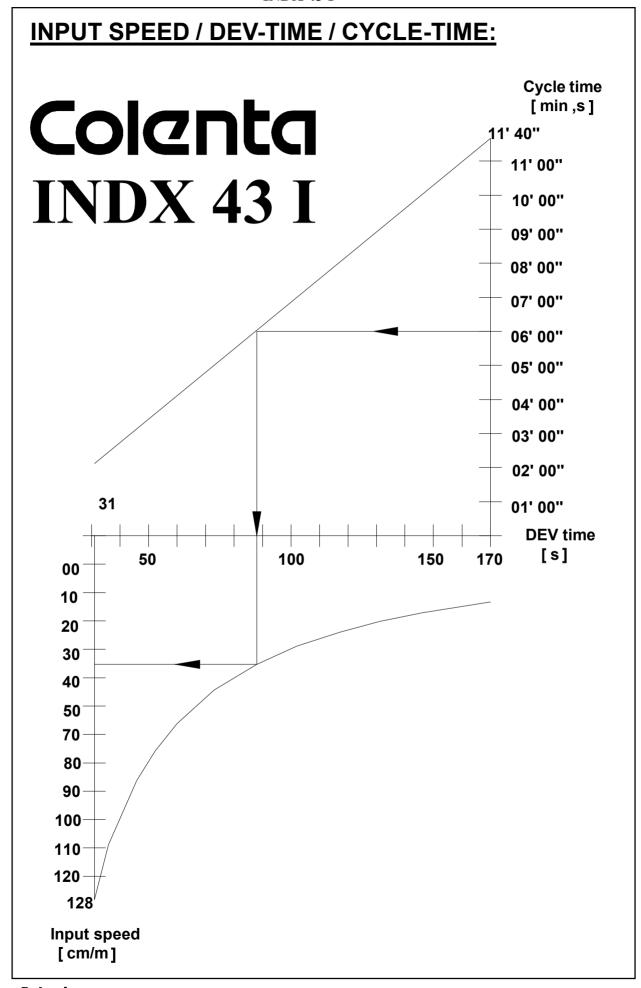
**INDX 43 I** 

Weight: Empty 185 kg

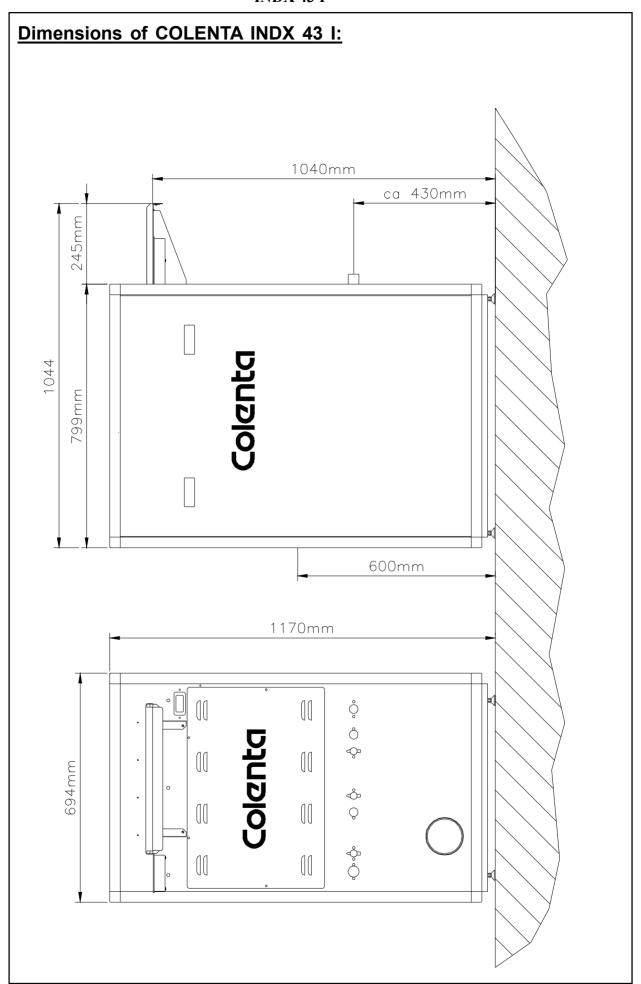
With solution 217 kg

Technical specification subject to change without notice.

**Colenta** AN 02/2005



Colenta



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Colenta AN 02/2005

### 1. INTRODUCTION

Congratulations upon your decision to buy a

### COLENTA INDX FILMPROCESSOR.

Your purchase has been designed to meet the highest technical standards.

Some outstanding design features are:

- \*) compact, space-saving design
- \*) full automatic processing cycle
- \*) smooth roller transport system
- \*) low tank volumes
- \*) electronically controlled temperature system
- \*) automatic replenishment
- \*) low energy consumption

This manual is an instruction for routine use of your:

### COLENTA INDX FILMPROCESSOR.





NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

### 1.1 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- \*) Staff in charge of maintenance of the processor (see chapter 11 and 12) need to be thoroughly familiar with the equipment.
- \*) Only the Top Cover of the Filmprocessor may be removed by the operator (see picture below)
- \*) The film processor must be separated from mains prior to carrying out any maintenance. To do so, switch the mains switch of the machine to "0" position. Always wear safety goggles and protective clothing when handling chemicals.





Main switch of the film processor

- \*) The filmprocesor may not be in operation without supervision.
- \*) Make sure that clothing or other objects cannot get entrapped in gear drives or similar of the film processor.
- \*) The installation, service, repair as well as the initial operation of the machine may be carried out by qualified and trained service personnel only.
- \*) Built-in safety devices may not be eluded or made inoperative. Use only original COLENTA spare parts when exchanging failed electrical components.
- \*) Do not wear any loose necklaces or bracelets!

### 1.2 CHEMICAL HANDLING

- \*) Observe all safety technical regulations of the chemical manufacturer.
- \*) Wear safety goggles and protective clothing when handling chemicals.
- \*) Ensure proper ventilation of the room in which the chemicals are prepared.
- \*) Spillage or overflow of chemicals has to be removed instantly.
- \*) In case of contact with the eyes flush with plenty of cold water for approximately fifteen minutes and consult an physician.
- \*) Chemical disposal has to be in accordance with the local environmental codes. Contact your local water treatment and sewer district authorities for more information.

# 1.3 IMPORTANT WARNING AND SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS (Please read these instructions carefully.)

**Processor Operation** 

Make sure that no long hair, loose clothing or jewellry can get entrapped in the gear drives or in the media transport area.

The "Service Manual for Colenta INDX 43 I Film Processor" is for the use of qualified service personnel only.

The racks must be cleaned with running water outside the Film Processor.

Do not clean the processor with running water.

### **Electrical and Mechanical Hazards**

Observe all safety warnings to minimize the risk of electrical shock, burns or equipment damage. Photographic Film Processors are complex machines with many electrical and mechanical parts as well

as with a considerable amount of chemicals.

### **Fire Prevention**

The area around the processor must be kept clean at all times. Keep dust ,wood shavings, scrap paper or other inflamable materials out of the dryer compartment.

Fire extinguishers must be available in the room where the processor is installed.

### Chemical Handling and Accident Prevention

Misuse of almost any chemical may create a hazard of some type. Generally photo chemicals are not any more dangerous as most of the regular cleaning agents. However, there is always a residual risk. When handling chemicals observe the procedures below.

1). Never sniff a container or open bottle to determine its contents. A cautious sniff of the cap or lid is safer.

- 2). When handling chemicals wear protective clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves.
- 3). Label storage containers properly. Avoid storing hazardous chemicals on high shelves or in unprotected glass containers. Keep chemicals away from children. Do not store chemicals in a refrigerator used for food because they may contaminate food or be mistaken for edibles
- 4). Ensure proper ventilation in the area where chemicals are used or stored.
- 5). Observe the manufacturer's recommendations for using and mixing chemicals.

Overexposure to photographic chemistry may cause skin irritation to certain individuals.

# PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMICAL EMERGENCIES AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

- **SKIN** Rinse thoroughly with water.
- **EYES** -Rinse thoroughly with water and consult a physician.
- **INGESTION** -Consult a physician immediately.

### **Chemical Disposal**

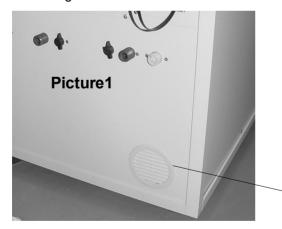
Waste from photographic processing normally contains diluted chemicals. These chemicals should be collected and disposed in accordance with local environmental codes. Dumping chemicals into a drain system could lead to a pollution problem. Contact your local water treatment and sewer district authorities before disposing chemicals.

All plumbing must comply with local and national codes. The DRAIN must be made of chemical resistant and non-corrosive material. Use PVC or equivalent

Exhaust, Temperature and Humidity
It is necessary to ensure proper ventilation
in order to receive good processing results.
Make sure that the exhaust hose of the
built-in exhaust fan is properly connected
to the exhaust air socket (Picture 1).
The built-in exhaust fan exhausts the
fumes from the filmprocessor.
These chemical fumes are corrosive. The top

These chemical fumes are corrosive. The top cover of the filmprocessor should be removed over night.

Room temperatures between 18-26 °C (65-80 °F) with a relative humidity between 35% and 75% are ideal for photographic processing and working.



The filmprocessor is a complex machine with moving parts such as the gear train and media transfer components. It uses photo processing chemicals which are irritating to eyes, lungs and skin. High voltage is used to power the filmprocessor.

The dryer compartment produces heat.

- · High voltage may cause electric shocks, burns or even death.
- · Hands or fingers may be pinched or injured by moving parts or when handling heavy parts.
- · Dryer compartment heat may ignite combustible materials and cause fires.
- · Eyes,skin and lungs may be irritated by photo chemicals.Before using photo processing chemicals always read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for information about the hazards of the particular chemicals and how to use them safely.
- Do not operate the film processor after consuming alcohol or taking strong medication
- · Do not wear jewellery or loose clothing when operating the processor.

### **Electronical and Electrical Hazards**

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE CAN CAUSE ELECTRIC SHOCK, BURNS OR EVEN DEATH ·

Qualified service personnel must verify during installation that the processor is permanently and reliable grounded according to standards in the National Electrical Code.

Air grille

Carry out the following steps prior removal of the top cover:

- 1. Train operators of the filmprocessor.
- 2.Switch off the main power switch ("0"-position) and secure against restart by locking with a padlock (see picture below).

### Main power switch



### **Fire Hazards**

DRYER COMPARTMENT PRODUCES HEAT-PAPER OR OTHER COMBUSTI-BLES CAN BE IGNITED

- · Keep the area within 10 feet of the processor clean. Do not store combustible materials, including paper, close to the filmprocessor.
- · Verify that a functional 10 lb.ABC fire extinguisher is located closed to the processor.

### **Burn Hazard**

DRYER COMPARTMENT PRODUCES HEAT-DRYER PANELS AND GUARDS GETHOT

· Therefore do not touch dryer panels or guards when dryer in operation

### **Corrosive Liquids**

CHEMICALS MAY IRRITATE EYES, LUNGS, SKIN AND DIGESTIVE TRACT

- #Wear safety goggles, protective gloves and chemical aprons as indicated on Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) when handling chemistry.
- # Drain tanks carefully, avoid splashing. Always drain the system thoroughly before working on any of the external hose systems.
- # Read the MSDSs for more information regarding the proper safety procedures for working with photo processing chemicals.
- # Do not allow untrained personnel to handle photo processing chemicals or to operate the filmprocessor.
- #To avoid hazardous situations,keep floors and floor coverings around the processor and associated drains clean and dry at all times. Any accumulation of fluids outside the film processor, should be cleaned up immediately

In the event of an accumulation of liquid due to backup, overflow or other malfunctions of the drain associated with the filmprocessor call a plumber or other contractor to correct the problem with the drain. Colenta assume any responsibility or liability whatsoever for the service ability of any drain connected to the filmprocessor. Such drains are the sole responsibility of the customer.

**DRAINS** must be made of chemically resistant and non-corrosive material.

### **Chemical Hazards**

Chemicals can be the source for errors, contaminate the waste water, irritate skin or eyes.

Spills must be cleaned up immediately as follows:

- 1. Prevent the spilled chemicals from entering a waste water drain.
- 2.Clean up the spill with a moist mop or rag.

### **CAUTION!**

When handling chemicals, especially fixer, wear protetive clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves.

If filmprocessor chemicals make contact with the eyes, rinse them thoroughly with lots of water. If irritation persists, consult a physician.

- 3. Dispose cleaning materials and collected waste water from the clean up according to environmental regulations and locals codes.
- 4. Avoid any inhalation of chemicals as this is dangerous to health.
- 5. Observe all environmental regulations for storage and disposal of waste chemicals.

6.Use this manual together with the instructions for chemicals.
When handling chemicals wear protective clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves,

### **Corrosive Vapours**

CHEMICAL VAPOURS MAY IRRITATE EYES, LUNGS AND SKIN IF ALLOWED TO ACCUMULATE IN WORK AREA

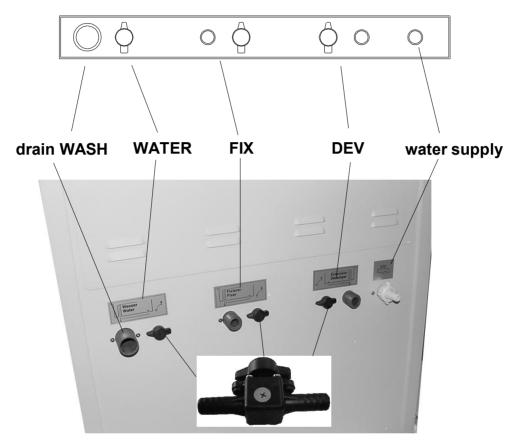
Assure an adequate supply of fresh outdoor air through natural or mechanical ventilation

- · Make sure that qualified service personnel is checking the external exhaust system at regular intervals.
- Read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for more information regarding the proper safety procedures for working with photo processing chemicals.

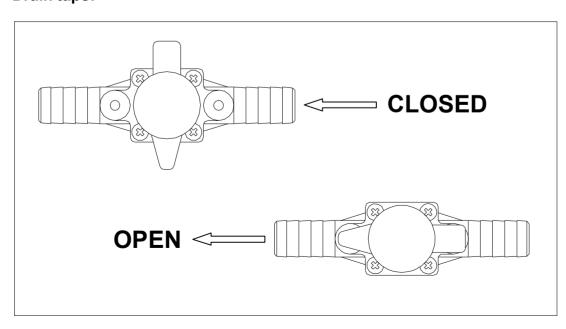
### 2. CHEMISTRY DRAINS / WATER DRAINS

To drain the filmprocessor (Developer, Fixer and the Wash) just open the drain taps according the illustrations below. Take care that all the mentioned drain taps are close during re-fill up.

IMPORTANT: Used Developer and used Fixer has to be collected in suitable containers seperately.



### **Drain taps:**



### 2.1. INSERT OF THE TRANSPORT RACKS

WARNNG: Separate the Film Processor from mains. To do so, switch the main power switch of the Filmprocessor to "0" position. Wear safety goggles, protection gloves and clothing.

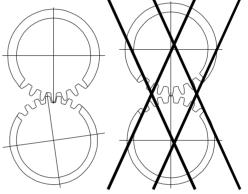
- \*) Rinse the tanks with water and then fill it to the red marker on the tank wall.
- \*) Insert the racks according the reference number or label

RACK 1 in the developer tank RACK 2 in the fixer tank RACK 3 in the water tank

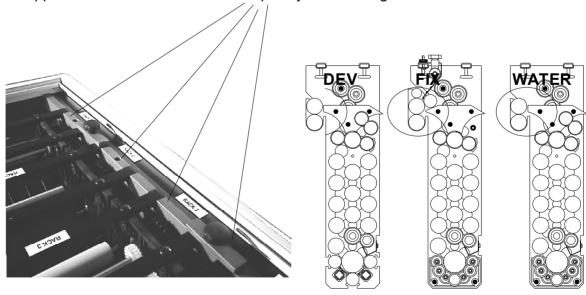




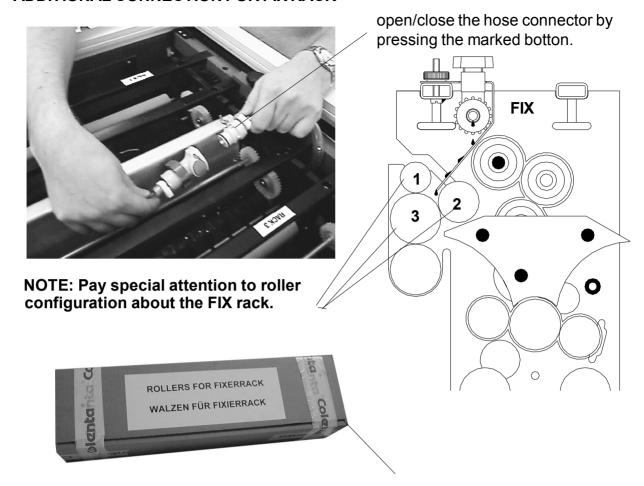
### note: check that the gears of the squeeze rollers are in the correct position.



The supporter of the racks have to be completely set into the grooves of the tank.



# INDX 43 I ADDITIONAL CONNECTION FOR FIX RACK



Separate package for rollers

### 3. THE FIRST STEPS

WARNING: Separate the Film Processor from mains. To do so, switch the main power switch of the Filmprocessor to "0" position. Wear safety goggles, protection gloves and clothing.

### 3.1 USING THE CHEMISTRIES

- \*) Only use chemistry suitable for roller transport systems.
- \*) Follow instructions of chemistry manufacturers.

### **FIXER BATH:**

- \*) Empty fixer tank by opening the fix drain tap.
- \*) Remove the Fixer-rack.
- \*) Check fixer tank is free of alien material.
- \*) Close fix drain tap.
- \*) Fill fixer tank with ready-to-use-fixer solution to the red marker on the tank wall. Insert the Fixer-rack very carefully and slowly, add hardener solution if advised by the chemistry manufacturer.

### **DEVELOPER BATH:**

- \*) Empty developer tank by opening dev drain tap.
- \*) Remove the Developer-rack.
- \*) Check developer tank is free of alien material.
- \*) Close dev drain tap.
- \*) Fill developer tank with ready-to-use-developer solution to the red marker on the tank wall. Insert the developer-rack very carefully and slowly. Replenishment tanks may be used to mix the chemistry. Any remaining can be used for replenishment.

| CAUTION: | Even the smallest quantity of fixer could contaminate the developer        |
|----------|--|
|          | solution. Therefore, always fill with fixer first. When removing the fixer |
|          | rack, always cover the developer tank. For removing the fixer rack         |
|          | use rack carrier tray (optional accessory)                                 |

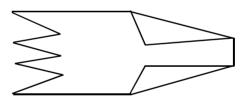
### 4. WORKING WITH THE FILMPROCESSOR

### IN THE MORNING

- \*) Turn on water supply.
- \*) Check replenishment tank levels.
- \*) Check whether that the water drain tap is closed
- \*) Switch on the Filmprocessor with the Filmprocessor main switch (position "1").
- \*) Wait for the "READY" of the processor

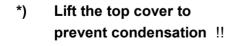
### STARTING WORK

- \*) Check level of the replenishment containers (DEV&FIX)
- \*) Check level of the waste containers (DEV&FIX)
- \*) Select programme
- \*) Feed through one or two of cleaning films (optional item).
- \*) During feeding films, always check the free-signal, given form the display.
- \*) Ensure first rollers pull material.
- \*) Feed large format films in straight.
- \*) Put a leader on roll films
- \*) Fold the leading edge on roll paper.



### IN THE EVENING

- \*) Turn off water supply.
- \*) Switch off the main power switch of the Filmprocessor. (Main switch in position "0")
- \*) Open water drain tap to prevent algae growths in water tank.





### 4.1 PROCESSOR FUNCTIONS

PROGRAMMING:

Automatic processing parameters, e.g., temperature, speed and replenishment rates, can be stored in 9 different programmes.

**WARMING-UP:** 

Once programmed, temperature settings are accurately controlled. Heating commences with switching on at the mains. Constant solution temperatures are maintained in the processing tanks. Temperatures tolerances +/- 0,2 °C are achieved by the microprocessor control unit while the solutions are circulated by circulation pumps. When temperature has reached PRE-SET levels, the filmprocessor enters STANDBY mode and is ready for use.

STANDBY:

In case no material is processed - after a programmable periode of time, since the last media has exited the filmprocessor transport, dryer and water supply is switched off automatically. The filmprocessor goes in standby mode and is ready for work.

ANTICRYSTALLI-ZATION CYCLE During STANDBY mode - within a programmable cycle periode - transport and intermediate rinse bath water supply is activated - this prevent cristallization build up on crossover rollers.

ANTI-OXIDATION CYCLE

During STANDBY mode - and no material is processed during set time - an preprogrammable ANTI OXIDATION cycle (replenishment cycle) is available.

The additional replenishment compensates the impact of airoxidation of the chemistry during standby mode und tops up the chemistry levels in the tanks, compensating evaporation of the water in the solutions during standby.

AUTO REPLENISHMENT:

The filmprocessor comes equipped with a film area measuring facility. Infrared sensors scan the film area touchless and when the preprogrammed amount of film (area) entered the filmprocessor, a replenish-cycle is activated.

AUTOMATIC START-STOP:

Infrared sensors also automatically control the startcycle of the filmprosessor. The filmprocessor changes from STANDBY to RUN once a film has interrupted the light barrier. As the rollers turn, water is supplied to the wash tank and to the intermediate rinse bath system. Once the last film has passed through, the filmprocessor reverts to STANDBY. The film can be taken out of the receiving basket or top cover lid.

### 5. THE DISPLAY

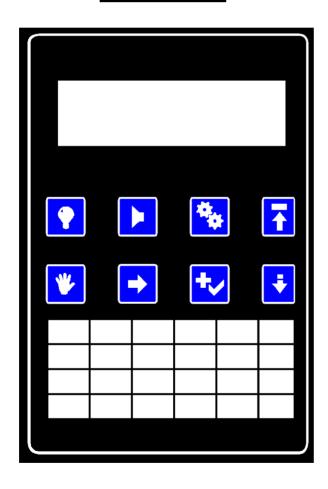
Number of programs 9

Temperature range, developer and fixer  $18.0 \div 43.0^{\circ}$ C Temperature range, dryer  $18.0 \div 50.0^{\circ}$ C

Temperature control tolerances  $\pm 0.2^{\circ}$ C
Temperature measurement resolution  $0.03^{\circ}$ C
Developing time tolerances at max. speed  $\pm 2\%$ 

· Motor speed is quartz-stabilized and controlled by a separate microprocessor

## The display



- ₱ back light ON/OFF
- check errors /alarm shutdown
- \* setup mode
- **₹** back to top menu
- manual operation
- **→** move cursor
- **★** select menu item/change value
- scroll page down

### **5.1 Programming Procedures**

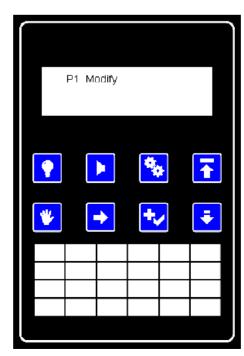
Switch on the Filmprocessor with the Filmprocessor main switch (position "1"). By default it starts in work mode. Make sure that no media is being processed, since re-programming is enabled only during standby.

Press  $_{\pmb{\ast}_{\pmb{a}}}.$  The programming menu will appear:

NOTE for RS232: only in use when a COLENTA Auto loader is in use.



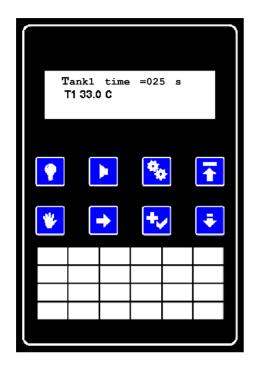
With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under Program and select it with  $\leftarrow$ . You will see

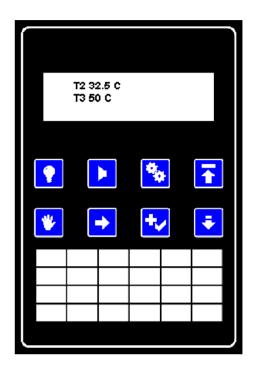


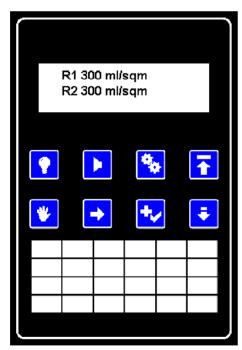
Press  $_{ullet}$  to change the number of the program you wish to modify.

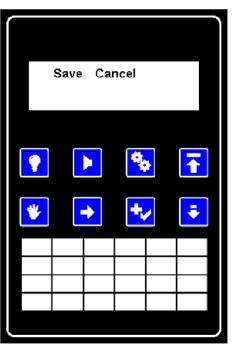
With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under Modify and select it with  $\rightarrow$ .

The programme consists of four pages:









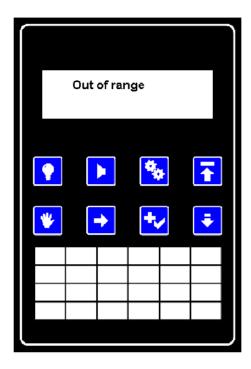
Use  $\blacksquare$  to scroll through the pages.

To set the parameters, move the cursor with , then change the value with .

Once all digits have been set to the desired value, position the cursor under

Save and press  $_{ullet}$  to store the values, or select Cancel to discard the changes.

If any of the values is set too high or too low, when trying to save the programme you will get.



After 2 seconds the message will disappear and you will be taken back to re-programme the values. A parameter that was too high will be automatically reset to the maximum possible value. A parameter that was too low will be reset to the minimum possible value.

This can be used if you want to program extreme values - for instance you want to use the shortest developing time possible, but you don't remember the value. In this case just programme 000. After the "Out of range" message, the developing time will be reset to the minimum. Just select Save once again.

To go back to work mode, press 🛖 .

.Note: The Setup menu is just for service and factory setting purposes only.

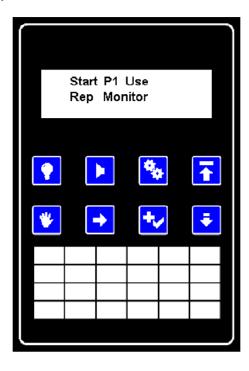
The Setup-menu set filmprocessor-specific values. This values should not be changed by the costumer.

Although you can select these menus, scroll through the data and even change it, saving the changed data is disabled. Only authorized service technician can re-programme these values.

### 5.2 Changing the programme

To use another programme:

Press .
You will see:



If media is being processed, only the Rep and Monitor items are selectable. Therefore, to switch to another programme you must wait until the processor is empty.

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under P1.

Press <sub>+</sub> to change the programme number.

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor to Use and select it with  $\rightarrow$ .

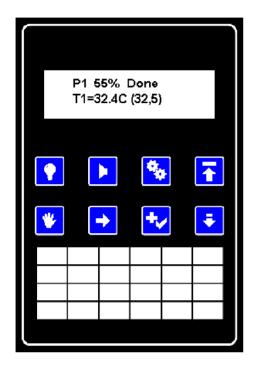
Note: a cyclic redundancy check is used to verify the data being read from the non-volatile memory. If some damage occurred to the program data, or the programme was never set up properly, you will get an error message Program invalid. The solution is to go to programming mode and re-program the data. This error will occur also if the EEPROM chip has been replaced in which case it contains random data.

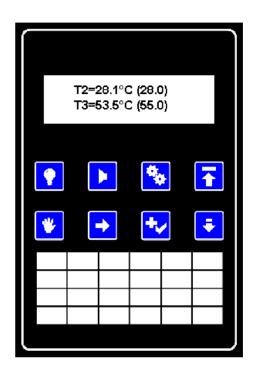
### 5.3 Automatic mode

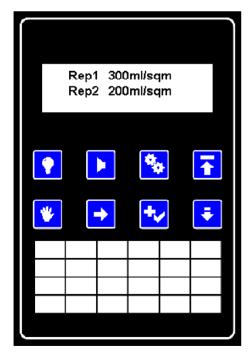
The filmprocessor is designed to work without operator assistance. Under normal circumstances the operator will use the front panel only to check the process parameters and progress.

To scroll through the pages, press \_.

Press **★** to jump back to main page.









**P1** tells you that you are using programme 1. If the filmprocessor was started manually, the indication will be **M1**.

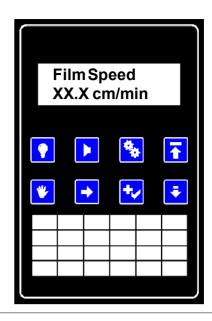
**55%** Done is the progress indicator. It means **55%** of the developing process is complete. When it reaches **100%**, the machine will go to standby.

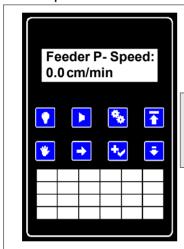
T1=32.4°C gives you the actually measured temperature in the tank. The value in the brackets is the programmed temperature. The same indication is available for

tank 2 (T2) and for the dryer (T3).

**Rep1** and **Rep2** are the replenishment rates for the current program.

Tank1 time is the time the media stays in tank 1. Dry to dry is the length of the complete processing cycle (leading edge to heading edge). Film Speed linear speed of the media inside the filmprocessor.





# **Feeder Speed:** speed of the feeder

only when a Colenta AUTO Feeder is in use



### Film location:

used to monitor the films from the feeder to the filmprocessor. left side: loader right side: filmprocessor

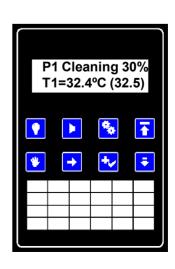
-.... no film

### 5.4 Standby Options

The filmprocessor is equipped with an anti-oxidation and a anti-crystallization cycle. That means, when in standby, the processor will start the transport of the rollers and the wash on regular intervals in order to prevent crystallization on the rollers (Anti-crystallization). The anti-oxidation cycle activat, in free programmable time intervals, replenishment cycles. This will prevent oxidation of the the chemistry.

During such a cleaning cycle, the display will look like this.

During such a cycle the filmprocessor will accept media. It's not necessary to wait to the end of the cycle.



Press , use → to move the courser to "Options" and press , use again to confirm "Standby", by using → you can scroll through the pages:

SB dryer drop

The dryer temp. is 5°C lower than the programed value.

05

SB replenishment 200 ml each 6 h

The filmprocessor will activat a 200ml replenishment cycle

each 6 hours. (Anti-oxidation-cycle)

SB self-cleaning

The filmprocessor will activat 2 roller turns

(1 roller turn ≈ 10 cm)

20cm each 03min

each 3 min.(Anti-crystallization-cycle)

Save Cancel

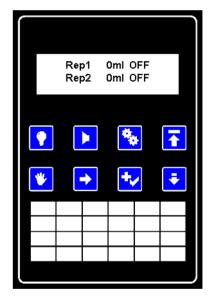
### 5.5 Manual replenishment cycle

You may need to run the replenishment manually, for instance during cleaning. To do this:

Press 🖐

With →, move the cursor under Rep and select it with →

You will see:



### To replenish tank 1

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under Rep1 and press  $_{+}$ .

This will add **100ml**. The **OFF** indication will change to **ON**, meaning that the replenishment pump is working. If you need more replenishment,

press again to add more replenishment in steps of 100ml. There is no need to wait for the replenishment pump to finish.

For tank 2, move the cursor under Rep2 and repeat the procedure.

Note: Up to 2000 ml of manual replenishment or a maximum of 25min pump working time is allowed (whichever is greater).

Press **★** to jump back to main page.

### 5.6 Errors codes

### INDX 43 I

If an error occurs, the indication P1 (or M1) will alternate with Er. If this happens

Press the button. This will stop the beeper and bring you to the error menu, so you can

check what kind of error is indicated. If more than one error occurred, press **\_** to scan

Tank1 too cold

the rest of them.

Press **★** to jump back to main page.

When the filmprocessor switched on at the beginning of the working hours ,it is expected to have low temperatures in the tanks. For this reason, the **Er** indication will be present, but without alarm. If, however, the temperature drops during

| normal work, the alarm will be activated. |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|
| Error Messages:                           |   |  |  |  |
| Display                                   | Reason  |  |  |  |
| Tank1 too cold                            | A:Normal condition during heat-up period. The developer will be   |  |  |  |
|   | heated until the preprogrammed-temperature is reached.  |  |  |  |
|   | B:If an error message is displayed.   |  |  |  |
|   | Call for qualified Service personnel  |  |  |  |
| Tank1 too warm                            | Developer temperature has gone up more than 1°C above SET-  |  |  |  |
|   | temperature.Call for qualified Service personnel  |  |  |  |
| Tank2 too cold                            | A:Normal condition during heat-up period. The fixer will be   |  |  |  |
|   | heated until the preprogrammed-temperature is reached.  |  |  |  |
|   | B:If an error message is displayed:   |  |  |  |
|   | Call for qualified Service personnel  |  |  |  |
| Tank2 too warm                            | Fixer temperature has gone up more than 5°C above SET-  |  |  |  |
|   | temperature.Call for qualified Service personnel  |  |  |  |
| Dryer too warm                            | Actual temperature in the dryer is more than 5°C above SET-   |  |  |  |
|   | temperature.Call for qualified Service personnel  |  |  |  |
| Motor overload                            | Hardly running drive/transportsystem. The drive motor did not reach                                     |  |  |  |
|   | it's SET-speed Call for qualified Service personnel   |  |  |  |
| Tank1 low level                           | Level Tank1 too low   |  |  |  |
| Tank2 low level                           | Level Tank2 too low   |  |  |  |
| Water overflow                            | Drain of watertank is blocked Call for qualified Service personnel                                      |  |  |  |
| Cover openend                             | Top cover of the filmprocessor is open.   |  |  |  |
| T1: no probe                              | Temperature probe in Tank1 is defect or lacks Call for qualified  |  |  |  |
|   | Service personnel   |  |  |  |
| T2: no probe                              | Temperature probe in Tank2 is defect or lacks Call for qualified  |  |  |  |
| <b>TO</b>                                 | Service personnel   |  |  |  |
| T3: no probe                              | Temperature probe in Dryer is defect or lacks Call for qualified  |  |  |  |
| Water level                               | Service personnel   |  |  |  |
| Water low level<br>Can't fill water       | Level Watertank is too low.   |  |  |  |
| Call tilli water                          | After 30 minutes, the watertank should be filled up with water, if                                      |  |  |  |
|   | the sensor is not reached during this time, the meassage appears.  Call for qualified Service personnel |  |  |  |
| Wrong location                            | Only possible, if a FEEDER is installed - refer to the "Instruction                                     |  |  |  |
| Triong location                           | Manual for Colenta INDX Auto Film Feeder".  |  |  |  |
| Change filter                             | The filter medium has to replaced. Call for qualified Service   |  |  |  |
| •   | nersonnel   |  |  |  |
| Colenta                                   | AN 02/2005 page 21  |  |  |  |

### 5.7 Manual start/stop

The manual start/stop is possible only when no media is being processed. During the processing the corresponding menu items are not selectable - you can't move the cursor there.

To run the motor manually:

Press w

With , move the cursor under **Start** and select it with .

This will run the motor. The menu item Start changes to **Stop**.

You can stop the motor by selecting Stop.

When you start the motor manually, this will be indicated on the main page as **M1 instead of P1.** 

### 5.8 Display illumination ON/OFF

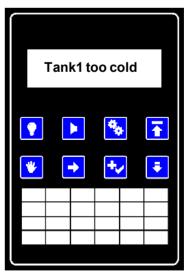
In a dark room, it might be necessary to switch off the display backlight to prevent exposure. The button toggles the backlight on/off.

When the backlight is off, all the buttons except  $_{ullet}$  are disabled.

This is done to prevent pressing buttons by accident in a dark room. Switching the display off is a good idea if the filmprocessor is left unattended. This will reduce the chances for unauthorized people to operate the filmprocessor.

### 5.9 Automatic start

The processor will start automatically when media is fed, except in case the developer is too cold - more than 1°C below the programmed. In this case, feeding the media will not start the processor. Instead you'll get the message,



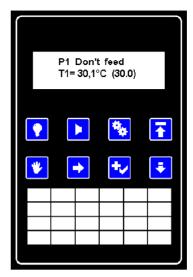
which will disappear after 2 seconds.

If you need to feed a film regardless of the low developer temperature, run the film processor in manual mode.

### 5.10 Distance between films

To prevent film jams, some minimum distance between the films is needed.

After the end of the film, the display will show:



As long as "Don't feed" is present, it's not allowed to feed films. After a while "Don't feed" will disappear and a beep will indicate that the input is free again.

### 5.11 Monitor Mode:

The "Monitor Program" is used to check some differents parameters of the filmprocessor.

Press the bottum , you will see: Start P1 Use, move the courser by using under Mo-

nitor and confirm with +

the first page looks like this:



This represents the filmprocessor,: the first four DDDD are the developer tank, FFFF - fixer tank, WWWW - water and the last DDDD is the dryer.

The dashes on the second row indicate where in the filmprocessor there are pieces of material.

The water is turned on only if there is a film in the specified portion of the filmprocessor, that saves water and protect the environment.

Each film is tracked inside the machine. The software can track up to 70 films. Note that two films running in parallel are considered as one. For the filmprocessor, different films are pieces of material separated by completely free sensorbar.

Motor Off / On Speed 19 001 Motor is **On** or **Off** 

19 speed

001 re-impulses from the motor

Normal s-bar Area=0.0000 sqm. A normal 6-sensor sensorbar is recognized Value of the given filmaera until to the next replenishment cycle

S-bar: -----

This feature is used to check each sensor of the sensor-bar. In the COLENTAINDUX 43 there are 6 sensors integrated. To check the sensors, follow the instructionen underneath:

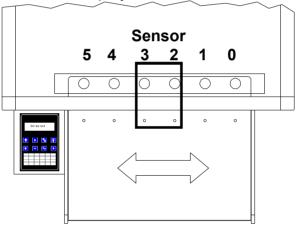
- -put a small film under the sensorbar (don't feed into the filmprocessor)
- -move the film as shown underneth
- -at the same time take a look to the display

S-bar: ------

That means sensor 1 and 0 are occupied

S-bar: -----

That means sensor 3 and 2 are occupied



H1=0 H2=0 H3=1 Fan=1 Wash=0

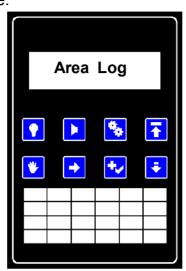
Refill1 0000 Refill2 0000 H1=1 or 0 heater tank1 **On** or **OFF** H2=2 or 0 heater tank2 **On** or **OFF** H3=3 or 0 heater dry **On** or **OFF** 

see "Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill" on page 27

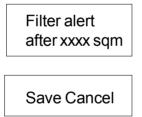
### 5.12 Filter control:

Version 2.7 is equipped with a sub-program to control the filter unit of the developer:

Press the bottum , use to move the courser under "Options", press, you will see "Standby Refill Filter" use again to move the courser under "Filter", press, you will see:



**The Area menu** sets the amount of square meters before filter alert. The value is 0000-9999. A value of 0000 turns off the filter alert.



**The Log menu** shows the total area processed so far. This value is stored in the NVRAM. The value is updated each time a replenishment is initiated. It depends on the "Replenish after" variable from the setup.

0000.00 Exit Clear

For example if Replenish after = 0.125sqm, the total processed area will be increased by 0.125 sq.m. at each replenishment.

At each replenishment the total processed area is checked for exceeding the alert value. When the value has been exceeded, an error message appears "Change filter".

WARNING: Call for qualified service personnel. The filter may be exchanged by qualified service personnel only.

After changing the filter, the user must go to programming mode menu Options/Filter/Log and clear the processed area, so the area will be counted from 0 for the new filter.

### 5.13 Additional features - refill water / chemistry

Program MF800 Ver. 2.7 includes the following features:

- 1 Automatic wash tank fill / automatic wash tank draining
- 2 Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill (see next page)

### 1 - Automatic wash tank fill / automatic wash tank draining

This feature ensures that the water level in the wash tank is at the normal level on "start-up" and then to drain automatically on shut down. This is accomplished by the use of an additional level sensor in the wash tank to inform the filmprocessor controller on the level of water in the tank and the use of an electrically controlled drain valve that will remain "closed" when the filmprocessor is in use and "open" when the filmprocessor is shut down. On morning "start-up" the drain valve will be closed and the water "fill" solenoid will open to allow water to pass into the wash tank until reaching normal operating level. If the wash tank does not reach normal level within 20 minutes ( level switch not activated) the electronics will assume that there is a water supply problem and the error message " can't fill water" will be displayed. (see page 21 for further information).

### The following instructions will activate or de-activate this feature:

Press the bottum, use to move the courser under "Options", press, you will see "Standby Refill" use again to move the courser under "Refill", press, you will see:

Wash auto refill 1 (1-yes,0-no)

use  $_{+}$  to set 1 or 0. After that procedure, use (3x)  $_{+}$  to leave the menu, the controller will ask you : Save Cancel choose save by using  $_{+}$ .

### 2) Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill.

This feature automatically corrects for low level conditions in the Developer and Fixer chemical tanks by way of additional level switch monitoring circuits.

If either tank "low level" tank sensor is activated a replenishment cycle will inject solution (\*\*XXml\*\*) into the chemical tanks until the correct tank level is reached.

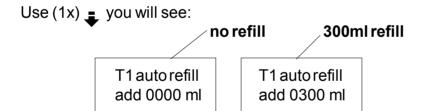
\*\* XXml\*\* this amount is programmable and relates to the size of filmprocessor. (see the table : factory settings)

In the case of a leak from the tank or the associated circulation system and to avoid the replenishment pumps operating continuously thereby draining and wasting replenishment chemistry there is an inbuilt fail safe system that will disable the replenishment pump if the level in the tank is not reached after 2000ml of replenishment. The pump will stop and the message " Tank - Low Level"

Use the following procedure to activate or de-activate the feature:

Press the bottum , use to move the courser under "Options", press , you will see "Standby Refill" use again to move the courser under "Refill" you will see:





In this case, the automatic chemistry tank fill is deactivated, to activat, you have to set a value instead of 0000. To do this, use the following procedure:

Move the courser under the "zeros" by using , to set a value, use . . .

To leave, use (1x) \_ you will see:

T2 auto refill add 0000 ml

Use the same procedure for Tank2 as described before for Tank1.

After you set that all, use (1x) \_ to leave the menu, the

controller will ask you : Save Cancel choose save by using 👡

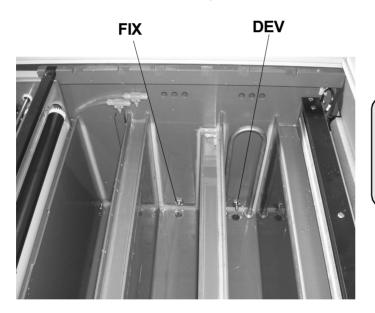
### 6. TEMPERING SYSTEM

The filmprocessor employs a indirect tempering system to maintain processing solution temperatures accurately and efficiently. This tempering system is integrated into the recirculation. This system offers more efficiency and energy-saving.

The control panel in turn activates the circulation pumps and the tempering unit. The circulation pumps mix the chemistry to ensure even temperature throughout the entire tank. The drive motor also comes on during this period, to prevent build-up of chemical by-products on the processing rack parts during period of low usage. As protection against overheating most of the filmprocessors are equipped with a "cold water" cooling system.

### 7.TEMPERATURE SENSING

The temperature probe in the tank senses the temperature change and activates the relevant heater control circuits within the main processor control system so as to maintain accurate solution temperatures.



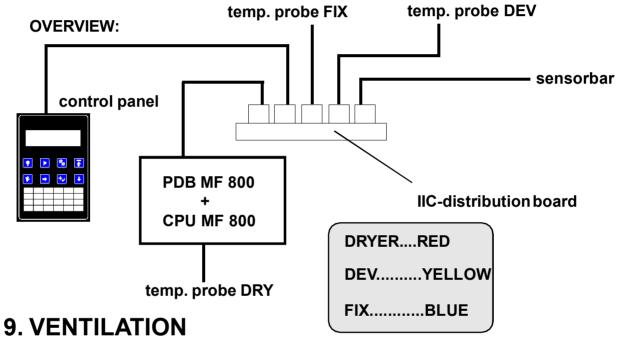
DRYER....RED
DEV.....YELLOW
FIX....BLUE

### 8. I2C-BUS SYSTEM

Probes positioned under solution levels precisely monitor all solution tank temperatures. These temperature probes are continuously supplying information to the microprocessor on actual solution temperatures within the tanks. The microprocessor then compares these actual temperatures to the required programmed "set" temperatures and controls the relevant heaters/cooling systems accordingly.

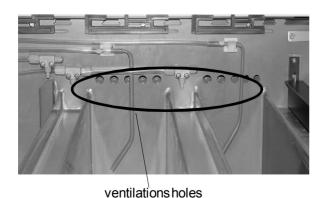
| Bus-System          | Measurement   | Action   |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Tempprobe Sensorbar | Developer Temp.<br>Fix Temp.<br>Dry<br>Incomming plate-area | Heating/Cooling<br>Heating/Cooling<br>Heating<br>Replenishment |

NOTE: To transfer this information, a BUS-SYTEM is installed.



To prevent cristalization and humidity inside the filmprocessor a ventilation divice is fitted to processor. It is recommended to connect the below mentioned tube to an external exhaust device to prevent any possible problems.

WARNING: To install such a external exhaust device, is allowed for qualified Service personnel only.





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### 10. CHEMICAL REPLENISHMENT SYSTEM

Whenever photographic material is processed, chemical components of the processing solutionsd are used and by-products are left behind in the processing solutions. Replenisher solutions are formulated to restore the chemistry to its original activity and to dilute the by-products to a correct level. It is therefore necessary to add the proper amount of replenisher for the amount of material that has been processed. Performed automatically by the filmprocessor by way of infrared sensors installed across the complete feed width of the filmprocessor.

Scannerbar

Scannerbar

External Developer replenisher Tank

External Fixer replenisher Tank

These sensors emit pulses of infrared light which has no effect on photographic emulsions.

When media is beneath the sensorbar, the pulses are reflected and detected by the sensor. The pulses are transmitted to the control panel where they are "counted" by the microprocessor. When the number of pulses reaches the amount that has been programmed on the microprocessor, the replenishment timer function starts.

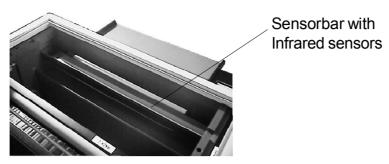
The replenishment timer runs the replenishment pump(s) for the number of seconds that have been set on the microprocessor. When the replenishment pumps are activated, the replenisher solutions are pumped through filters located at the bottom of the external replenisher tanks to the chemistry tank. The replenisher tanks are outside of the film processor.

The filters should be checked monthly and be cleaned or replaced if necessary.

WARNING: Separate the Film Processor from mains. To do so, switch the main power switch of the processor to "0" position. Wear safety goggles, protection gloves and clothing.

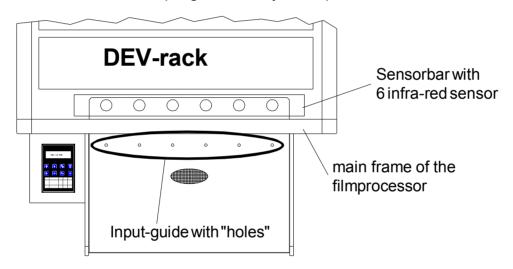
### 10.1 INFRARED REPLENISHMENT SENSORBAR

The automatic replenishment system is using an infrared-sensor-bar to detect the incoming film area. With that information the CPU of the filmprocessor will calculate the replenishment rate which will be need.

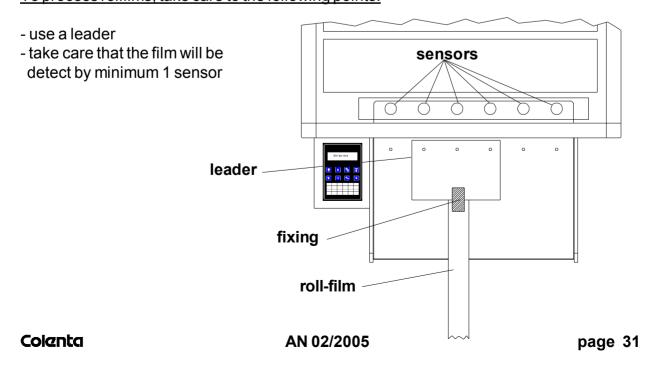


IMPORTANT: Special care must be taken to ensure that the processor entrance rollers are always clean and dry – any spillage of chemical or water onto the feed tray / feed rollers or sensor bar must be avoided. Any spillage must be cleaned immediately.

The "holes" in the film input guide show you the position of the sensors.



To process rollfims, take care to the following points:



#### 11. MAINTENANCE

The filmprocessor is designed to produce consistent high quality production with the minimum of maintenance.

Regular maintenance minimizes the chances for equipment failure and loss of processing quality. A a well trained person has to be responsible for performing the maintenance of the filmprocessor and must be familiar with the operation and function of the processor as well.

#### 1. Daily maintenance

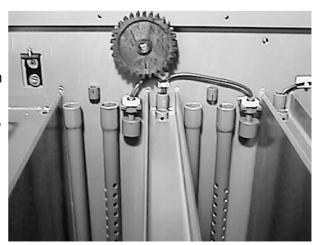
- \*) Check levels of the external replenishmener tanks If necessary mix fresh solution.
- \*) Cleaning feed tray.
- \*) Cleaning spray-bar-guide for the fixer
- \*) Before starting production we advise to feed some cleaning films to remove any overnight residue.
- \*) Use the supplied "spray-bottle" to remove any deposits from the drive gears as shown below:





#### 2. Weekly maintenance

- \*) Wipeexternal surfaces of film processor / enclosures / panels with a wet cloth to remove any chemical / dirt deposits.
- \*) Inspect and clean the wash tank and intermediate water rins drains. If algaes present then the should be removed, in such a case we suggest to use a proven algae control system
- \*) Check the shown drain pipes and overflow tubes remove any deposits to prevent blockad of the drain.



#### INDX 43 I

## 12. RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE EVERY 3-6 MONTHS.

#### (Period is subject to filmprocessor useage.)

Good processing quality and the reliable operation of a filmprocessor is dependent upon regular and careful cleaning. Every 3-6 months, the chemicals in the tanks should be drained. A chemical cleaning of the processing tanks and wash tank is recommended. Always follow safety warnings as described in section 1 when cleaning the filmprocessor.

Prior to carrying out any maintenance, switch off the power at the main power switch (position "0") ensuring it cannot be accidently switched back on.

- Switch off the main power switch of the film processor first (position "0").
- Remove the top cover of the filmprocessor.
- \*) \*) Drain individual tanks by open the draintaps in front of the filmprocessor.
- \*) Remove rack assemblies (water / DEV / FIX, see item 2.1) and put them aside.
- \*) Close taps and fill all tanks with water or better with suitable cleaning solution until the red mark inside the tanks are reached.
- \*) Put the racks back into the tanks of the filmprocessor and close the top cover.
- \*) Switch on the filmprocessor and start some replenishment cycles. The hoses will be cleaned with water as well. Also start the transport of the filmprocessor, the racks has to be in. Let the filmprocessor run for 10 to 15 minutes.
- \*) Switch off ("0" position)the main power switch of the filmprocessor and drain the filmprocessor tanks again.
- \*) NOTE: Use cleaning solution according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- After tank cleaning, the developer- and wash-tank should be filled twice with fresh water \*) (eventually use neutralizer recommended by manufacturer). Let the filmprocessor run for approximately 10 minutes again. Check all external (outside of the filmprocessor) hose connectors (outside of filmprocessor) and fittings for leaks.
- \*) Drain all tanks.
- \*) Remove the water / DEV / FIX Racks and check for:
  - -worn gears
  - -damaged or worn bearings
  - -loose screws
  - -scratched or bent film guides
  - -plastic flat springs in developer bottom underturn.
- All repairs must be carried out by qualified service personnel.
- \*) Check the inside of the tank for contamination and alien substances.
- Clean the rollers well.
- Close the drain taps of all 3 tanks.
- \*) Fill developer and fixer tanks with fresh chemicals to the required level (1st fixer, 2nd developer)
- \*) Fill wash tank.
- \*) Re-install the racks carefully. Take care of correct sequence of the racks is followed and make sure the gears are in the right position. Secure the racks.
- \*) Insert the respective suction pipe to the correct external replenisher tank. Re-install the top cover and switch on the filmprocessor.
- Process test films. \*)

# 13. TROUBLE SHOOTING

| Problem  | Possible cause   | Correction  |  |
|--|--|---|--|
| 1. Error message<br>Tank1 too cold:  | a) Developer bath temperature too low                          | a) Check Heat up time-<br>Check Dev -Temp in 2-3min 1°C<br>temperature increase |  |
| Developer temperature more than 1 C below set temperature  | b.)Heater problem  | b) Call qualified service<br>personnel  |  |
|  | c.) No circulation in the bath                                 | c.)Call qualified service personnel   |  |
| 2. ERROR message :<br>Tank1 too warm   | a) Cooling valve doesn't work                                  | a) Call qualified service personnel   |  |
| Developer temperature more than 1 C above Settemperature   | b) Water tap closed  | b) Open water tap   |  |
| 3. ERROR message :<br>Tank2 too cold<br>Fixertemperature more<br>than 1 C below Set-<br>temperatur | see point 1  | Call qualified service personnel  |  |
| 4. ERROR message :<br>Tank2 too warm<br>Fixertemperature more<br>than 1 C above Set-<br>temperatur | see point 2  | Call qualified service personnel  |  |
| 5. ERROR message : Dryer to warm Dryer temperature more  | a) Set temperature too low<br>(lower than room<br>temperature) | a) Change set temperature   |  |
| than 5 C above Set-<br>temperature   | b) no power  | b) Call qualified service personnel   |  |
|  | c) Solid State   | c.) Call qualified service personnel  |  |
| 6. ERROR message:<br>Motor overload<br>the drive motor did not                                     | a.) Main Drive assembly blocked                                | a.) Call qualified service personnel  |  |
| reach it s Set-speed   | b.) Main drive chain to much tension                           | b.) Call qualified service personnel  |  |
|  | c.) Film jam in the racks                                      | c.) Check the racks for any jamed films   |  |

| Problem   | Possible cause   | Correction   |
|---|--|--|
| 7. Main drive and dryer run continuously                | a.)Main drive was started in<br>"manual mode"  | a.) Check in the manual programm if "STOP" is shown stop the transport with button. Attention: if also an automatic cycle is started by the sensor bar this cycle will end first.  |
|   | b.)Material always under<br>sensorbar.Material not<br>transported/pulled into the<br>processor                               | b.) Check the Input rubber roller.Check the film casette.  |
|   | c.)Sensor/s at the sensorbar wet or dirty  | c.) Clean the sensor/s   |
|   | d.)Main board defective  | d.) Call qualified service personnel   |
| 8. Material wet when exiting processor                  | a) Dryer temperature too low b) Transport speed to high c) Unusable or wrong Developer or Fixer d) Dryer blows only cold air | a) increase the dryer<br>temperature (max. 60°C)<br>b) Lower the transport speed<br>c) Increase the Repl.rate or<br>change the chemicals<br>d) Call qualified service<br>personnel |
| 9. Temperature problems Temperature is shown incorrect. | The temperature probes has to be positioned according their code.  | Call qualified service personnel   |

| Problem   | Possible cause   | Correction  |
|---|--|---|
| 10. No fresh water supply                           | a) Water tap is closed   | a) Open water tap   |
|   | b) Watervalve is blocked or faulty   | b) Call qualified service personnel   |
|   | c) main board defective  | c) Call qualified service personnel   |
|   | d) no power on the valve   | d) Call qualified service personnel   |
| 11. Circulation pump don t work                     | a) Pump wheel is blocked by dirt   | a)Call qualified service personnel  |
|   | b.) no power   | b.) Call qualified service personnel  |
| 12.Level in water tank to high, watertank overflows | a.)Water drain/overflow<br>blocked   | a.) Call qualified service personnel  |
|   | b.) Worse water drain installation   | b.) Call qualified service personnel  |
| 13. Level in Developer- or Fixertank to low.        | a.)Tank leaks  | a.)Call qualified service personnel   |
|   | b.)Too low replenishment rate or too long anti ox. cycle                         | b.)Increase the replenishment rate or decrease the Anti ox                              |
|   | c.)Replenishment container<br>empty<br>d.)no power on the<br>replenishment pumps | cycle time c.) Fill up the replenishment containers d.)Call qualified service personnel |

| Problem |                             | Pos      | Possible cause  |          | Correction  |  |
|---------|-----------------------------|----------|---|----------|---|--|
|         |                             |          |   |          |   |  |
| 14.     | CHEMICAL<br>TEMPERATURE     | A)       | Incorrect temperature   | A)       | Program the temperature correctly.  |  |
|         | CANNOT BE<br>REACHED        | B)       | Temperature sensor is faulty.   | B)       | Call qualified service personnel  |  |
|         |                             | C)       | The processor was started without liquid in tanks. The safety fuses at the heating element have interrupted | C)       | Call qualified service personnel  |  |
|         |                             | D)       | the current supply.<br>PDB is faulty.   | D)       | Call qualified service personnel  |  |
| 15.     | SCRATCHES OR                | A)       | Unsuitable handling of the  | A)       | Handle material   |  |
|         | PRESSURE<br>MARKS           | B)       | processing materials.<br>Cross over rollers are dirty.  | B)       | carefully.<br>Clean all rollers above   |  |
|         |                             | C)       | Bent guide bars   | C)       | fluid level.  Call qualified service personnel                                  |  |
| 16.     | MATERIAL                    | A)       | Material fed incorrectly.   | A)       | The material must be  |  |
|         | REMAINS IN THE PROCESSOR    | В)       | Material has excessive curl.  | В)       | fed in straight.<br>Fold leading edges and                                      |  |
|         |                             | C)<br>D) | Material is too thin.<br>Rollers aren 't rotating.  | C)<br>D) | feed in the processor. Use a leader to process Call qualified service personnel |  |
|         |                             |          |   |          |   |  |
| 17.     | PROCESSOR                   | A)       | Main cable isn't plugged.   | A)       | Call qualified service  |  |
|         | COULD NOT BE<br>SWITCHED ON | B)       | Main fuse is faulty.  | B)       | personnel Call qualified service personnel                                      |  |

| pro | blem                         | pos         | sible cause  | cor                             | rection  |
|-----|------------------------------|-------------|--|---------------------------------|--|
| 18. | PAPER OR FILM<br>TOO LIGHT   | A)          | Bath temp is too low   | A)                              | Adapt the bath temperature to the recommended process or change  |
|     |                              | B)          | Transport speed is too   | B)                              | chemistry. Decrease transport speed.   |
|     |                              | C)          | high. Exposure time is too short.  | C)                              | Increase exposure time.  |
|     |                              | D)          | Bath level ist too deep (no heating and circulation)   | D)                              | Fill bath to the right level.<br>Check Replenish-tanks.  |
|     |                              | E)          | Developer exhausted  | E)                              | Replenish or change chemistry.   |
|     |                              | F)          | Fixer getting into developer (Dev becomes cloudy)  | F)                              | Carefully clean the tank without running water and   |
|     |                              | G)          | Exposure settings are incorrect or machine is faulty.  | G)                              | replace chemistry.  Call qualified service personnel   |
| 19. | PAPER OR FILM<br>TOO DARK    | A) B) C) D) | Developer termperature is too high. Processing time is too slow. Exposure time is too long. After new chemistry: starter is missing. | C)                              | Decrease developer temperature. Increase processing time. Reduce exposure time. Add starter according to instructions. |
| 20. | PAPER OR FILM<br>IS FOGGED   | A)          | Light leak in darkroom or cassette   | A)                              | Call qualified service personnel   |
|     |                              | B)          | Incorrect darkroom light   | B)                              | Call qualified service personnel   |
|     |                              | C)          | Material is outdated.  | C)                              | Check date of maturity.  |
| 21. | PAPER OR FILM<br>HAS YELLOW- | A)          | Unsuitable hand processing material is used.   | A)                              | Only use material suitable for roller processing.  |
|     | GREEN SURFACE                | B)          | Fixer is exhausted.  | B)                              | Replenish or change chemistry.   |
|     |                              | C) D)       | Level of fixer bath has<br>dropped (Temperature<br>safety fuse has been<br>activated).<br>Circulation pumps have                     | <ul><li>C)</li><li>D)</li></ul> | Check level of the replenishment containers. Fill up the bath to the required level.  Call qualified service           |
|     |                              | D)          | Circulation pumps have failed.   | D)                              | Call qualified service personnel   |

# **NOTES**

# **NOTES**

# **NOTES**

# SERVICE MANUAL for Colonta INDX 43 I Filmprocessor

Warnung: Diese Anleitung ist nur f r qualifizierte Service Techniker bestimmt. Warning: For the use of qualified service personnel only. Avertissement: R serv au personnel de service qualifi.





Colenta

MP800 V2.8 r07 und up

02/2005 AN

# Colonta INDX 43 I

#### **Technical Specifications**

Processing applications: Rolls/Cut sheets of all commonly used ind.-x-ray films

Film thickness: min. 0,10 mm

Material width: min. 7,5 cm max. 43 cm

Material length: min. 10 cm

Time in Developer: min. 31 sec - max. 170 sec

(see the table on one of the next page)

**INDX 43 I** 

**Tank capacity** - Developer(+filter): 11,5l

Fixer: 10,5l Wash water: 10 l

Solution heating(Fix and DEV): variable in a range of 18°C - 43°C

(separate inline 350W heaters)

Dryer: warm air

variable in a range of 18°C - 60°C

Replenishment: fully automatic.

replenishment is microprocessor controlled and calculated from information received from sensors measuring the width and length of material entering the

processor. Replenishment cycles are variable.

power supply: 1 / N / PE~ 230V (+6% / -10%), 50Hz, 16A, 3.7KW

water supply: 2-way magnetic valve, with 3/4" hose connection by using a

DVGW-approved system-separating device or pipe-separating

device.

Wash water flow rate: 2,5 ltr/min when film is in process

Wash water supply pressure: 3 - 10 bar

Wash water supply: filtered at a temperature of 10°C - 15°C

**INDX 43 I** 

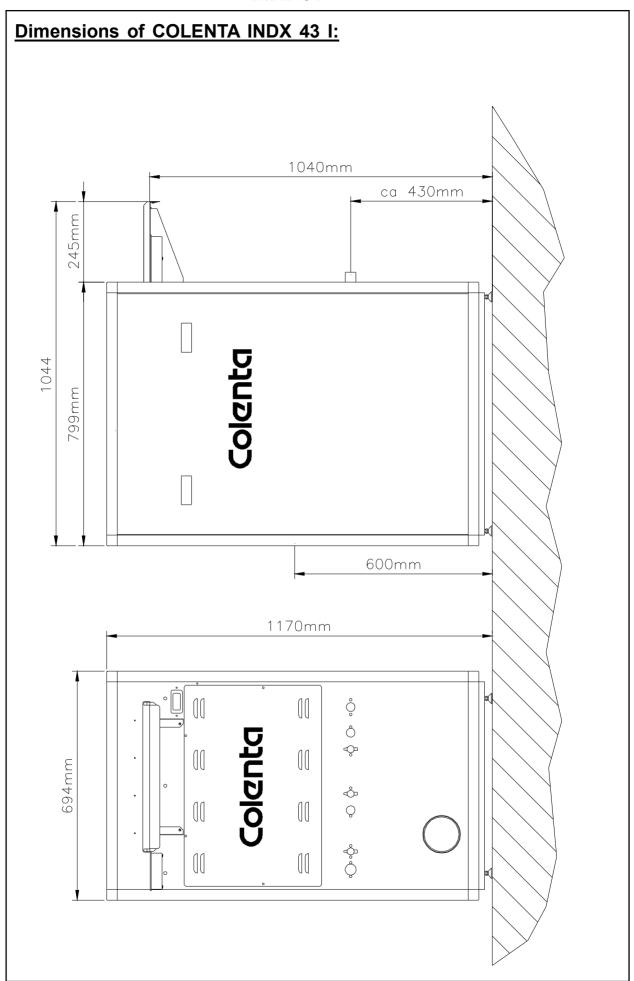
Weight: Empty 185 kg

With solution 217 kg

Technical specification subject to change without notice.

Colenta

AN 02/2005



# **Electrical supply:** 1/N/PE 230V 50Hz

single phase 230 V 50Hz

INDX 43 I 3,7 kW 16 A

Power cord with plug CEE 3+P+N+PE 16-6 415V 16A



(Connected to the processor)

# **FACTORY SETTINGS:**

|                 |         |    |    | RNE |
|-----------------|---------|----|----|-----|
| Program         | P1      | P2 | P3 |     |
|                 |         |    |    |     |
| Program         | P4      | P  | P  |     |
|                 |         |    |    |     |
|                 |         |    |    |     |
| Program         | P       | P  | P  |     |
|                 |         |    |    |     |
| D= D0 1         |         |    |    |     |
| P5 – P9 not pro | grammed |    |    |     |

| Se p |  |
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|      |  |

See more on page 42a und 42b

Colenta AN 02/2005

| <b>FACTORY SETTINGS:</b> |
|--------------------------|
|--------------------------|

| <u>Options</u>     |  |
|--------------------|--|
| Options<br>Standby |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
| Refill             |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
|                    |  |
| Filter             |  |
| Area               |  |
|                    |  |
| Log                |  |
|                    |  |

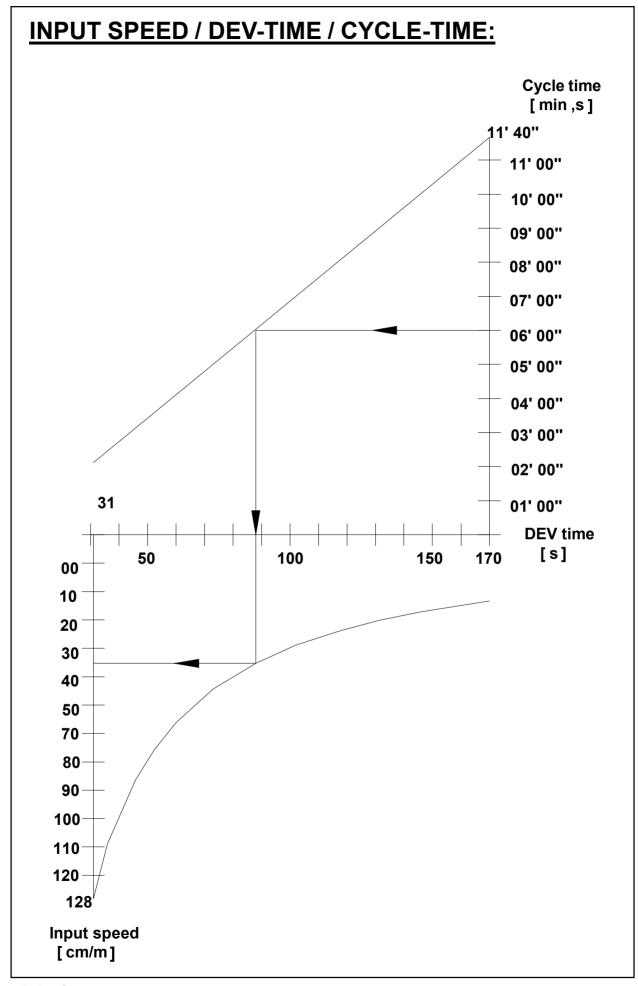
Only in use when a FEEDER is installed:

| RS 3 |  |
|------|--|
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |

as o e if a a o fee er is co ec e

See more on page 42a und 42b

**Colenta** AN 02/2005



Colenta

#### **INDX 43 I**

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|-----|--|----------|
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Colenta AN 02/2005

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Congratulations upon your decision to buy a

#### COLENTA INDX FILMPROCESSOR.

Your purchase has been designed to meet the highest technical standards.

Some outstanding design features are:

- \*) compact, space-saving design
- \*) full automatic processing cycle
- \*) smooth roller transport system
- \*) low tank volumes
- \*) electronically controlled temperature system
- \*) automatic replenishment
- \*) lowenergy consumption

This manual is an instruction for routine use of your:

#### COLENTA INDX FILMPROCESSOR.





NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

#### 1.1 GENERAL SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- \*) Service personnel responsible for installation, repair, service and maintenance of the processor must familiarize themselves with with this safety instuctions.
- \*) Whilst carrying out service, maintenance or repair work on the processor safety glasses must be worn.
- \*) Never let the processor unattended / uncontrolled.
- \*) Take care not to let any unsuitable material enter the processor.

#### 1.1.1 ELECTRICAL

- \*) Prior to servicing, maintenance or repair switch off the power at the main switch of the processor ensuring it cannot be accidently switched back on (lock the main switch with a padlock). Observe safety rules if machine has to be switched on during servicing (e.g. fault finding).
- \*) Installation, service, training and first setup of/for the processor has to be done by a well trained and qualified service personnel.
- \*) Built in safety devices are not allowed to be bypassed or to be put out of function, failed electrical components must be replaced by original COLENTA spare parts.
- \*) Repairs to electrical components must meet "safety and test rules for repairs" (VDE 106, part two, VDE 0701, VBG 4, VBG 103).
- \*) Remove any jewellery that may come into contact with electrical components.
- \*) All connections must be grounded according to safety instructions.
- \*) All dampness in the base tray must be eliminated to prevent short circuits.
- \*) After installation, service and repairs, the processor has to be tested again according to the Test Instruction after Installation, Repair and Service work on the end of this manual.

#### 1.1.2 CHEMICAL

- \*) Follow manufacturer's instructions for chemistry.
- \*) Wear safety glasses and protective gloves whilst working with chemicals.
- \*) Ensure room is adequately ventilated.
- \*) In case of contact with the eyes flush with plenty of cold water for approximately fifteen minutes and seek medical advice.
- \*) Follow environmental instructions when disposing of used chemistry.

#### 2. SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS IN DETAIL

#### **Processor Operation**

Never allow loose clothing or jewellery to come close to the gear train, media transport area. Service, maintenance and repairs must be performed by qualified service personnel only.

This Service Manual is for the use of qualified service personnel only.

The racks must always be cleaned outside the processor with running water.

Do not clean the processor with running water.

#### **Electrical and Mechanical Hazards**

Follow safety warnings to minimize the risk of electrical shock, burns and equipment damage when operating any equipment. Photographic processing machines are mechanically and electrically complex and contain volumes of chemicals for which reason extreme caution is required.

Always turn off and lock the power switch by padlock before opening the top cover.

#### **Fire Prevention**

The area around the processor must be kept clean. Keep dust, wood shavings, paper cuttings and waste materials out of the dryer compartment.

Fire extinguishers must be available in the room where the processor is operating and where paper and chemicals are stored.

#### Chemical Hazards and Handling

Misuse of almost any chemical may create a hazard of some type. Generally, photo chemicals are no more hazardous than many common cleaning products, however, there is still a risk of danger. When handling and storing chemicals follow the precautions and procedures below.

1). Never sniff a container or open bottle to determine its contents. A cautious sniff of the cap or lid is safer.

- 2). When handling chemicals wear protective clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves.
- 3). Label storage containers properly. Avoid storing hazardous chemicals on high shelves or in unprotected glass containers. Keep chemicals away from children. Do not store chemicals in a refrigerator used for food because they may contaminate food or be mistaken for edibles.
- 4). Ensure proper ventilation in the area where chemicals are used or stored.
- 5). Observe the manufacturer's recommendations for using and mixing chemicals.

Overexposure to photographic chemistry may cause skin irritation to certain individuals.

#### PHOTOGRAPHIC CHEMISTRY EMER-GENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:

- SKIN -Flush thoroughly with water.
- **EYES** -Flush thoroughly with water and consult a physician.
- **INGESTION** -Consult a physician immediately.

#### **Chemical Disposal**

Photographic processing wastes normally contain diluted chemicals. These chemicals should be collected and disposed in accordance with local environmental codes. Dumping chemicals into a drain system could lead to a pollution problem. Contact your local water treatment and sewer district authorities before disposing chemicals.

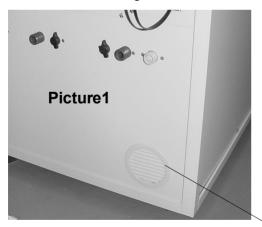
All plumbing must comply with local and national codes. The DRAIN must be made of chemical resistant and non-corrosive material. Use PVC or equivalent

#### Exhaust, Temperature and Humidity

It is important to establish correct exhaust to obtain trouble free processing. Make sure that the exhaust hose from the built-in exhaust is properly connected to the processor by qualified Service Personnel.

The built-in exhaust removes chemi cal f umes f r om t he pr ocessor and installation site. Chemical fumes are corrosive and if the processor is switched 100% off at night the wet section should be drained for chemistry.

Room temperatures between 18-26 °C (65-80 °F) with a relative humidity between 35% and 75% are ideal for photographic processing and comfortable working conditions.



The processor is a complex machine with moving parts such as the gear train and media transfer components. It uses photo processing chemicals which are irritating to eyes, lungs and skin. High voltage is used to power the processor.

The dryer compartment produces heat.

- · High voltage may cause electric shocks, burns or even death.
- · Hands or fingers may be pinched or injured by moving parts or while handling heavy parts.
- · Dryer compartment heat may ignite combustible materials and cause fires.
- · Eyes, skin and lungs may be irritated by photo chemicals. Before using photo processing chemicals always read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for information about the hazards of the particular chemicals and how to use them safely.
- · Never operate the processor after using mind-altering drugs or alcohol.
- · Do not wear jewellery or loose clothing while operating the processor.

This alert symbol indicates specific safety hazards and ways to avoid accidents. Ignoring safety information may lead to serious injury or property damage.

#### **Electronical/Electrical Hazard**

HAZARDOUS VOLTAGE CAN CAUSE ELECTRIC SHOCK, BURNS OR EVEN DEATH ·

Qualified service personnel must verify that the processor is permanently and continuously grounded according to standards in the National Electrical Code and manufacturer requirements.

#### **Air grille**

Do not remove the top cover before the following steps are carried out:

- 1. Training of the personnel that operate the processor.
- 2.Turn off (0-position)the processor using the main switch and lock by a padlock (see fig.1)



#### **Fire Hazard**

DRYER COMPARTMENT PRODUCES HEAT-PAPER OR OTHER COMBUSTI-BLES CAN BE IGNITED

- · Keep the area within 10 feet of the processor clean. Do not store combustible materials, including paper, within 10 feet of the processor.
- · Verify that a functional 10 lb.ABC fire extinguisher is located within 10 feet of the processor.

#### **Burn Hazard**

DRYER COMPARTMENT PRODUCES HEAT-DRYER PANELS AND GUARDS GETHOT

· Do not touch dryer panels or guards when dryer is operating.

#### **Corrosive Liquids**

CHEMICALS MAY IRRITATE EYES, LUNGS, SKIN AND DIGESTIVE TRACT

- #Wear safety goggles, protective glove and chemical aprons as indicated on Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) when handling chemistry.
- # Drain tanks carefully, avoid splashing. Always drain the system thoroughly before working on any of the external hose systems.
- # Read the MSDSs for more information regarding the proper safety procedures for working with photo processing chemicals.
- # Do not allow untrained personnel to handle photo processing chemicals or to operate the processor.
- # To avoid hazardous conditions, keep floors and floor coverings around the processor and associated drains clean and dry at all times. Any accumulation of fluids from external lines, e.g.drain lines, should be cleaned up immediately

In the event of an accumulation of liquid due to backup, overflow or other malfunctions of the drain associated with the processor call a plumber or other contractor to correct the problem with the drain. Colenta accepts no responsibility or liability whatsoever for the service ability of any drain connected to or associated with a processor. Such drains are the sole responsibility of the customer.

**DRAINS** must be made of chemically resistant and non-corrosive material. Use PVC or equivalent.

**DRAIN** service must comply with local codes.

#### **Chemical Hazard**

Besides being a potentially source of errors, the chemistry can contaminate waste water and irritate the skin, especially the eyes. Chemistry spills must be cleaned up immediately as follows:

- 1. Prevent the spilled chemistry from entering a waste water drain.
- 2. Clean up the spill with a moist mop or rag.

#### **CAUTION!**

When handling chemicals wear protective clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves.

If processor chemicals make contact with the eyes, flush them thoroughly with large volumes of water. If irritation persists, visit a physician.

- 3. Dispose cleaning materials and waste water collected during the clean up according to environmental regulations.
- 4.Inhalation of chemicals is dangerous to one 's health and should be avoided.
- 5. Observe all environmental regulations for storage and disposal of waste chemicals.
- 6.Use these instructions in conjunction with the chemical instructions. When handling chemicals wear protective clothing, safety goggles and rubber gloves,

#### **Corrosive Vapours**

CHEMICAL VAPOURS MAY IRRITATE EYES, LUNGS AND SKIN IF ALLOWED TO ACCUMULATE IN WORK AREA

- · The most effective engineering control for prevention of indoor air quality problems is assuring an adequate supply of fresh outdoor air through natural or mechanical vent i I at i on. The Amer i can Soci et y of Heating, Refrigeration and Airconditioning Engineers (ASHRAE) recommends 50 cubic feet per minute (CFM)of outdoor air per occupant for dark rooms or 0.5 cfm/square foot, which ever is higher.
- · At each shift qualified service personnel should verify that the exhaust hose for the built-in exhaust blower is operating and connected to the processor.
- · Read the Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDSs) for more information regarding the proper safety procedures for working with photo processing chemicals.

#### 3. PRE-INSTALLATION

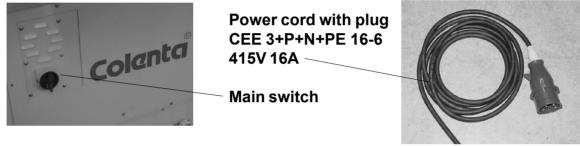
\*) Site preparation, e.g., water supply, drainage electrical supply must be completed prior installation.

#### 3.1. LOCATION

\*) Processor can be installed "through-the-wall" or completely in the darkroom. Required measurements can be taken from the processor specification sheet. For "through-the-wall", a purpose built panel is required (optional accessory).

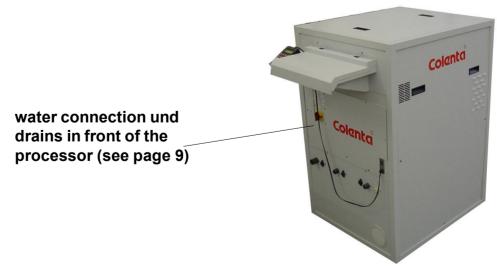
#### 3.2 ELECTRICAL SUPPLY

\*) All electrical connections must meet national safety requirements. Correct fuses and electrical requirement can be taken from the processor specification sheet.

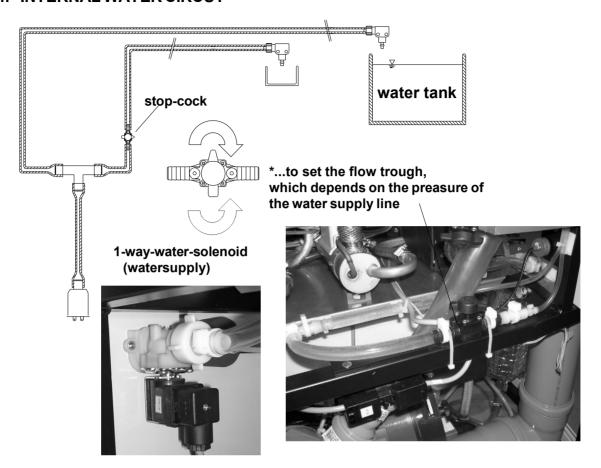


#### 3.3 WATER SUPPLY

- \*) The processor must be connected to the local water supply by using a DVGW-approved system separating device or pipe separating device.
- \*) The cold water supply pipe must have a stopcock fitted connection to the processor and should be done by using the 3/4" hose connector, supplied. Easy access to the stopcock should be provided as it has to be opened and closed daily.
- \*) A built in magnetic valve reduces water consumption to a maximum of 2,5 ltr./minute using pressure and quantity control.
- \*) It is recommended to run a second cold water supply with 2.5 meters of hosing to facilitate easy cleaning of the racks and tanks (water supply kit optional accessory).

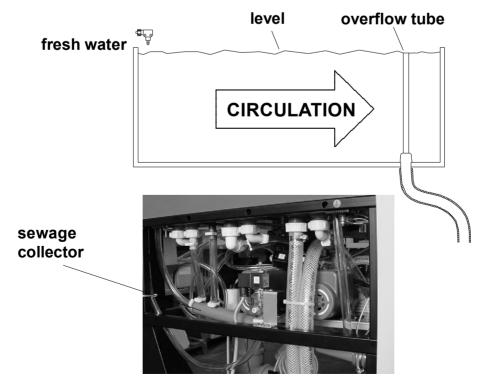


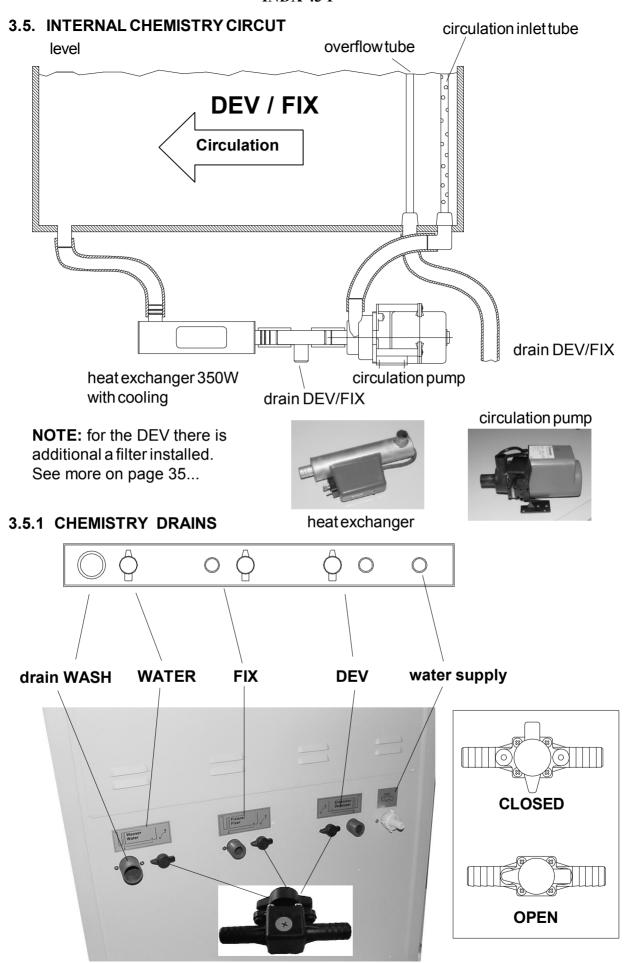
#### 3.4. INTERNAL WATER CIRCUT



#### 3.4.1 WATER DRAIN

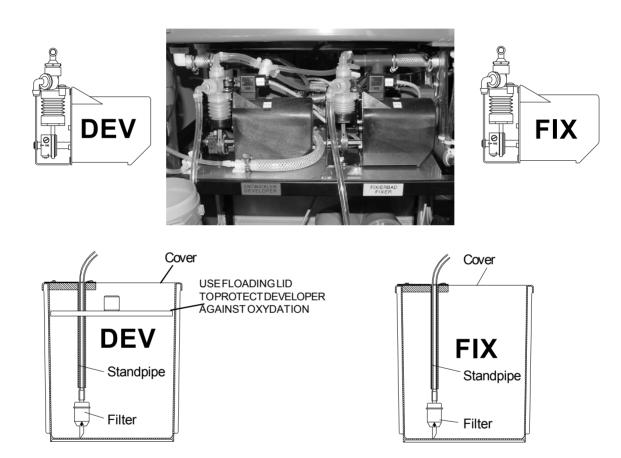
- \*) The wash water should be drained separately according to local environmental regulations. The processor comes with the suitable hose connections.
- \*) The level of the water drain should be as low as possible with a minimum drainpipe diameter of 40 mm.





#### 3.6. REPLENISHMENT

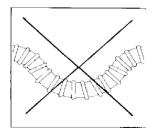
When operating a processor which uses chemicals for the continuous production of plate/film it is very important that the chemicals within the machine are keep in good working order so as to provide consistent processing quality. To achieve this consistency we use replenishment solutions, which are formulated by the chemical manufacturer and injected into the processor precisely for the area of material being produced. Replenishment of the chemical tanks is done automatically using infra red sensors located at the entrance to the processor. These sensors accurately monitor the width of material entering the processor, this information is in then used by the microprocessor (CPU) control software to calculate the surface area for each plate loaded into the processor. Each sensor, when covered, will generate a pulse, which is then recorded on a decoder and counted the more sensors that are covered then the faster the count. When the count reaches the programmed value of pulse counts it triggers the start of a replenishment cycle. During each replenishment cycle the replenishment pumps inject fresh solution from small storage bottles/ tank and into the corresponding "working" tank solutions for a pre-set time.



Note: A Level control device for replenisher tank is optional available on request.

#### **WARNING**

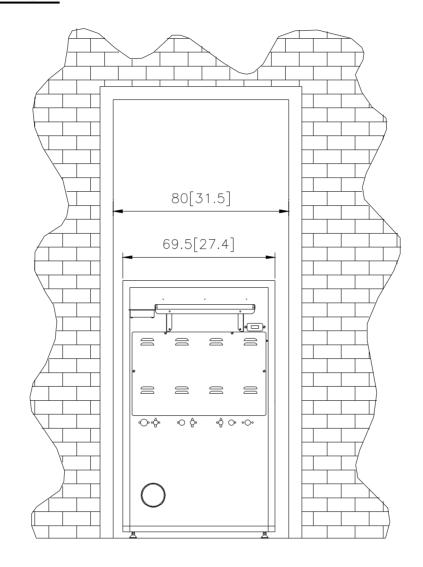
- \*) Do not use brass or copper in the drainage system.
- \*) Chemistry disposal must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.
- \*) To avoid back pressure in the drain, the hoses should be free of bends and with a constant downward gradient.



#### 3.8. TRANSPORTATION ON SITE AND ASSEMBLING

The transport to the installation area can be done easily by two men.

### EN ION:



**IMPORTANT:** The Processor must be installed leveled for optimum performance.



#### 3.9. INSTALLATION OF THE RACKS

- \*) The processor is delivered complete assembled, except the transport racks, dryer and film catch tray.
- \*) Transport fixings must be removed before use.
- \*) Insert each rack at the location indicated by reference number or label.
- -Rinse the tanks with water and then fill it to the red marker on the tank wall.
- Insert the racks according the reference number or label
- Turn on the transport motor and check rotation
- \*) Insert racks carefully and slowly, avoiding chemistry splashes.



RACK 1 in the developer tank

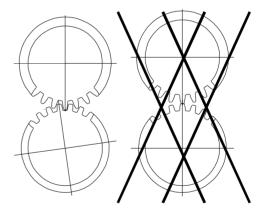
RACK 2 in the fixer tank (see additional information on the next page!!!!)

RACK 3 in the water tank RACK 4 in the dryer section

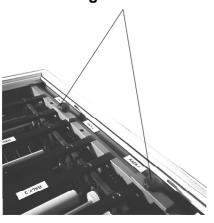
The supporter of the racks have to be completely set into the grooves of the tank.



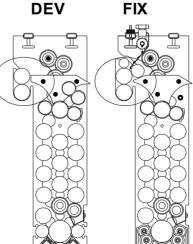
check that the gears of the squeeze rollers are in the correct position.



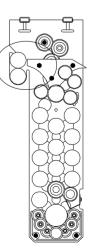
#### don t forget to fix the racks



**DEV** 



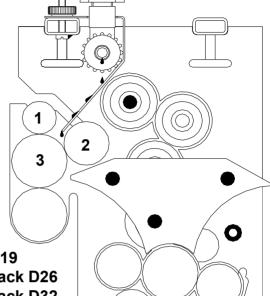
**WATER** 



#### **INDX 43 I**

#### 3.9.1 Additional connection for FIX rack

**NOTE: Pay special attention to roller** configuration about the FIX rack.



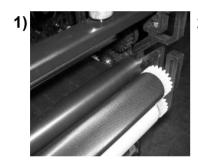
open/close the hose connector by

pressing the marked botton.

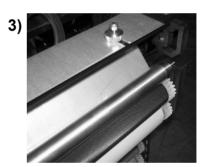


1..Steel **D19** 2..PE - Black D26

3..PE - Black D32

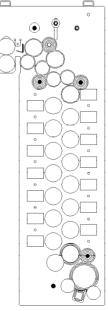






#### 3.10 **INSERTION OF DRYER-RACK**





#### 4. TEST RUN WITH WATER

We recommend that the machine is fully water tested on installation before filling with chemistry - this is just a safety procedure in case of transport damage.

- \*) Thoroughly clean processor ensuring no packing materials restricts the free running of the processor. Pay special attention to the racks and inside of the tanks.
- \*) Close the drain taps for the developer, fixer and wash.
- \*) Fill the tanks (Dev, Fix and Wash) with water to the markers on the tank wall.
- Switch on the processor
- \*) Check for signs of leakage.

#### 1.4 MIXING OF CHEMISTRY / FILLING WITH CHEMISTRY

- Only use chemistry suitable for roller transport systems.
- \*) Follow instructions of chemistry manufacturers.

#### **FIXER BATH:**

- \*) Switch processor off.
- Empty fixer tank by opening the fix drain tap.
- \*) Remove the racks.
- Check fixer tank is free of alien material.
- \*) \*) Close fix drain tap.
- Fill fixer tank with ready-to-use-fixer solution to the red marker on the tank wall. Insert rack very carefully and slowly, add hardener solution if advised by the chemistry manufacturer.

#### **DEVELOPER BATH:**

- \*) Empty developer tank by opening dev drain tap.
- \*) Remove the rack.
- \*) Check developer tank is free of alien material.
- \*) Close dev drain tap.
- Fill developer tank with ready-to-use-developer solution to the red marker on the tank wall. Insert rack very carefully and slowly. Replenishment tanks may be used to mix the chemistry. Any remaining can be used for replenishment.

#### **CAUTION -**

Even the smallest quantity of fixer could contaminate the developer solution. Therefore, always fill with fixer first. When removing the fixer rack, always cover the developer tank. For removing the fixer rack use rack carrier tray (optional accessory)

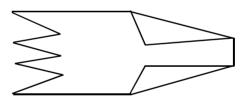
#### 4.1 WORKING WITH THE PROCESSOR

#### IN THE MORNING

- \*) Turn on water supply.
- \*) Check replenishment tank levels.
- \*) Switch on main switch.
- \*) Wait for the "READY" of the processor
- \*) Check whether the water drain tap is closed

#### STARTING WORK

- \*) Check level of the replenishment containers (DEV&FIX)
- \*) Check level of the waste containers (DEV&FIX)
- \*) Select programme
- \*) Feed through one or two of cleaning films (optional item).
- \*) During feeding films, always check the free-signal, given form the display.
- \*) Ensure first rollers pull material.
- \*) Feed large format films in straight.
- \*) Put a leader on roll films
- \*) Fold the leading edge on roll paper.



#### IN THE EVENING

- \*) Turn off water supply.
- \*) Switch off main switch.
- \*) Open water drain tap to prevent algae growths in water tank.



#### INDX 43 I

#### 4.2 PROCESSOR FUNCTIONS

PROGRAMMING: Automatic processing parameters, e.g., temperature, speed and

replenishment rates, can be stored in 9 different programmes.

WARMING-UP: Once programmed, temperature settings are accurately controlled.

Heating commences with switching on at the mains. Constant solution temperatures are maintained in the processing tanks. Temperatures tolerances +/- 0,2 °C are achieved by the microprocessor control unit while the solutions are circulated by circulation numbs. When

while the solutions are circulated by circulation pumps. When temperature has reached PRE-SET levels, the processor enters

STANDBY mode and is ready for use.

STANDBY: In case no material is processed - after a programmable periode of time,

since the last media has exited the processor transport, dryer and water supply is switched off automatically. The processor goes in standby mode

and is ready for work.

ANTICRYSTALLI-ZATION CYCLE During STANDBY mode - within a programmable cycle periode - transport

and intermediate rinse bath water supply is activated - this prevent

cristallization build up on crossover rollers.

ANTI-OXIDATION CYCLE

During STANDBY mode - and no material is processed during set time -

an preprogrammable ANTI OXIDATION cycle (replenishment cycle)

is available.

The additional replenishment compensates the impact of airoxidation of

the chemistry during standby mode und tops up the chemistry levels in the tanks, compensating evaporation of the water in the

solutions during standby.

AUTO The processor comes equipped with a film area measuring facility.

REPLENISHMENT: Infrared sensors scan the film area touchless and when

the preprogrammed amount of film (area) entered the processor,

a replenish-cycle is activated.

AUTOMATIC START-STOP:

Infrared sensors also automatically control the startcycle of the

prosessor. The processor changes from STANDBY to RUN once a film has interrupted the light barrier. As the rollers turn, water is supplied to the wash tank and to the intermediate rinse bath system. Once the last film has passed through, the processor reverts to STANDBY. The film

can be taken out of the receiving basket or top cover lid.

#### 4.2.1 SAFETY DEVICES

\*) Thermostatically controlled solution heater with overheating CUT-OUT and AUTO-RESET.

- \*) Thermostatically controlled dryer heater with overheating CUT-OUT and MANUAL-RESET.
- \*) All electric motors are equipped with thermal CUT-OUT and AUTO-RESET.
- \*) Each electrical component is protected by a fuse on the power distribution board (PDB).

#### 5. THE DISPLAY

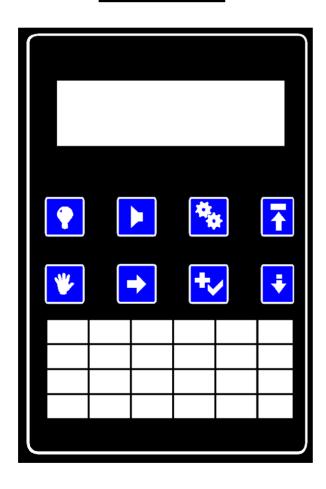
Number of programs 9

Temperature range, developer and fixer  $18.0 \div 43.0^{\circ}$ C Temperature range, dryer  $18.0 \div 50.0^{\circ}$ C

Temperature control tolerances  $\pm 0.2^{\circ}$ C
Temperature measurement resolution  $0.03^{\circ}$ C
Developing time tolerances at max. speed  $\pm 2\%$ 

· Motor speed is quartz-stabilized and controlled by a separate microprocessor

# The display



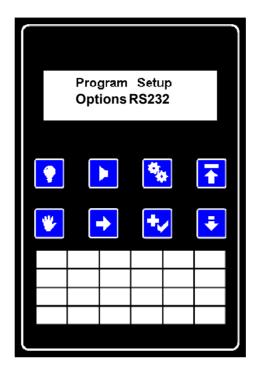
- ₱ back light ON/OFF
- check errors /alarm shutdown
- \* setup mode
- **₹** back to top menu
- manual operation
- **→** move cursor
- **★** select menu item/change value
- scroll page down

#### **5.1 Programming Procedures**

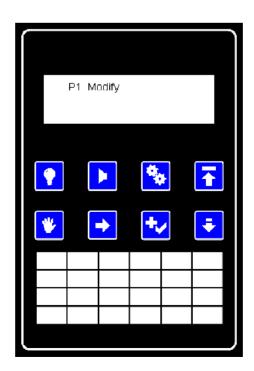
Switch on the processor. By default it starts in work mode. Make sure that no media is being processed, since re-programming is enabled only during standby.

Press . The programming menu will appear:

NOTE for RS232: only in use when a COLENTA Auto loader is in use.



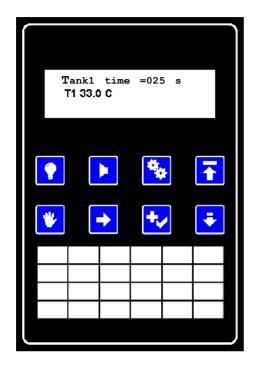
With →, move the cursor under Program and select it with →.
You will see

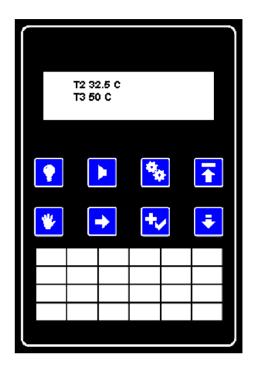


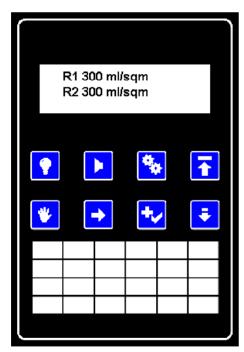
Press  $_{ullet}$  to change the number of the program you wish to modify.

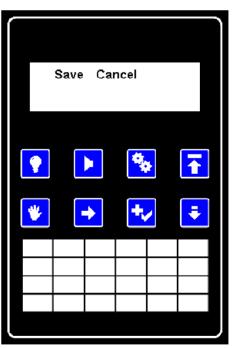
With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under Modify and select it with  $\rightarrow$ .

The programme consists of four pages:









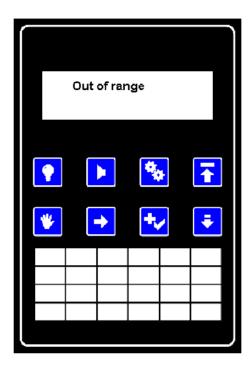
Use  $\blacksquare$  to scroll through the pages.

To set the parameters, move the cursor with , then change the value with .

Once all digits have been set to the desired value, position the cursor under

Save and press  $_{ullet}$  to store the values, or select Cancel to discard the changes.

If any of the values is set too high or too low, when trying to save the programme you will get.



After 2 seconds the message will disappear and you will be taken back to re-programme the values. A parameter that was too high will be automatically reset to the maximum possible value. A parameter that was too low will be reset to the minimum possible value.

This can be used if you want to program extreme values - for instance you want to use the shortest developing time possible, but you don't remember the value. In this case just programme 000. After the "Out of range" message, the developing time will be reset to the minimum. Just select Save once again.

To go back to work mode, press 🛖 .

.Note: The Setup menu is just for service and factory setting purposes only.

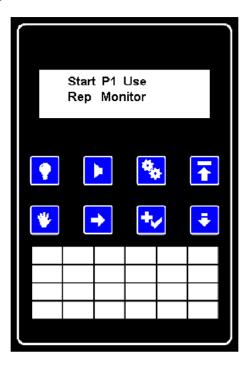
The Setup-menu set processor-specific values. This values should not be changed by the costumer.

Although you can select these menus, scroll through the data and even change it, saving the changed data is disabled. Only authorized service technician can re-programme these values.

# 5.2 Changing the programme

To use another programme:

Press .
You will see:



If media is being processed, only the Rep and Monitor items are selectable. Therefore, to switch to another programme you must wait until the processor is empty.

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under P1.

Press <sub>+</sub> to change the programme number.

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor to Use and select it with  $\rightarrow$ .

Note: a cyclic redundancy check is used to verify the data being read from the non-volatile memory. If some damage occurred to the program data, or the programme was never set up properly, you will get an error message Program invalid. The solution is to go to programming mode and re-program the data. This error will occur also if the EEPROM chip has been replaced in which case it contains random data.

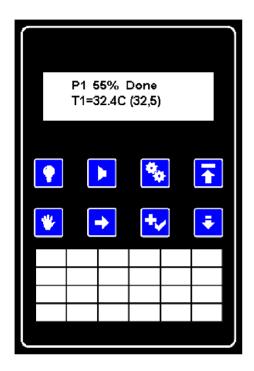
# 5.3 Automatic mode

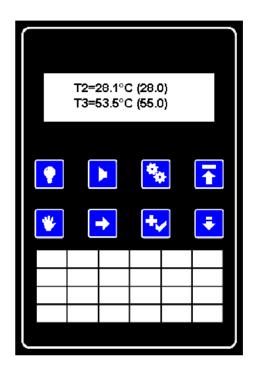
The processor is designed to work without operator assistance. Under normal circumstances

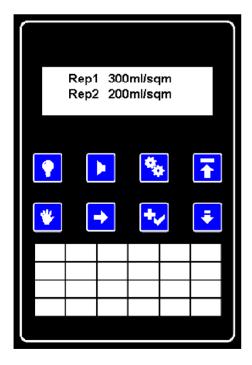
the operator will use the front panel only to check the process parameters and progress.

To scroll through the pages, press \_\_.

Press **★** to jump back to main page.









**P1** tells you that you are using programme 1. If the processor was started manually, the indication will be **M1**.

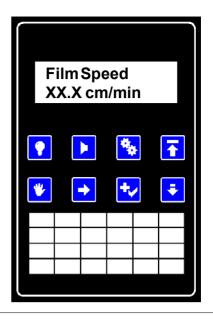
**55%** Done is the progress indicator. It means **55%** of the developing process is complete. When it reaches **100%**, the machine will go to standby.

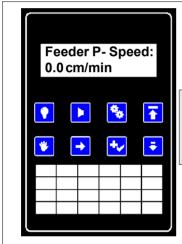
T1=32.4°C gives you the actually measured temperature in the tank. The value in the brackets is the programmed temperature. The same indication is available for

tank 2 (T2) and for the dryer (T3).

**Rep1** and **Rep2** are the replenishment rates for the current program.

Tank1 time is the time the media stays in tank 1. Dry to dry is the length of the complete processing cycle (leading edge to heading edge). Film Speed linear speed of the media inside the processor.





# Feeder Speed: speed of the loader

only when a Colenta AUTO Feeder is in use



# Film location:

used to monitor the films from the loader to the processor. left side: loader right side: processor -..... no film

o.... film

## 5.4 Standby Options

The Program MF800 Ver. 2.7 is alredy equipped with an anti-oxidation and a anti-crystallization cycle.

That means, when in standby, the processor will start the transport of the rollers and the wash on regular intervals in order to prevent crystallization on the rollers (Anti-crystallization). The anti-oxidation cycle activat, in free programmable time intervals, replenishment cycles. This will prevent oxidation of the the chemistry.

During such a cleaning cycle, the display will look like this.

P1 Cleaning 30% T1=32.4°C (32.5)

During such a cycle the processor will accept media. It's not necessary to wait to the end of the cycle.

Press<sup>♣</sup>, use → to move the courser to "**Options**" and press ♣, use again ♣ to confirm "**Standby**", by using ♣ you can scroll through the pages:

SB dryer drop 05

The dryer temp. is 5°C lower than the programed value.

SB replenishment 200 ml each 6 h

The processor will activat a 200ml replenishment cycle each 6 hours. (Anti-oxidation-cycle)

SB self-cleaning 20cm each 03min

The processor will activat 2 roller turns (1 roller turn  $\cong$  10 cm) each 3 min.(Anti-crystallization-cycle)

Save Cancel

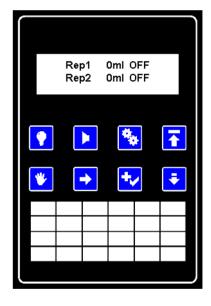
# 5.5 Manual replenishment cycle

You may need to run the replenishment manually, for instance during cleaning. To do this:

Press 🖐

With →, move the cursor under Rep and select it with →

You will see:



# To replenish tank 1

With  $\rightarrow$ , move the cursor under Rep1 and press  $\rightarrow$ .

This will add **100ml**. The **OFF** indication will change to **ON**, meaning that the replenishment pump is working. If you need more replenishment,

press again to add more replenishment in steps of 100ml. There is no need to wait for the replenishment pump to finish.

For tank 2, move the cursor under Rep2 and repeat the procedure.

Note: Up to 2000 ml of manual replenishment or a maximum of 25min pump working time is allowed (whichever is greater).

Press **★** to jump back to main page.

## 5.6 Errors codes

# **INDX 43 I**

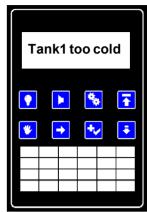
If an error occurs, the indication P1 (or M1) will alternate with Er. If this happens

Press the ▶ button.

This will stop the beeper and bring you to the error menu, so you can check what's wrong.

If more than one error occurred, press \_ to scan the

rest of them. Press to jump back to main page. When the processor switched on at the beginning of the working hours ,it is expected to have low temperatures in the tanks. For this reason, the **Er** indication will be present, but without alarm. If, however, the temperature drops during normal work, the alarm will be activated.



| Ennon Massagas                |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Error Messages:               | Decem   |
| Display                       | Reason  |
| Tank1 too cold                | A:Normal condition during heat-up period. The developer will be                               |
|                               | heated until the preprogrammed-temperature is reached.  |
|                               | B:During work, problems with the heating elements   |
| Tank1 too warm                | Developer temperature has gone up more than 1°C above SET-                                    |
|                               | temperature.  |
| Tank2 too cold                | A:Normal condition during heat-up period. The fixer will be                                   |
|                               | heated until the preprogrammed-temperature is reached.  |
|                               | B:During work, problems with the heating elements   |
| Tank2 too warm                | Fixer temperature has gone up more than 5°C above SET-  |
| _                             | temperature.  |
| Dryer too warm                | Actual temperature in the dryer is more than 5°C above SET-                                   |
|                               | temperature.  |
| Motor overload                | Hardly running drive/transportsystem. The drive motor did not reach                           |
| T1.4.1. 11                    | it's SET-speed  |
| Tank1 low level               | Level Tank1 too low   |
| Tank2 low level               | Level Tank2 too low Drain of watertank is blocked   |
| Water overflow                | Main cover of the processor is open.  |
| Cover openend<br>T1: no probe | Temperature probe in Tank1 is defect or lacks   |
| T2: no probe                  | Temperature probe in Tank 1 is defect of lacks  Temperature probe in Tank2 is defect or lacks |
| T3: no probe                  | Temperature probe in Dryer is defect or lacks   |
| Water low level               | Level Watertank is too low.   |
| Can't fill water              | After 30 minutes, the watertank should be filled up with water, if                            |
|                               | the sensor is not reached during this time, the meassage appears.                             |
| Wrong location                | Only possible, if a FEEDER is installed - refer to the Feeder                                 |
| <b>.</b>                      | booklet for further actions.  |
| Change filter                 | Replace the filter medium accoding page 35 to 37  |
| _                             | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
|                               |   |

#### 5.7 Manual start/stop

The manual start/stop is possible only when no media is being processed. During the processing the corresponding menu items are not selectable - you can't move the cursor there.

To run the motor manually:

Press w

With , move the cursor under **Start** and select it with .

This will run the motor. The menu item Start changes to **Stop**.

You can stop the motor by selecting Stop.

When you start the motor manually, this will be indicated on the main page as **M1 instead of P1.** 

## 5.8 Display illumination ON/OFF

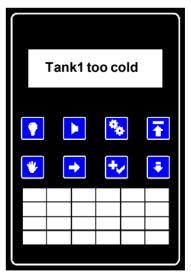
In a dark room, it might be necessary to switch off the display backlight to prevent exposure. The button toggles the backlight on/off.

When the backlight is off, all the buttons except  $_{ullet}$  are disabled.

This is done to prevent pressing buttons by accident in a dark room. Switching the display off is a good idea if the processor is left unattended. This will reduce the chances for unauthorized people to operate the machine.

#### 5.9 Automatic start

The processor will start automatically when media is fed, except in case the developer is too cold - more than 1°C below the programmed. In this case, feeding the media will not start the processor. Instead you'll get the message,



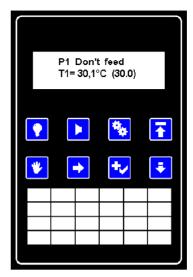
which will disappear after 2 seconds.

If you need to feed a film regardless of the low developer temperature, run the film-processor in manual mode.

#### 5.10 Distance between films

To prevent film jams, some minimum distance between the films is needed.

After the end of the film, the display will show:



As long as "Don't feed" is present, it's not allowed to feed films. After a while "Don't feed" will disappear and a beep will indicate that the input is free again.

# **5.11 Monitor Program:**

The "Monitor Program" is used to check some differents parameters of the processor.

Press the bottum , you will see: Start P1 Use Rep Monitor , move the courser by using under

Monitor and confirm with +

the first page looks like this:



This represents the processor,: the first four DDDD are the developer tank, FFFF - fixer tank, WWWW - water and the last DDDD is the dryer.

The dashes on the second row indicate where in the processor there are pieces of material.

The water is turned on only if there is a film in the specified portion of the machine, that saves water and protect the environment.

Each film is tracked inside the machine. The software can track up to 70 films. Note that two films running in parallel are considered as one. For the processor, different films are pieces of material separated by completely free sensorbar.

Motor Off / On Motor is On or Off

**Speed 19 001 19** speed

001 re-impulses from the motor

Normal s-bar A Parea=0.0000 sqm.

A normal 6-sensor sensorbar is recognized Value of the given filmaera until to the next

replenishment cycle

S-bar: -----

This feature is used to check each sensor of the sensor-bar. In the COLENTAINDUX 43 there are 6 sensors integrated. To check the sensors, follow the instructionen underneath:

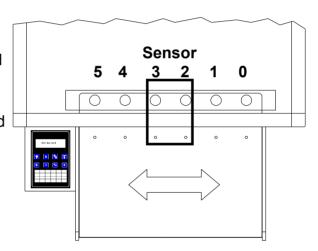
- -put a small film under the sensorbar (don't feed into the processor)
- -move the film as shown underneth
- -at the same time take a look to the display

S-bar: ------

That means sensor 1 and 0 are occupied

S-bar: ------

That means sensor 3 and 2 are occupied



H1=0 H2=0 H3=1 Fan=1 Wash=0

Refill1 0000 Refill2 0000 H1=1 or 0 heater tank1 **On** or **OFF** H2=2 or 0 heater tank2 **On** or **OFF** H3=3 or 0 heater dry **On** or **OFF** 

see "Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill" on page 31

#### 5.12 Filter control:

Version 2.7 is equipped with a sub-program to control the filter unit of the developer:

Press the bottum , use to move the courser under "Options", press, you will see "Standby Refill Filter" use again to move the courser under "Filter", press, you will see:





**The Area menu** sets the amount of square meters before filter alert. The value is 0000-9999. A value of 0000 turns off the filter alert.

Filter alert after xxxx sqm

Save Cancel

**The Log menu** shows the total area processed so far. This value is stored in the NVRAM. The value is updated each time a replenishment is initiated. It depends on the "Replenish after" variable from the setup.

0000.00 Exit Clear

For example if Replenish after = 0.125sqm, the total processed area will be increased by 0.125 sq.m. at each replenishment.

At each replenishment the total processed area is checked for exceeding the alert value. When the value has been exceeded, an error message appears "Change filter".

After changing the filter, the user must go to programming mode menu Options/Filter/Log

and clear the processed area, so the area will be counted from 0 for the new filter.

# 5.13 Additional features - refill water / chemistry

Program MF800 Ver. 2.7 includes the following features:

- 1 Automatic wash tank fill / automatic wash tank draining
- 2 Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill (see next page)

# 1 - Automatic wash tank fill / automatic wash tank draining

This feature ensures that the water level in the wash tank is at the normal level on "start-up"and then to drain automatically on shut down. This is accomplished by the use of an additional level sensor in the wash tank to inform the processor controller on the level of water in the tank and the use of an electrically controlled drain valve that will remain "closed" when the machine is in use and "open" when the processor is shut down. On morning "start-up" the drain valve will be closed and the water "fill" solenoid will open to allow water to pass into the wash tank until reaching normal operating level. If the wash tank does not reach normal level within 20 minutes ( level switch not activated) the electronics will assume that

there is a water supply problem and the error message "can't fill water" will be displayed. (see page 21 for further information).

# The following instructions will activate or de-activate this feature:

Press the bottum, use to move the courser under "Options", press, you will see "Standby Refill" use again to move the courser under "Refill", press, you will see:

Wash auto refill 1 (1-yes,0-no)

use  $_{+}$  to set 1 or 0. After that procedure, use (3x)  $_{+}$  to leave the menu, the controller will ask you : Save Cancel choose save by using  $_{+}$ .

# 2) Automatic Developer and Fixer tank fill.

This feature automatically corrects for low level conditions in the Developer and Fixer chemical tanks by way of additional level switch monitoring circuits.

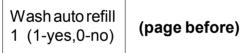
If either tank "low level" tank sensor is activated a replenishment cycle will inject solution (\*\*XXml\*\*) into the chemical tanks until the correct tank level is reached.

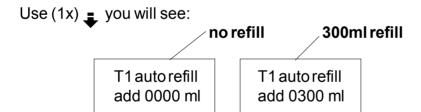
\*\* XXml\*\* this amount is programmable and relates to the size of processor. (see the table : factory settings)

Safety: In the case of a leak from the tank or the associated circulation system and to avoid the replenishment pumps operating continuously thereby draining and wasting replenishment chemistry there is an inbuilt fail safe system that will disable the replenishment pump if the level in the tank is not reached after 2000ml of replenishment. The pump will stop and the message " Tank - Low Level"

Use the following procedure to activate or de-activate the feature:

Press the bottum , use to move the courser under "Options", press , you will see "Standby Refill" use again to move the courser under "Refill" you will see:





In this case, the automatic chemistry tank fill is deactivated, to activat, you have to set a value instead of 0000. To do this, use the following procedure:

Move the courser under the "zeros" by using  $\rightarrow$  ,to set a value, use  $\rightarrow$  .

To leave, use (1x) \_ you will see:

T2 auto refill add 0000 ml

Use the same procedure for Tank2 as described before for Tank1.

After you set that all, use (1x) \_ to leave the menu, the

controller will ask you : Save Cancel choose save by using 👡

# **6. TEMPERING SYSTEM**

The processor employs a indirect tempering system to maintain processing solution temperatures accurately and efficiently. This tempering system is integrated into the recirculation. This system offers more efficiency and energy-saving.

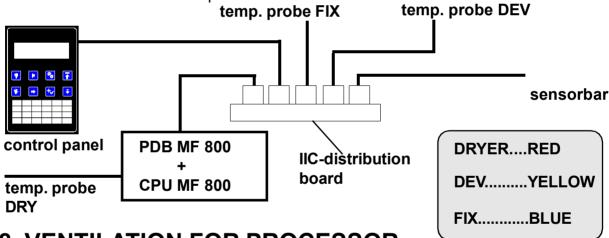
pump` The control panel in turn activates the circulation pumps and the tempering unit. The circulation pumps mix the chemistry to ensure even temperature throughout the entire tank. The drive motor also comes on during this period, to prevent build-up



of chemical by-products on the processing rack parts during period of low usage. As protection against overheating most of the processors are equipped with a "cold water" cooling system.

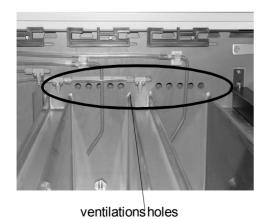
# 7.TEMPERATURE SENSING

The temperature probe in the tank senses the temperature change and activates the relevant heater control circuits within the main processor control system so as to maintain accurate solution temperatures.



# 8. VENTILATION FOR PROCESSOR

To prevent cristalization and humidity inside the processor a ventilation divice is fitted to processor. It is recommended to connect the below mentioned tube to an external exhaustinon device to prevent any possible problems. Caution: If the cover lid is removed the external tube must be reliable mounted into the processor.



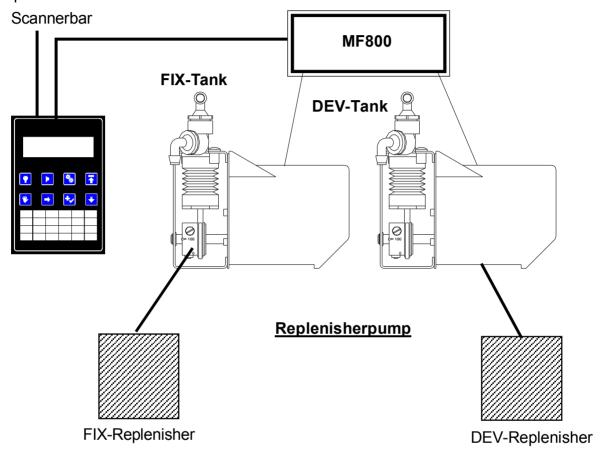


tube with cover lid

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# 9. CHEMICAL REPLENISHMENT SYSTEM

Whenever photographic material is processed, chemical components of the processing solutionsd are nused and by-products are left behind in the processing solutions. Replenisher solutions are formulated to restore the chemistry to its original activity and to dilute the by-products to a correct level. It is therefore necessary to add the proper amount of replenisher for the amount of material that has been processed. Performed automatically by the processor by way of infrared sensors installed across the complete feed width of the processor.



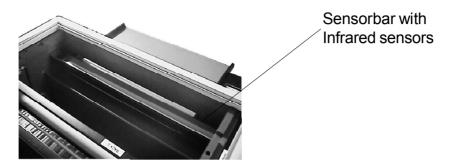
These sensors emit pulses of infrared light which has no effect on photographic emulsions. When media is beneath the sensorbar, the pulses are reflected and detected by the sensor. The pulses are transmitted to the control panel where they are "counted" by the microprocessor. When the number of pulses reaches the amount that has been programmed on the microprocessor, the replenishment timer function starts.

The replenishment timer runs the replenishment pump(s) for the number of seconds that have been set on the microprocessor. When the replenishment pumps are activated, the replenisher solutions are pumped through filters located at the bottom of the replenisher tanks to the chemistry tank.

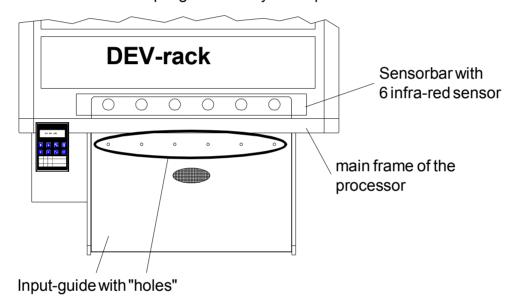
The filters should be checked monthly and be cleaned or replaced if necessary.

# 9.1 INFRARED REPLENISHMENT SENSORBAR

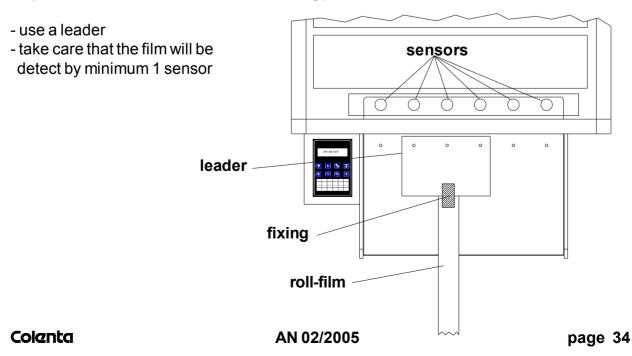
The automatic replenishment system is using an infrared-sensor-bar to detect the incoming film area. With that information the CPU of the processor will calculate the replenishment rate which will be need.



The "holes" in the film input guide show you the position of the sensors.



# To process rollfims, take care to the following points:



# 10. FILTERSYSTEM FOR DEVELOPER

During working, the filter has to be installed inside the processor.



To replace the filter insert, place the filter on the frame as shown. After the insert has been replaced, place the filter again inside the processor as shown above.

Warning: Mount the side panel to the processor and fix it with the mounting screws.



# 10.2 HOW TO REPLACE THE FILTER INSERT

NOTE: to change the filter cartridge it is necessary that the filter-system is fixed on the main frame.









2.open the closing sheet





3.remove the filter cover

# 10.2 HOW TO REPLACE THE FILTER INSERT



4.take out the used filte cartridge

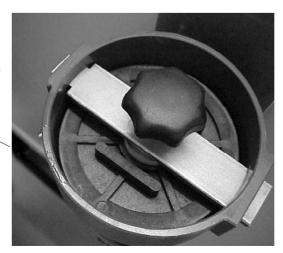
5.check position of the O-ring inside filterhousing



6.put in the new filter cartridge slowly and carefully

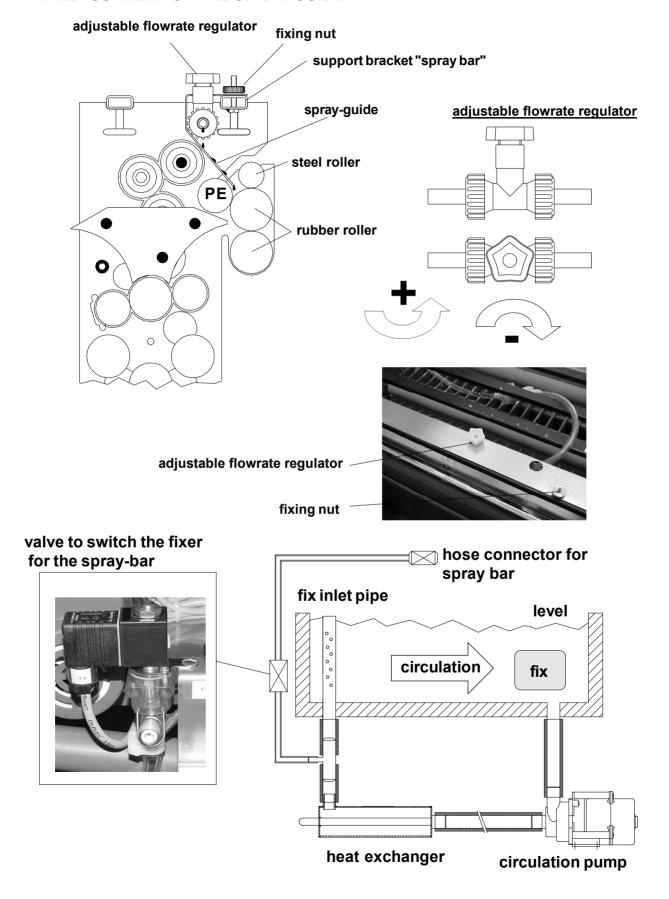


7.close the filter system in the reversed squence as described before (step 2)



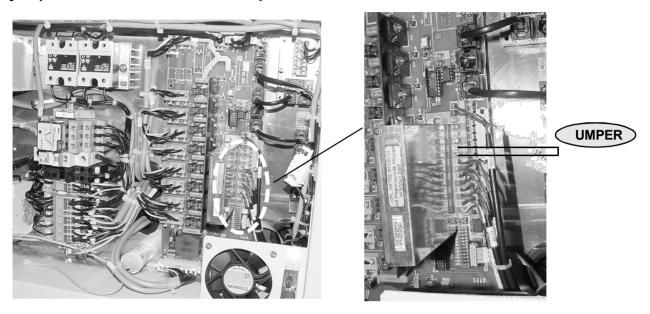
# 11. SPRAY-BAR ASSEMBLE FOR FIXER-TANK

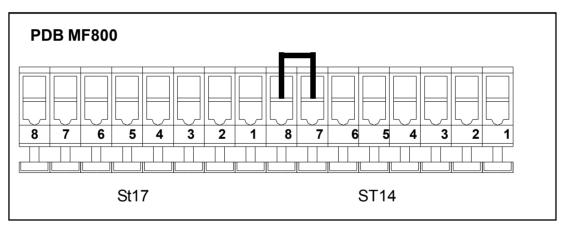
# 11.1 AD USTMENT OF THE SPRAY-GUIDE



# 12. SETUP OF THE PROCESSOR

It is possible to see data and to change working data in the SETUP menu but to save any new data entered into the SETUP menu then it will be necessary to insert a jumper on the main board of the processor:





When selecting Save in the setup menu, the program will refuse to save the data unless this wire jumper is present.

# !!! Don t forget to remove the jumper after you finished!

Switch on the processor, use \* 1 time: you will see

| <u>P</u> rogram | Setup |
|-----------------|-------|
| Options         | RS232 |

Use → to move to SETUP and confirm with <.

There are 10 pages, which depend on the mechanical construction and must be entered during the factory setup. See next page:

The setup screen consists of 10 pages. Use  $\blacksquare$  to scroll through the pages.

| ea | 1 | 0 | s | m |
|----|---|---|---|---|
| m  | 0 | 0 | m | s |

**Gear** is the number of motor pulses corresponding to 1m advance of the material. It is needed to calculate the processed film area (for the replenishment) and the processing speed in cm/min.

**Pump** is the number of milliliters per second of the replenishment pump. Needed to allow programming the replenishment in milliliters.

| ens    | istan e |
|--------|---------|
| 050 mm |         |

**Sensor distance** is the distance between two sensors of the sensorbar. It is needed for the film area calculation.

e sa e 1 1 es 0 n **Power save**. If set to 1 (yes) the tank2 heater will be switched off whenever the tank1 and the dryer heaters are both on, regardless of the tank2 temperature. This to keep the total power consumption in legal limits.

e enis a te ea 0 125 s m **Replenish after**. This is that area, after one replenishment cycle has to be activated.

a se et een s eate s 1000 ms **Pause between**. Is used to prevent any possible distrurbances back to the power line / power supply.

T1 t 0000 s T1 n 0000 s **T1 Str -** startpoint of the DEV-rack **T1 End -** endpoint of the DEV-rack

T2 t 0000 s T n 0000 s **T2 Str -** startpoint of the Fix-rack **T3 End -** endpoint of the WASH-rack

n 0000 s at e t t00 **DR End-** endpoint after the dryer **T3 End -** endpoint of the WASH-rack

at t 00 0 s at n 00 0 s Wat Str - startpoint when the wash valve is on Wat End - endpoint when the wash valve is off

im e kin 0 1 es 0 n **1 = Normal** speed loading. Film is checked from input to feeder until input to processor before the next film is loaded into the feeder.

**0 = Fast load mode**, When selected will turn off the Film check feature so that the loading sequence commences once film clears the gauge switch position.

an a e 0 0 1

Used to change the language of the user part of the display.

a e an e

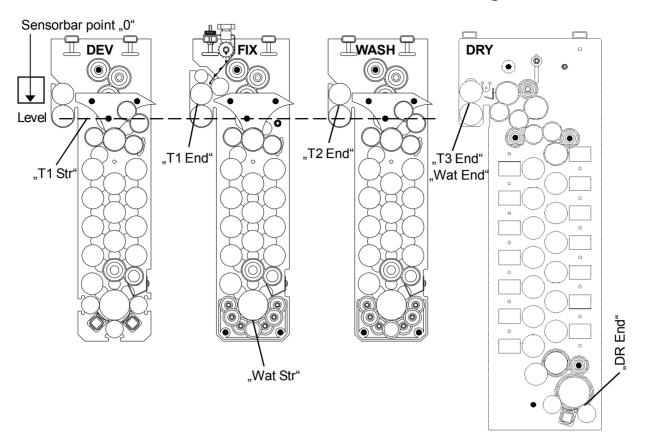
Use **Save** to store your adjustments (the jumper desribed before has to be installed) or use **Cancel** to leaf.

\*NOTE1: The shaft of the main drive motor has a tachometer installed . When the drive motor starts the tacho will rotate to generate a speed counter which sends pulses to the Processor CPU. By using these pulses the CPU is able to accurately control the transport speed/timing sequences

O Trans

Main drive motor with tachometer

# The before mentioned values are defined as following:



# **EEPROM CRC check**

The setup, standby options, and the three programs are stored in EEPROM residing on the PDB. To ensure the data validity in this EEPROM, a CRC is used. It is almost impossible that the software recognizes a new EEPROM containing random data, as a valid one.

#### The program startup follows this sequence:

- # Checks the setup data CRC. If not valid, an error message "Setup Invalid" appears and you are taken to the programming menu. If the CRC is OK, program continues further.
- # Next, the Standby options CRC is checked. If invalid you get "Options invalid" and proceed to programming mode.
- # Next, Program 1 CRC is checked. If invalid you get "Program1" and proceed to programming mode.

Only if all of the above is OK, the processor will run in work mode. Note that P2 and P3.. are not required to be valid, just P1. However, if P2 or P3.. has invalid CRC, when attempting to switch to that program, you'll get an error message "Program invalid".

# **FACTORY SETTINGS:**

|                 |         |    |    | R N E |
|-----------------|---------|----|----|-------|
| Program         | P1      | P2 | Р3 |       |
|                 |         |    |    |       |
| Drogram         | D4      | P  | P  |       |
| Program         | P4      | r  | r  |       |
|                 |         |    |    |       |
| Due sures       |         | n  | D  |       |
| Program         | P       | P  | P  |       |
|                 |         |    |    |       |
|                 |         |    |    |       |
| P5 – P9 not pro | grammed |    |    |       |

| Se_p     |  |
|----------|--|
| <u> </u> |  |
|          |  |
|          |  |
|          |  |
|          |  |
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|          |  |
|          |  |
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|          |  |
|          |  |
|          |  |

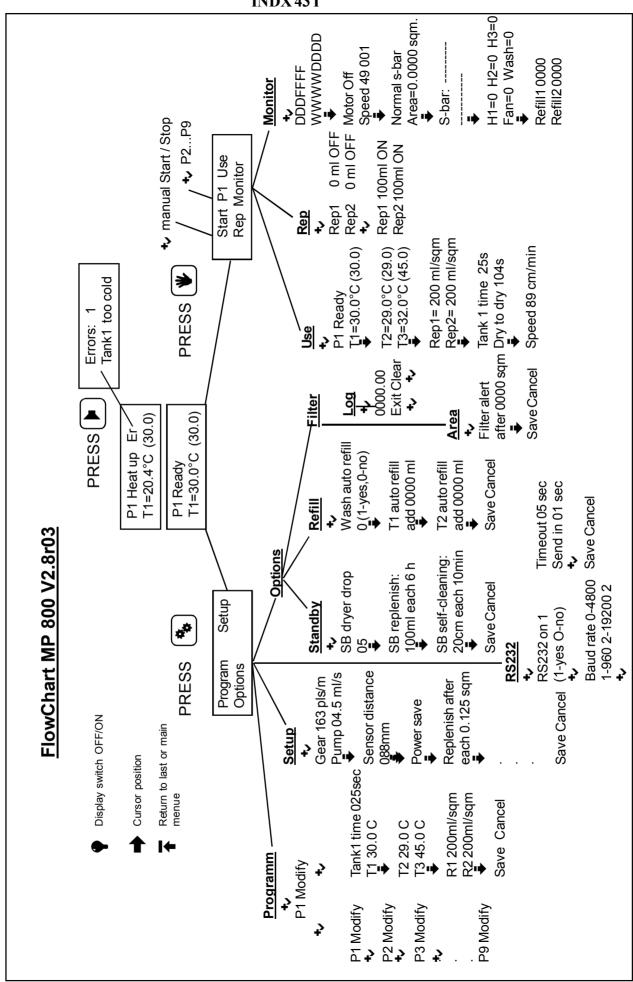
# **FACTORY SETTINGS:**

| <u>Options</u>     |  |  |  |
|--------------------|--|--|--|
| Options<br>Standby |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
| Refill             |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
| Filter             |  |  |  |
| Area               |  |  |  |
|                    |  |  |  |
| Log                |  |  |  |
| •                  |  |  |  |

Only in use when a FEEDER is installed:

| RS 3 |  |
|------|--|
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |
|      |  |

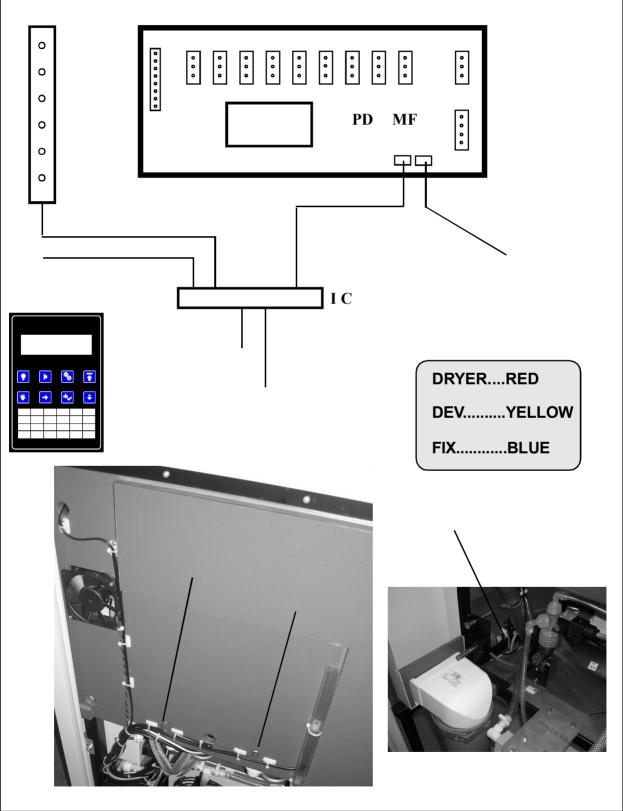
as o e if a a o fee er is co ec e



# 13.TOTAL VIEW OF THE I2C-BUS SYSTEM

Probes positioned under solution levels precisely monitor all solution tank temperatures. These temperature probes are continuously supplying information to the microprocessor on actual solution temperatures within the tanks. The microprocessor then compares these actual temperatures to the required programmed "set" temperatures and controls the relevant heaters/cooling systems accordingly.

To transfer this information, a BUS-SYTEM is installed.



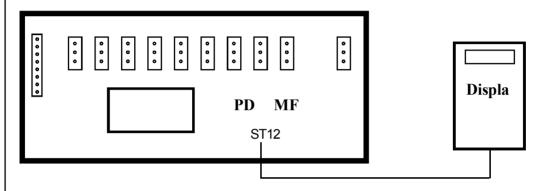
# TEST INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE I2C-BUS SYSTEM

The used I C-Bus is easy to test. The following steps are necessary:

Disconnect all elements of the bus

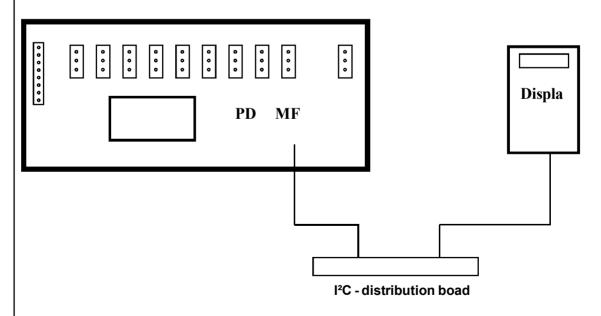
Display (distribution board)
Sensorbar (distribution board)
Temperature sensor FIX & DEV (distribution board)
cable between PDB(ST12) and distribution borad
Temperature sensor DRYER (PDB) ST10

1. plug the Display direct into ST 12 on the main board



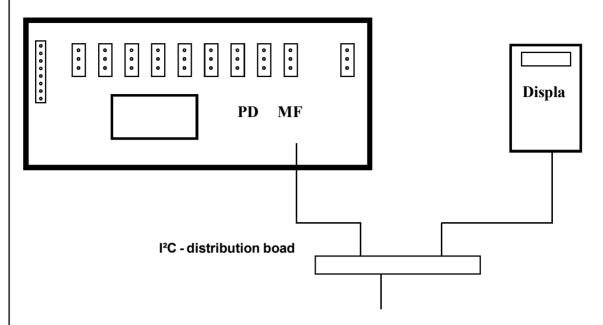
If its o.k. it will show the Software identification and the electronic will go in operation mode.

2. make the following connections: from the distribution board to the mainboard(PDB) and the display.



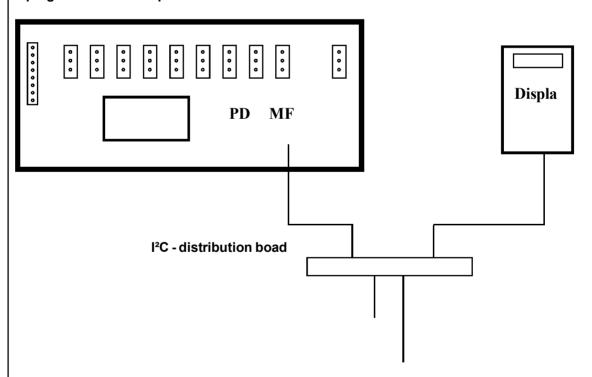
If no trouble is shown the connection cable + the distribution board will be o.k.





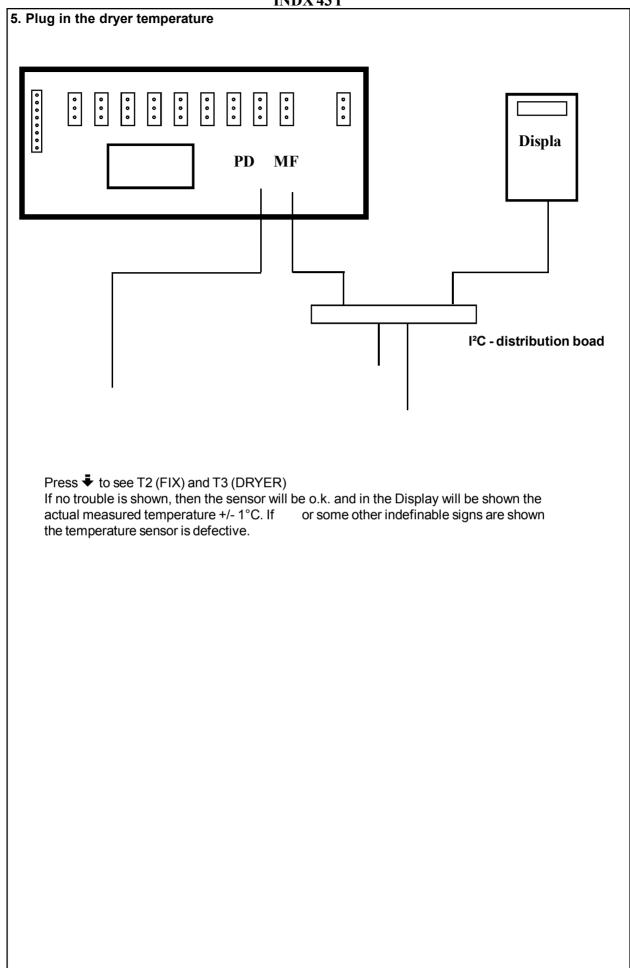
If no trouble is shown, then the sensor will be o.k. and in the Display will be shown the actual measured temperature +/- 1°C. If or some other indefinable signs are shown the temperature sensor is defective.

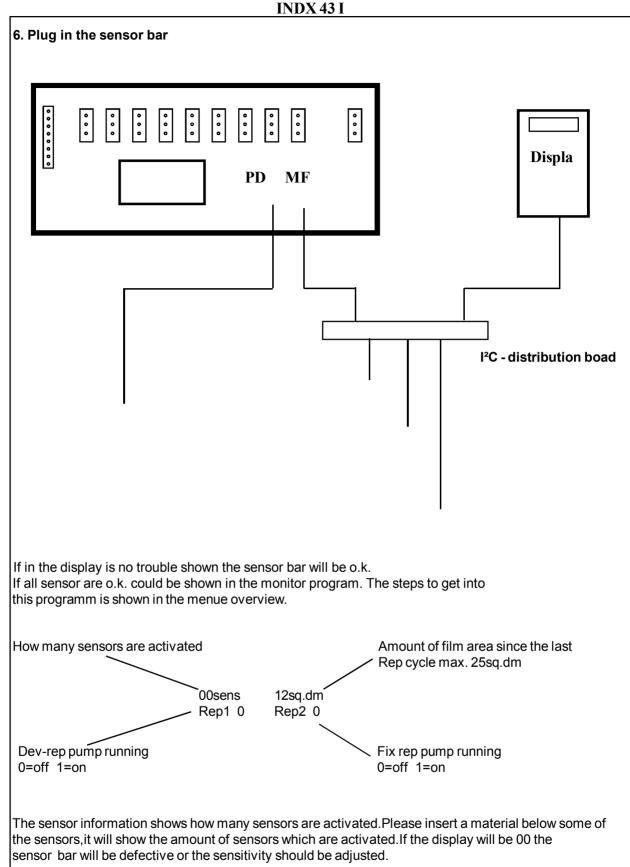
## 4. plug in the Fixer temperature sensor



Press **▼** to see T2 (FIX) and T3 (DRYER)

If no trouble is shown, then the sensor will be o.k. and in the Display will be shown the actual measured temperature +/- 1°C. If or some other indefinable signs are shown the temperature sensor is defective.





**Attention:** The sensitivity of the sensor bar can be adjusted at sensor 1 (multiplexer board) by potentiomener TP1

# 11. MAINTENANCE

The filmprocessor is designed to produce consistent high quality production with the minimum of maintenance.

Regular maintenance minimizes the chances for equipment failure and loss of processing quality. A a well trained person has to be responsible for performing the maintenance of the filmprocessor and must be familiar with the operation and function of the processor as well.

## 1. Daily maintenance

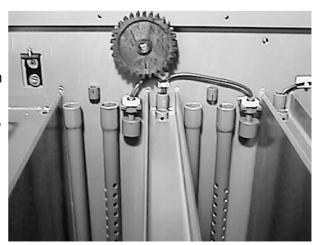
- \*) Check levels of the external replenishmener tanks If necessary mix fresh solution.
- \*) Cleaning feed tray.
- \*) Cleaning spray-bar-guide for the fixer
- \*) Before starting production we advise to feed some cleaning films to remove any overnight residue.
- \*) Use the supplied "spray-bottle" to remove any deposits from the drive gears as shown below:





# 2. Weekly maintenance

- \*) Wipeexternal surfaces of film processor / enclosures / panels with a wet cloth to remove any chemical / dirt deposits.
- \*) Inspect and clean the wash tank and intermediate water rins drains. If algaes present then the should be removed, in such a case we suggest to use a proven algae control system
- \*) Check the shown drain pipes and overflow tubes remove any deposits to prevent blockad of the drain.



# 15. RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE EVERY 3-6 MONTHS.

(Period is subject to processor usage.)

Good processing quality and the reliable operation of a processor is dependent upon regular and careful cleaning. Every 3-6 months, the chemicals in the tanks should be drained.

A chemical cleaning of the processing tanks and wash tank is recommended. Always follow safety code as described in section 1 during cleaning the processor.

Prior to servicing or repairs, switch off the power at the main switch of the processor ensuring it cannot be accidently switched back on. Observe safety rules if machine has to be switched on during servicing (e.g. fault finding).

- \*) Remove cover of the processor.
- \*) Drain individual tanks by open the draintaps in front of the processor.
- \*) Take out the rack assemblies an place them by side.
- \*) Close taps and fill all tanks with water or better with suitable cleaning solution until the red mark inside the tanks are reached.
- \*) Put the replenishment suction pipes into a container filled with water, in order to eliminate all chemicals from the pipes as well.
- \*) Put the racks back into the tanks of the processor and close all covers.
- \*) Switch on the processor and start some replenishment circles. The hoses will be cleaned with water as well. Also start the transport of the processor, the racks has to be in.

  Let the processor run for 10-15 minutes.
- \*) Switch off the main power switch and train the processor tanks again.
- \*) NOTE: Use cleaning solution according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- \*) After tank cleaning, the developer- and wash-tank should be filled twice with fresh water (eventually use neutralizer recommended by manutacturer). Let the processor run for approximately 10 minutes again. Check all hose connectors and fittings for leaks.
- \*) Drain all tanks.
- \*) Remove all racks and check for:
  - -worn gears
  - -damaged or worn bearings
  - -loose screws
  - -scratched or bent film guides
  - -plastic flat springs in developer bottom underturn.
- \*) Repair any damaged parts.
- \*) Check the inside of the tank for contamination and alien substances.
- \*) Clean the rollers well.
- \*) Close the drain taps of all 3 tanks.
- \*) Fill developer and fixer tanks with fresh chemistry to the required level (1st fixer, 2nd developer)
- \*) Fill wash tank.
- \*) Re-install the racks carefully. Take care of correct sequense of the racks is followed and make sure the gears are in the right position. Secure the racks.
- \*) Place the suction pipes of the replenishment system in the correct containers.
  - Warning: Mount all covers / panels to the processor and fix the correspond cover / panel with the mounting screws.
- \*) Process test films.

# **16. TROUBLE SHOOTING**

| Problem  | Possible cause   | Correction   |
|--|--|--|
| 1. Error message Tank1 too cold: Developer temperature more than 1 C below set temperature               | a) Developer bath temperature too low b.)Heater problem c.) No circulation in the bath   | a) Check Heat up time-<br>Check Dev -Temp in 2-3min 1°C<br>temperature increase<br>b) Check in the Monitor mode<br>H1,check the LD3 on main<br>board and check Fuse F3<br>c.)Check circulation pump,<br>check the LD7 on main board<br>check fuse F7 |
| 2. ERROR message :<br>Tank1 too warm<br>Developer temperature<br>more than 1 C above Set-<br>temperature | a) Cooling valve doesn't work b) Water tap closed  | a) Check the cooling assembly, check: FuseF9 / LD9 b) Open water tap   |
| 3. ERROR message :<br>Tank2 too cold<br>Fixertemperature more<br>than 1 C below Set-<br>temperatur       | see point 1  | see point1<br>F4 / LD4<br>F7 / LD7   |
| 4. ERROR message :<br>Tank2 too warm<br>Fixertemperature more<br>than 1 C above Set-<br>temperatur       | see point 2  | see point 2<br>check: FuseF9 / LD9   |
| 5. ERROR message :<br>Dryer to warm<br>Dryer temperature more<br>than 5 C above Set-<br>temperature      | a) Set temperature too low<br>(lower than room<br>temperature)<br>b) no power<br>c) Solid State                                  | a) Change set temperature b) LD1 / circut breaker F1 c.) Solid State Relais down   |
| 6. ERROR message:<br>Motor overload<br>the drive motor did not<br>reach it s Set-speed                   | <ul><li>a.) Main Drive assembly blocked</li><li>b.) Main drive chain to much tension</li><li>c.) Film jam in the racks</li></ul> | <ul><li>a.) Check the main drive for easy running</li><li>b.) Check the chain</li><li>c.) Check the racks</li></ul>  |

| Problem   | Possible cause   | Correction  |
|---|--|---|
| 7. Main drive and dryer run continuously                | a.)Main drive was started in<br>"manual mode"  | a.) Check in the manual programm if "STOP" is shown stop the transport with button. Attention: if also an automatic cycle is started by the sensor bar this cycle will end first. |
|   | b.)Material always under<br>sensorbar.Material not<br>transported/pulled into the<br>processor | b.) Check the Input rubber roller.Check the film casette.   |
|   | c.)Sensor/s at the sensorbar wet or dirty  | c.) Clean the sensor/s  |
|   | d.)Main board defective  | d.) change main board   |
| 8. Material wet when exiting processor                  | a) Dryer temperature too low b) Transport speed to high c) Unusable or wrong                   | a) increase the dryer<br>temperature (max. 60°C)<br>b) Lower the transport speed<br>c) Increase the Repl.rate or  |
|   | Developer or Fixer d) Dryer blows only cold air  | change the chemicals<br>d) Fuse F1 of the dryer heater<br>defective or solid state relais   |
| 9. Temperature problems Temperature is shown incorrect. | The temperature probes has to be positioned according their code.                              | The temperature probes are colour coded   |
|   |  | Developer Yellow<br>Fixer Blue<br>Dryer Red   |

| Problem   | Possible cause   | Correction  |
|---|--|---|
| 10. No fresh water supply                           | a) Water tap is closed<br>b) Watervalve is blocked or<br>faulty<br>c) main board defective<br>d) no power on the valve                         | a) Open water tap b) Clean the small filter in the walve,or exchange it c) Check fuse F8 / LD8  |
| 11. Circulation pump don t<br>work                  | a) Pump wheel is blocked by dirt b.) no power  | a) Clean the pump wheel and<br>make shure easy running<br>b.) check Fuse F7 / LD7   |
| 12.Level in water tank to high, watertank overflows | a.)Water drain/overflow blocked  b.) Worse water drain installation  | a.) Clean the water tank and clean the overflow and the water drain. b.) modify the water drain installation  |
| 13. Level in Developer- or Fixertank to low.        | a.)Tank leaks b.)Too low replenishment rate or too long anti ox. cycle c.)Replenishment container empty d.)no power on the replenishment pumps | a.)Seal the tank leak  b.)Increase the replenishment rate or decrease the Anti ox cycle time c.) Fill up the replenishment containers d.)Check Fuse F5 / F6 check LD5 / LD6 Clean the replenishment pump or exchange it |

| Pro | blem                       | Pos | ssible cause  | Cor | rection  |
|-----|----------------------------|-----|---|-----|--|
|     |                            |     |   |     |  |
| 14. | CHEMICAL<br>TEMPERATURE    | A)  | Incorrect temperature   | A)  | Program the tempera-<br>ture correctly.            |
|     | CANNOT BE<br>REACHED       | B)  | Temperature sensor is faulty.   | B)  | Replace the tempera-<br>ture sensor.               |
|     |                            | C)  | The processor was started without liquid in tanks. The safety fuses at the heating element have interrupted the current supply. | C)  | Reset the safety fuse.                             |
|     |                            | D)  | PDB is faulty.  | D)  | Replace PDB.                                       |
|     |                            |     |   | •   |  |
| 15. | SCRATCHES OR PRESSURE      | A)  | Unsuitable handling of the processing materials.  | A)  | Handle material carefully.                         |
|     | MARKS                      | B)  | Cross over rollers are dirty.   | B)  | Clean all rollers above fluid level.               |
|     |                            | C)  | Bent guide bars   | C)  | Clean and check guide bars. If nesassary, replace. |
|     |                            |     |   |     |  |
| 16. | MATERIAL<br>REMAINS IN THE | A)  | Material fed incorrectly.   | A)  | The material must be fed in straight.              |
|     | PROCESSOR                  | B)  | Material has excessive curl.  | B)  | Fold leading edges and feed in the processor.      |
|     |                            | C)  | Material is too thin.   | C)  | Use a leader to process                            |
|     |                            | D)  | Rollers aren't rotating.  | D)  | Check gears and the position of the loose rollers. |
| 17. | PROCESSOR<br>COULD NOT BE  | A)  | Main cable isn't plugged.   | A)  | Plug in main cable correctly.                      |
|     | SWITCHED ON                | B)  | Main fuse is faulty.  | B)  | Check main fuse.                                   |

| prol | blem                         | pos            | sible cause   | corr | rection   |
|------|------------------------------|----------------|---|------|---|
|      |                              |                |   |      |   |
| 18.  | PAPER OR FILM<br>TOO LIGHT   | A)             | Bath temp is too low  | A)   | Adapt the bath temperature to the recommended process or change chemistry.                      |
|      |                              | B)             | Transport speed is too high.  | B)   | Decrease transport speed.   |
|      |                              | C)             | Exposure time is too short.   | C)   | Increase exposure time.   |
|      |                              | D)             | Bath level ist too deep (no heating and circulation)  | D)   | Fill bath to the right level.<br>Check Replenish-tanks.   |
|      |                              | E)             | Developer exhausted   | E)   | Replenish or change chemistry.  |
|      |                              | F)             | Fixer getting into developer (Dev becomes cloudy)   | F)   | Carefully clean the tank and replace chemistry.   |
|      |                              | G)             | Exposure settings are incorrect or machine is faulty.   | G)   | Adjust setting or repair faults.  |
| 19.  | PAPER OR FILM<br>TOO DARK    | A)             | Developer termperature is too high.   | A)   | Decrease developer temperature.   |
|      |                              | B)<br>C)<br>D) | Processing time is too slow.<br>Exposure time is too long.<br>After new chemistry: starter<br>is missing. | C)   | Increase processing time.<br>Reduce exposure time.<br>Add starter according to<br>instructions. |
| 20.  | PAPER OR FILM<br>IS FOGGED   | A)             | Light leak in darkroom or cassette  | A)   | Seal off light leak.  |
|      | 10 1 00025                   | B)             | Incorrect darkroom light  | B)   | Check filter, wattage and distance from the dark-room lamp to the processor.                    |
|      |                              | C)             | Material is outdated.   | C)   | Check date of maturity.   |
| 21.  | PAPER OR FILM<br>HAS YELLOW- | A)             | Unsuitable hand processing material is used.  | A)   | Only use material suitable for roller processing.   |
|      | GREEN SURFACE                | B)             | Fixer is exhausted.   | B)   | Replenish or change chemistry.  |
|      |                              | C)             | Level of fixer bath has<br>dropped (Temperature<br>safety fuse has been                                   | C)   | Check level of the replenishment containers. Fill up the bath to the                            |
|      |                              | D)             | activated).<br>Circulation pumps have<br>failed.  | D)   | required level. Check the pump motor. Eventually replace it.                                    |

# Processor: Colenta INDX 43i (RDM0-9/0- 950) PR FANWEISUNG NACH INSTALLATION, REPARATUR - UND SERVICEARBEITEN S N: DIESE PR F N EIS N IS N RF R LIFI IER E SER ICE EC NI ER ES IMM C ec lise rD rc f r g es es es: RN N: Fes a sc 1 : S ec era sc 1: Sc lei erpr f g: Pr f ermer e: arf e er o 3 mO m ic ersc rei e

### INDX 43 I

| Feeder: - Erdungsschraube Netzteil-Seitenteil - Ventilator - Netzteil-Montagewinkel - Feeder-Konstruktion - Feeder-Abdeckung.   |  |
|---|--|
| 2. Isolationswiderstand:  Der Widerstand zwischen allen elektrischen Teilen (L/N) und dem Schutzleiter darf den Wert von 2 MOhm nicht unterschreiten.  Pr fvoraussetzungen:  # Hauptschalter in Stellung "1"                            | Safety Tester: ID Nr.: Kalibrierdatum: gemessen: MOhm  # o.k. # nicht o.k. |
| 3. Ableitstrom (Ersatzableitstrom):  Mit dem Safety Tester ist nur die Messung des Ersatzableitstroms m glich.  Der Ersatzableitstrom darf den Wert von 4 mA nicht berschreiten.  Pr fvoraussetzungen:  # Hauptschalter in Stellung "1" | Safety Tester: ID Nr.: Kalibrierdatum : gemessen: mA                       |

#### **INDX 43 I**

| e ) Ist das Typenschild / Leistungsschild am Processor vorhanden?   | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
|---|--------|--------------|
| f ) Sind alle internen Abdeckungen richtig montiert ?   | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
| g ) Sind alle steckbaren Schutzleiterverbindungen zuverlässig angesteckt ?  | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
| h ) Sind alle äußeren Processor-Abbdeckungen zuverlässog verschraubt ?  | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
| i ) Sind alle äußeren Feeder-Abdeckungen und die obere Feeder-Abdeckung zuverlässig verschraubt                                     | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
| j ) Ist das Processor-Trockner-Rack , mit der Halteplatte auf der linken Seite, mechanisch gegen Herausziehen zuverlässig gesichert | # o.k. | # nicht o.k. |
|   |        |              |
| 5. Interlock Switches des Processors auf Funktion pr fen:   |        |              |

### 6. Funktionspr fung nach Bedienungsanleitung:

Es mu mindestens eine Aufheizphase der Heizungen abgepr ft werden.

# Obere Maschinenabdeckung - Interlock Switch ......

Weiters mu ein Testlauf durchgef hrt werden, um sicherzustellen, da

die Funktion des Processors gew hrleistet ist.

# o.k. # nicht o.k.

# nicht o.k.

# o.k.

### 7. Processor auf Dichtheit pr fen

# Interne und externe Verschlauchung.....

# o.k. # nicht o.k.

### 8. Bemerkung:

Alle hier aufgelisteten Pr fpunkte m ssen der Reihe nach durchgef hrt und bestanden werden. Werden M ngel festgestellt, dann m ssen diese behoben werden.

Nach Behebung der M ngel sind alle Pr fungen (Schutzleiterwiderstand, Ableitstrom, Isolations=

widerstand) erneut durchzuf hren.

# Spare parts list Ersatzteilliste for

# Colenta INDX 43 I Filmprocessor





Colenta

MP800 V2.8 r07 und up

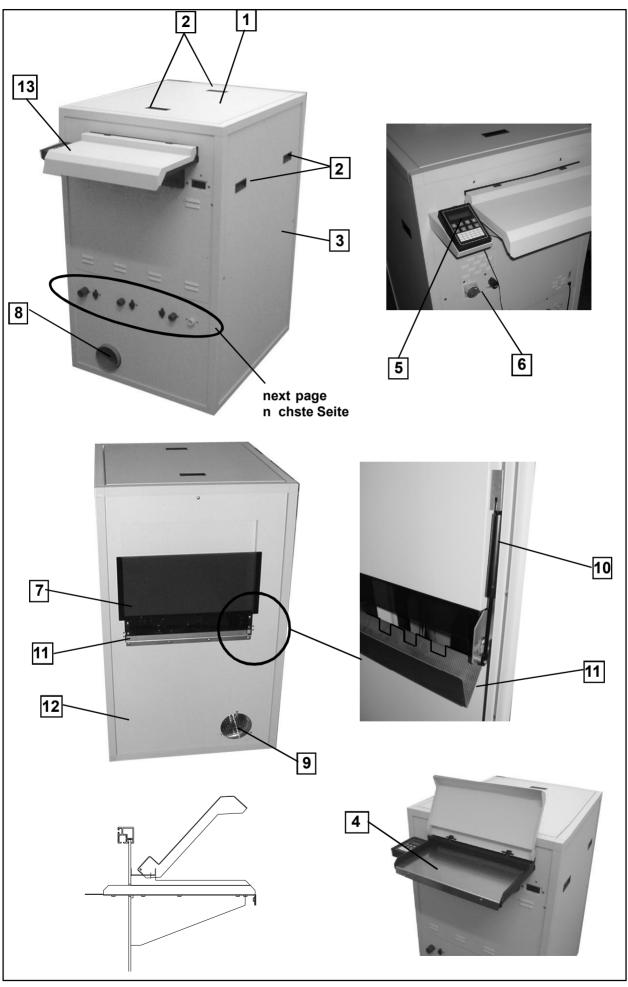
02/2005 AN

## Colanta

### **INDX 43 I**

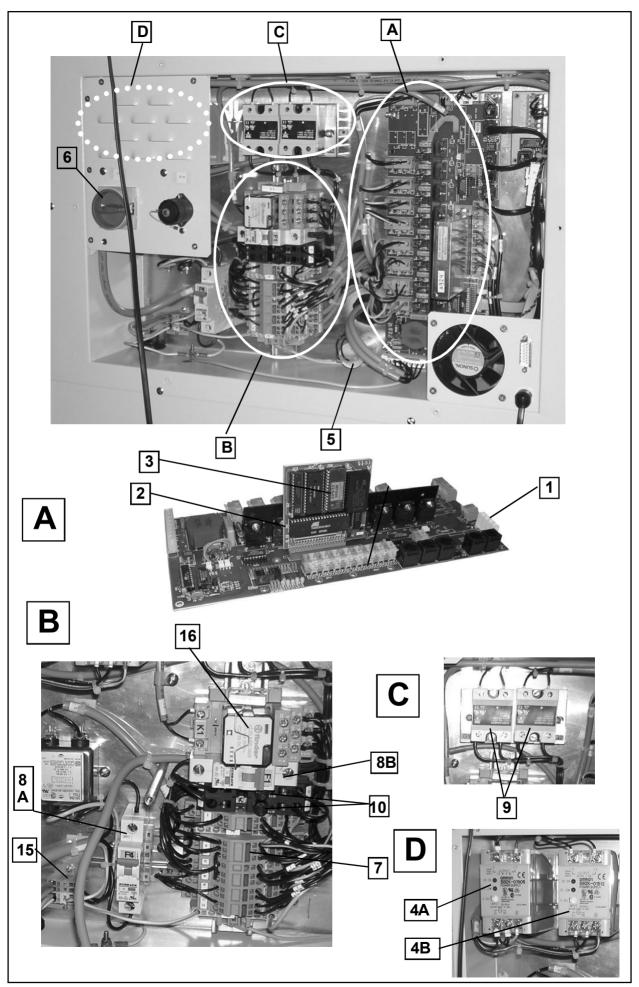
| Inhalt                      | Index                         | pages     |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|
|                             |                               |           |
| Abk rzungen und Erkl rungen | Abbreviations and definitions | next page |
| Gesamt bersicht             | General view                  | 1         |
| Lastverteilung              | Power distribution            | 2         |
| Temperaturf hler            | Temp. probes                  | 3         |
| Tankk rper                  | Tankbody                      | 4         |
| Umw Izung/Heizung           | Circulation/heating           | 5         |
| L ftereinheit               | Dryer fan unit                | 6         |
| Absaugung                   | Exhaust device                | 7         |
| Filtersystem f r DEV        | Filtersystem for DEV          | 8         |
| Spray-bar f r Fixiertank    | Spray-bar assy for fix-tank   | 9         |
| Rack bersicht               | General view of rack          | 10        |
| Zahnr der                   | Gears                         | 11        |
| Trockner                    | Dryer                         | 12        |
| Zubeh rund Kleinteile       | Fittings and miscellaneous    | 13        |
| Eingabetisch                | Feedtable                     | 14        |

| Abk | Abk rzungen und Erkl rungen Abbreviations and Definitions |                                    |                 |   |            |   |                |
|-----|---|------------------------------------|-----------------|---|------------|---|----------------|
|     |   |                                    |                 |   |            |   |                |
| Abk | rzu   | ngen                               | / abbreviations | Erkl run  | gen        | Definitio                                   | ns             |
|     |   | W                                  |                 | Wasser  |            | Wash  |                |
|     | E   | 1                                  | Dev             | Entwickler  |            | Developer                                   |                |
|     | F   | 1                                  | Fix             | Fixierer  |            | Fixer                                       |                |
|     |   | MW                                 |                 | Mittelwalze                                       | en         | Centre rolle                                | ers            |
|     |   | M 5x                               | 20              | Dimension<br>M = metris<br>5 = Au er<br>20= L nge | ch<br>1-   | Dimension M = metric 5 = outside 20= length | e-             |
|     |   | A 4                                |                 | Material vo<br>Muttern,                           |            | , Material of                               | screws, nuts,  |
|     |   | PT                                 |                 | Spezialsch<br>Kunststoff                          | raube f r  | Special scr<br>plastic                      | rew for        |
|     |   | PDB                                |                 | Lastverteili                                      | ung        | Power distr                                 | ribution board |
|     |   | CPU                                |                 | Rechnereir  | nheit      | Central pro                                 | cessor unit    |
|     |   | РСВ                                |                 | Electronik-l                                      | Platine    | Electronic l                                | board          |
|     |   |                                    |                 |   |            |   |                |
|     | =   | 1                                  | Т               | Z hne   |            | Teeth                                       |                |
|     |   | m 1.                               | 5               | Modul von   | Zahnr dern | Tooth pitch                                 | 1              |
|     |   | T5                                 | B6              | Teilung<br>Breite                                 | 5mm<br>6mm | Spacing<br>Width                            | 5mm<br>6mm     |
|     |   | KS<br>PA<br>PE<br>POM<br>PP<br>PVC |                 | Materialier                                       | 1          | Materials                                   |                |
|     |   | EH                                 |                 | Eingabeh  | he         | Feed-level                                  |                |
|     |   | TR                                 |                 | Trockner  |            | Dryer                                       |                |
|     |   |                                    |                 |   |            |   |                |



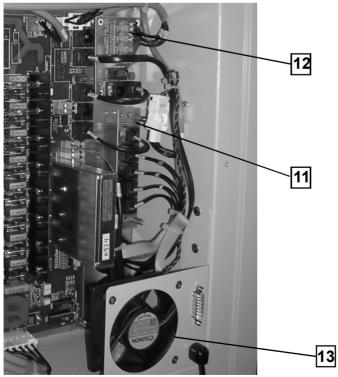
Seite 1.1 02/2005AN page 1.1 **Colenta** 

| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no.     | Beschreibung            | De                       | escription                                  |
|------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|---|
|      |                         |                         |                          |   |
| 1    | 90 14 403               | Deckel OBEN             | Co                       | ver TOP                                     |
| 2    | 89 01 402               | Griffschalen schwarz    | gri                      | p black                                     |
| 3    | 90 14 386               | Verkleidung LINKS+REC   | CHTS <b>INDX</b> Pa      | nel LEFT+RIGHT <b>INDX</b>                  |
| 4    | 90 14 811               | Eingabeblech INDX MF8   | 800 Fil                  | m input guide INDX MF800                    |
| 5    | 90 32 035               | Bedienteil kompl.       | Us                       | er Panel assy                               |
| 6    | 90 20 749               | Hauptschalter           | Ma                       | ain switch                                  |
| 7    | 90 16 604               | Filmklappe              | Fil                      | m lid                                       |
| 8    | 90 20 589               | Schutzgitter Abluft     | Sa                       | fety barriers - air                         |
| 9    | 90 00 039               | Schutzgitter            | Ra                       | diator                                      |
| 10   | 89 07 699               | Gasdruckfeder           | Ga                       | as spring                                   |
| 11   | 90 16 596               | Filmauffangblech INDX 4 | <b>I3</b> Fil            | mguide <b>INDX 43</b>                       |
| 12   | 90 16 593               | Verkleidung hinten IND) | ( <b>43</b> Ex           | it-cover INDX 43                            |
| 13   | 88 00 335               | 1-Weg Ventil            | 1-\                      | vay water valve                             |
|      | aterdrain<br>asserabflu | Fix-drain<br>Abflu Fix  | DEV-drain<br>Abflu DEV   | 1 Way water solenoid<br>1 fach Magnetventil |
|      |                         |                         |                          | 13  |
| -8   |                         |                         |                          |   |
|      |                         | 90 61 040 Absperrhahn L | 90 61 039  INKS Stop cod | Absperrhahn RECHTS<br>Stop cock RIGHT       |

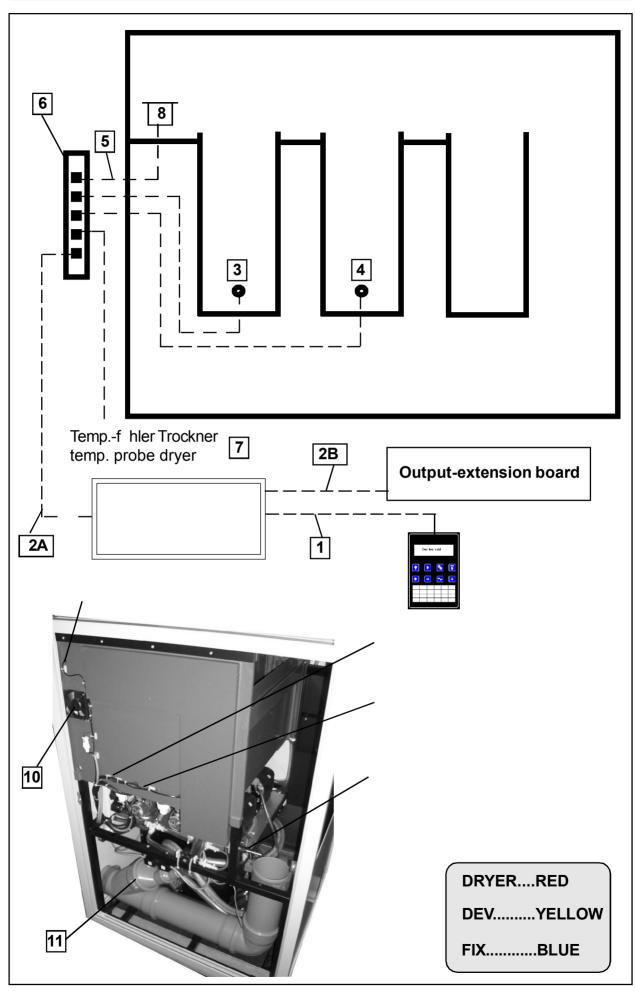


Seite 2.1 02/2005AN page 2.1 **Colenta** 

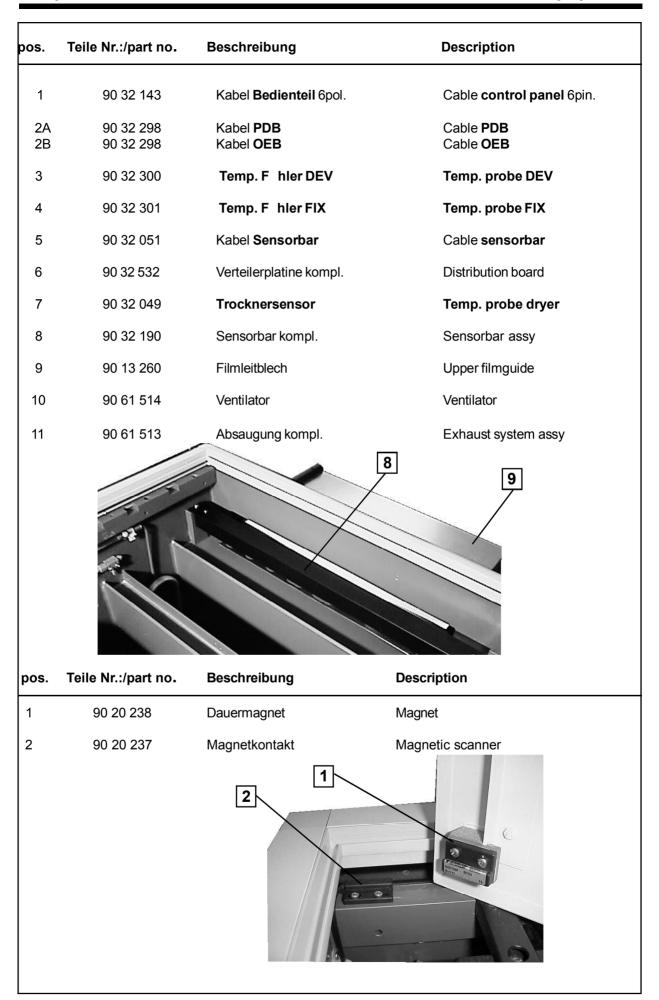
| Last     | verteilung             | INDX 43 I  | Power distribution                       |
|----------|------------------------|--|--|
| pos.     | Teile Nr.:/part no.    | Beschreibung   | Description                              |
| 1        | 90 32 176              | MF800 Hauptplatine V13.1 S1                              | <b>MF800</b> main board V13.1S1          |
| 2        | 90 32 331              | CPU MF700 R11/01/V1                                      | CPU MF700 R11/01/V1                      |
| 3        | 90 32 205              | EPROM Ver.: MF800V2.8r07                                 | EPROM ver.: MF800V2.8r07                 |
| 4A<br>4B | 90 90 188<br>90 90 189 | Netzteil 5V<br>Netzteil 12V                              | Power supply 5V<br>Power supply 12V      |
| 5        | 90 30 083              | Motor-Kondensator  | Main drive motor capacitor               |
| 6        | 90 20 749              | Netzschalter   | Main switch                              |
| 7        | 90 20 605              | Klemmleiste X1   | Terminal block X1                        |
| 8A<br>8B | 90 20 061<br>90 20 060 | Leitungsschutzschalter 16A<br>Leitungsschutzschalter 13A | Circut breaker 16A<br>Circut breaker 13A |
| 9        | 90 30 384              | Solid State Relais kompl. DC                             | Solid state relais assy DC               |
| 10       | 90 20 052              | Sicherung T 6,3A   | Fuse T 6,3 A                             |
| 11       | 90 32 532              | Verteilerplatine kompl.                                  | Distribution board                       |
| 12       | 90 32 138              | Erweiterungsboard 8pin                                   | Output extansionboard 8pin               |
| 13       | 90 61 515              | L fter komp.   | Ventilator assy                          |
| 14       | 90 20 743              | Netzfilter   | Linefilter                               |
| 15       | 90 20 752              | Netzanschlu klemme X2                                    | Powerterminal X2                         |
| 16       | 90 30 885              | Relais   | Relay                                    |
| 2        |                        | 12   | 14                                       |

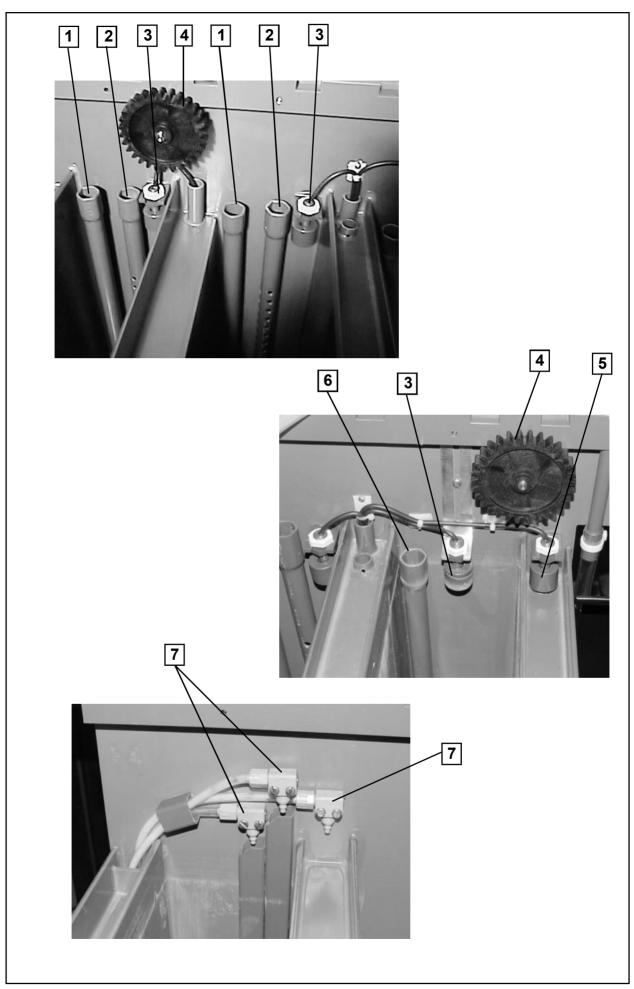




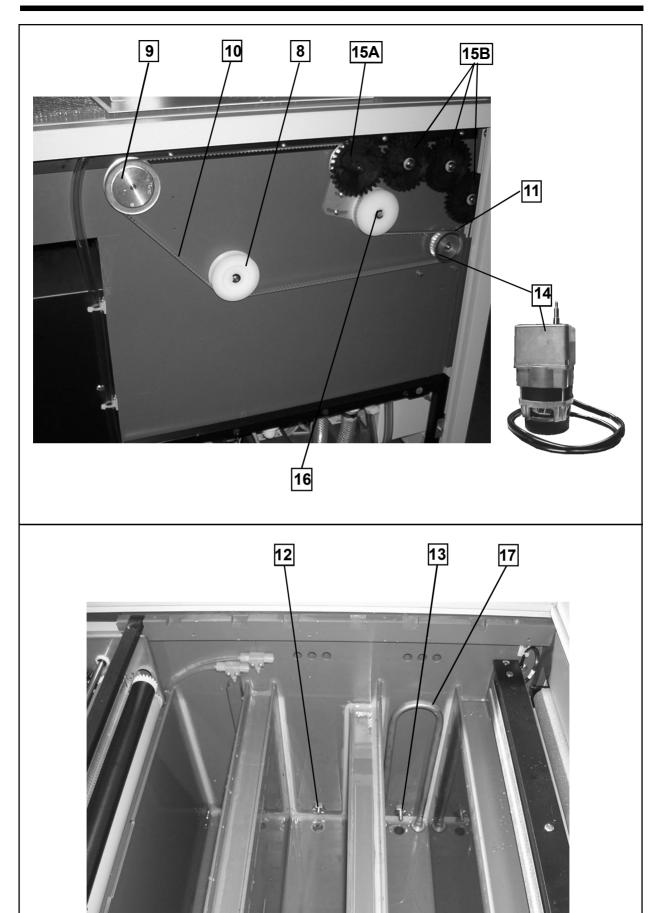


Seite 3.1 02/2005AN page 3.1 **Colenta** 



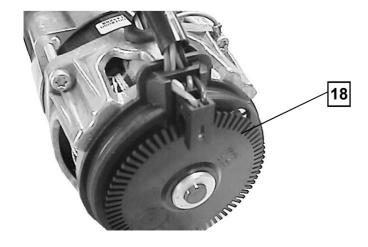


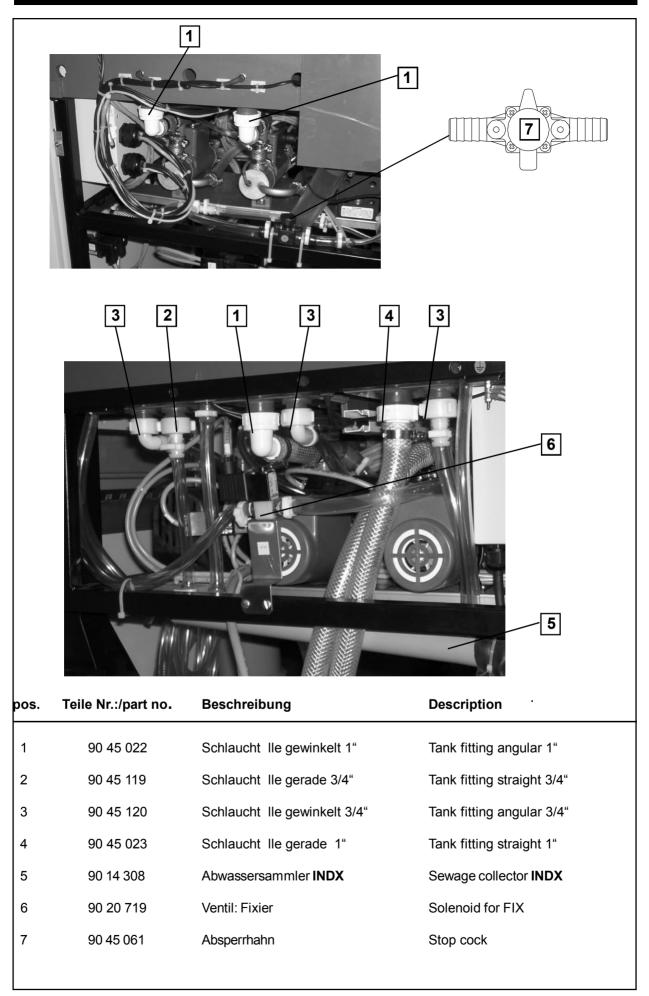
Seite 4.1 02/2005AN page 4.1 **Colenta** 

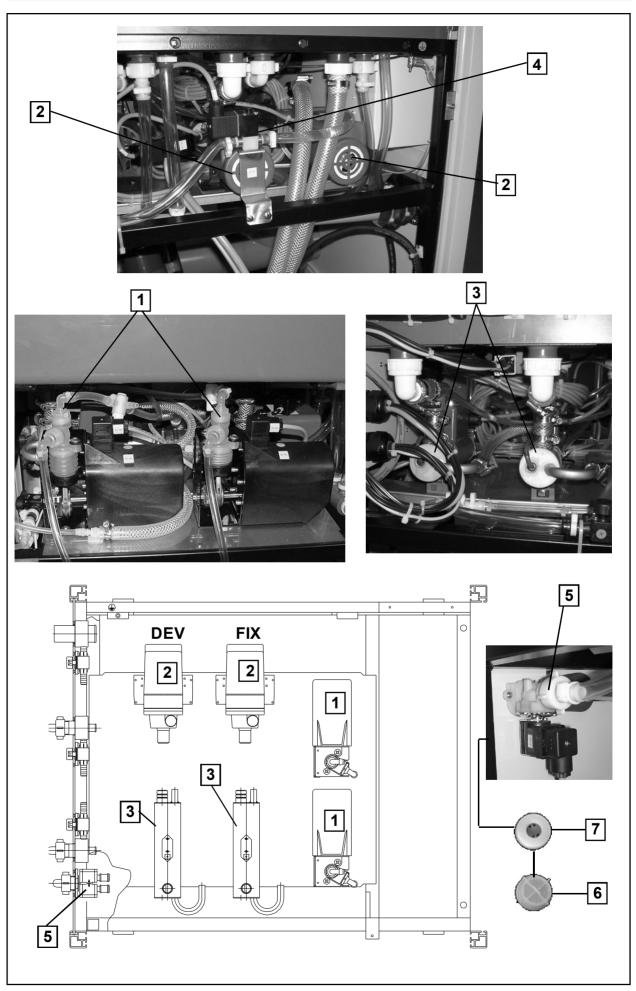


Seite 4.2 02/2005AN page 4.2 **Colenta** 

| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung               | Description                        |
|------|---------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1    | 90 14 292           | berlaufrohr E+F <b>6MW</b> | Overflow stand pipe Dev+Fix 6MW    |
| 2    | 90 14 291           | Einstr mrohr E+F 6MW       | Circulation inlet pipe Dev+Fix 6MW |
| 3    | 90 20 200           | Niveauschalter E+F         | Level switch Dev+Fix               |
| 4    | 90 12 017           | Zahnrad Z30 m2.5           | Gear 30T m2.5                      |
| 5    | 90 61 016           | Niveauschalter W           | Level switch Water                 |
| 6    | 90 14 293           | berlaufrohr Wasser 6MW     | Overflow stand pipe water 6MW      |
| 7    | 90 14 184           | Einstr md se L             | Waterinlet L-fitting               |
| 8    | 90 16 651           | PA-Umlenkrolle             | PA-guide pully                     |
| 9    | 90 16 650           | ALU-Zahnscheibe            | ALU-ratched wheel                  |
| 10   | 90 14 276           | Zahnriemen                 | Drive belt                         |
| 11   | 90 16 603           | Motorritzel                | Ratched wheel for drive motor      |
| 12   | 90 16 268           | Tempf hler Geh use FIX     | Temp. probe-housing FIX            |
| 13   | 90 16 265           | Temp.f hler Geh use DEV    | Temp. probe-housing DEV            |
| 14   | 90 32 032           | Antriebsmotor MP800 kompl. | Main drive motor <b>MP800</b> assy |
| 15A  | 90 16 786           | Kombination Z30/ALU kompl. | Drive assy Z30/ALU assy            |
| 15B  | 90 16 652           | Zahnrad Z30 m2.5 O         | Gear 30t m2.5 O                    |
| 16   | 90 14 285           | Spannrolle kompl.          | Idler pully assy                   |
| 17   | 90 17 102           | K hischlange 6MW kompl.    | Cooling coil assy                  |
| 18   | 90 61 214           | Z hlvorrichtung kompl.     | Speed counter assy                 |

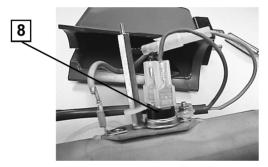




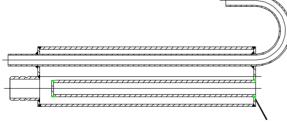


Seite 5.1 02/2005AN page 5.1 **Colenta** 

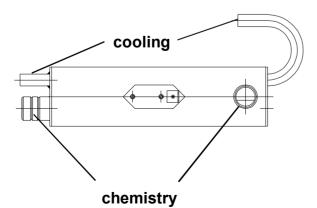
| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung                     | Description                          |
|------|---------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1    | 90 61 174           | Regenerierpumpe E+F              | Replenishment pumps single head E+F  |
| 2    | 90 61 143           | Umw Izpumpe <b>DEV FIX</b> 35L   | Circulation pump <b>DEV FIX</b> 35L  |
| 3    | 90 61 169           | W rmetauscher 350W E+F           | Heat exchanger assy 350W E+F         |
| 4    | 90 20 719           | Ventil: Fixier                   | Solenoid for FIX                     |
| 5    | 88 00 335           | 1-Weg Ventil                     | 1-way water valve                    |
| 6    | 90 20 322           | Durchflu mengenregler 3L         | Waterflow regulator 3L               |
| 7    | 90 45 141           | Filterereinsatz Magnetventil     | Water solenoid filter                |
| 8    | 90 20 216           | bertemperatursicherung           | Overtemperature thermistor           |
| 9    | 90 61 059           | Heizeinsatz 350 W <b>DEV FIX</b> | Heating element 350 W <b>DEV FIX</b> |
| 10   | 90 61 779           | K hler kompl. INDX43i            | Chiller assy INDX43i                 |

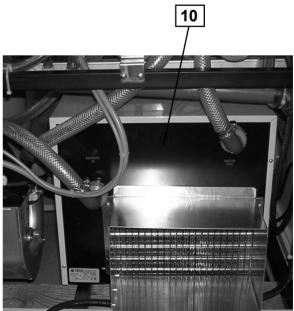


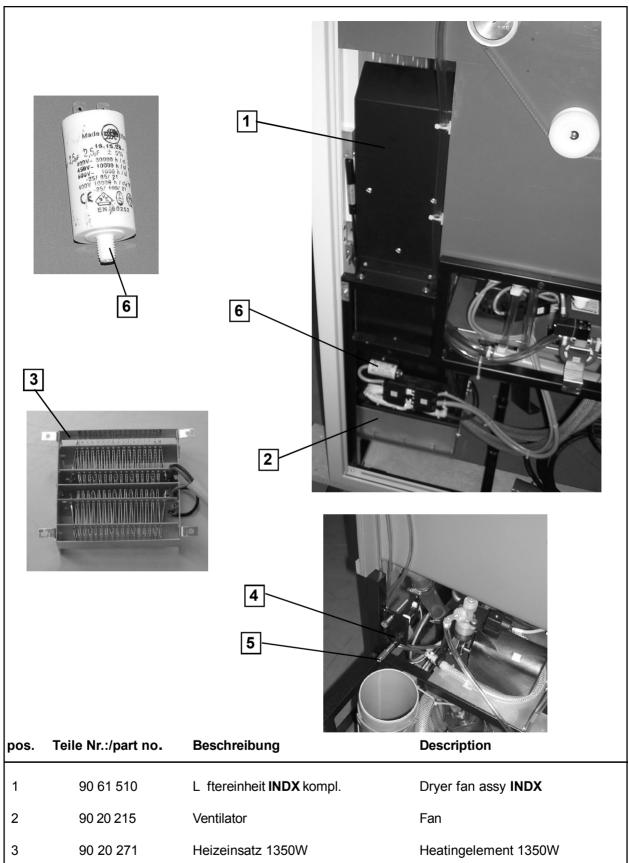




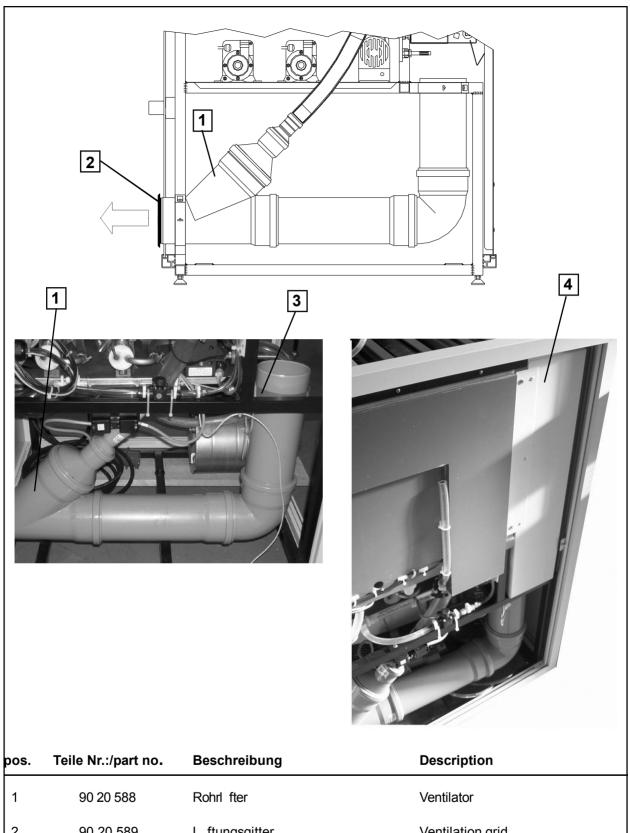
tube for heating element



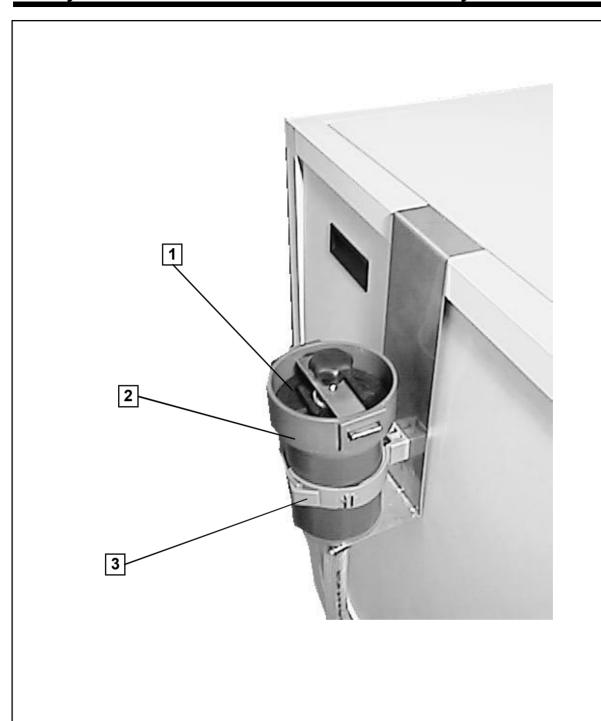




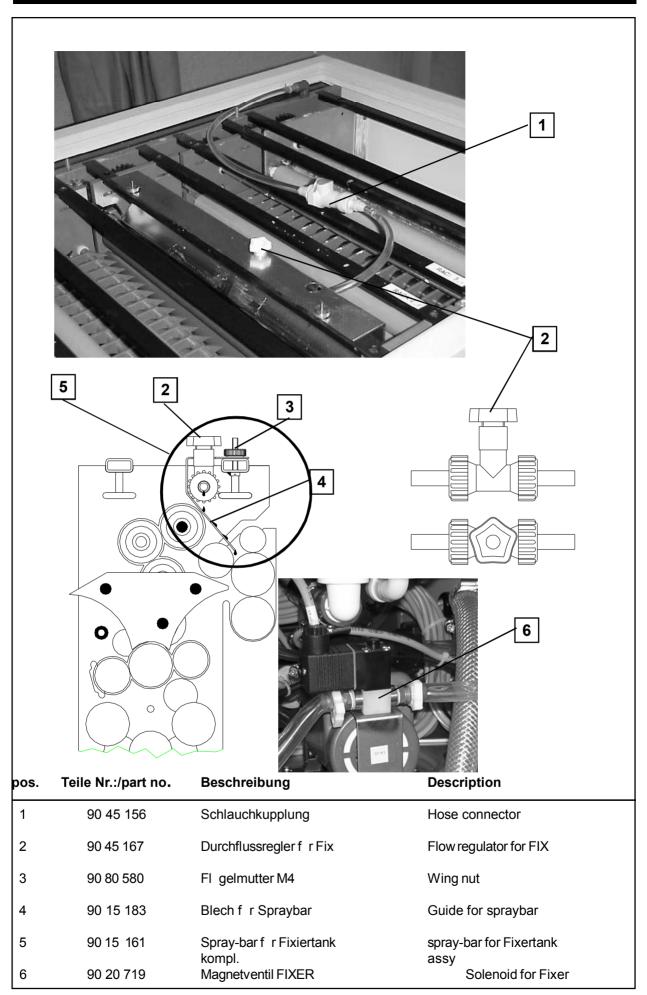
| - | -         |   | •                              |
|---|-----------|---|--------------------------------|
| 1 | 90 61 510 | L ftereinheit <b>INDX</b> kompl.          | Dryer fan assy <b>INDX</b>     |
| 2 | 90 20 215 | Ventilator                                | Fan                            |
| 3 | 90 20 271 | Heizeinsatz 1350W                         | Heatingelement 1350W           |
| 4 | 89 05 747 | Anbauverschraubung M16                    | Screw joint M16                |
| 5 | 90 16 678 | Metallgeh use f r Trockner-<br>tempf hler | Housing for temp probe dryer   |
| 6 | 90 30 118 | 2 F Kondensator f. L fter                 | 2 F capacitor for fan dry unit |



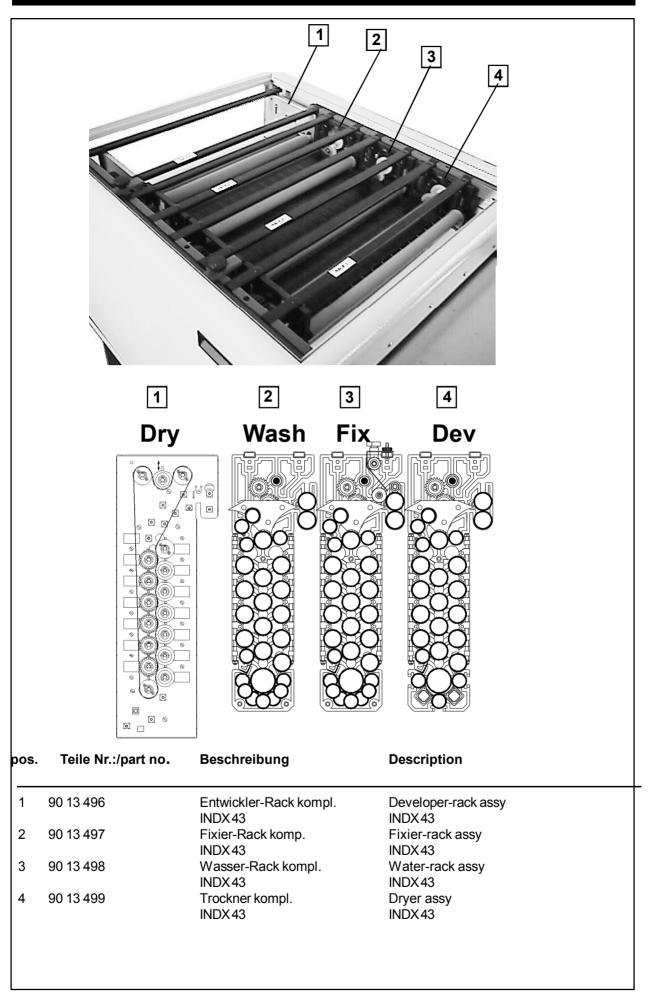
| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung                        | Description                   |  |
|------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| 1    | 90 20 588           | Rohrl fter                          | Ventilator                    |  |
| 2    | 90 20 589           | L ftungsgitter                      | Ventilation grid              |  |
| 3    | 90 45 155           | Schelle D=90mm                      | Clip D=90mm                   |  |
| 4    | 90 17 144           | Abluftschacht                       | Airchannel                    |  |
| 5    | 90 17 145           | Verbinder zu position 4 (kein bild) | connector to pos 4 (no image) |  |

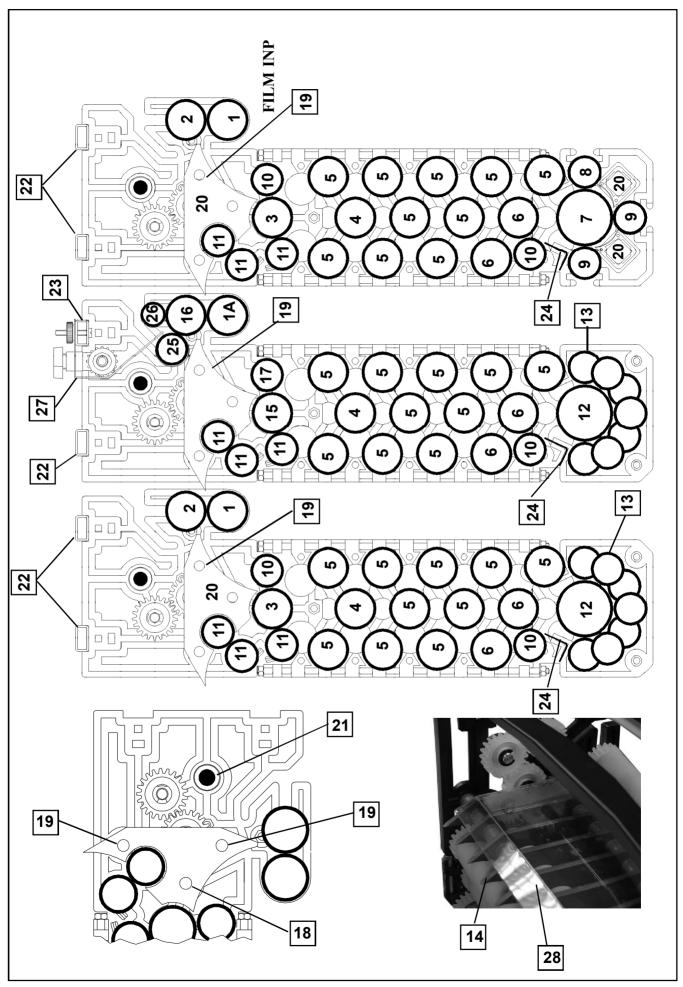


| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung      | Description       |
|------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1    | 89 07 426           | Filterpatrone     | Filter cartrige   |
| 2    | 89 07 493           | PVC-Filtergeh use | PVC-filter casing |
| 3    | 90 45 155           | Schelle D=90mm    | Clip D=90mm       |
|      |                     |                   |                   |
|      |                     |                   |                   |
|      |                     |                   |                   |



Seite 9.1 02/2005AN page 9.1 **Colenta** 

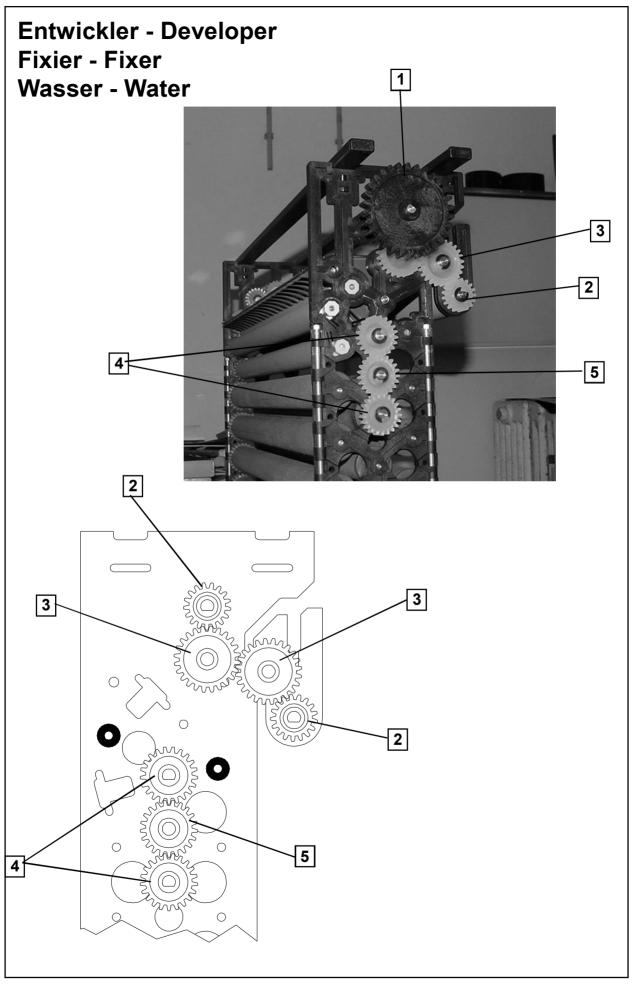


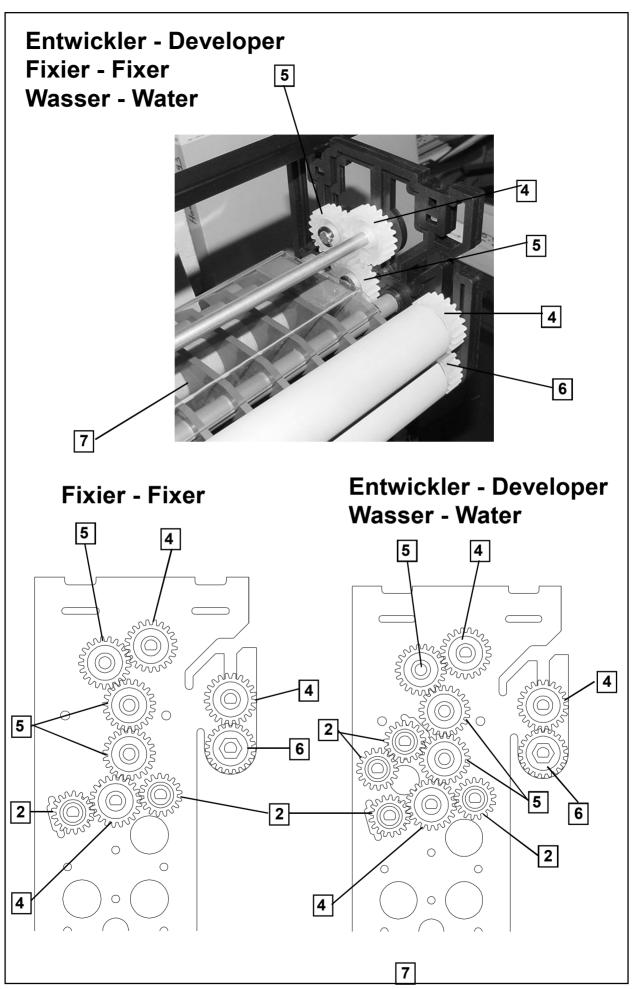


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| pos.      | Teile Nr.:/<br>part no. | Beschreibung  | Description  |
|-----------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 1<br>1A   | 90 12 642<br>90 15 197  | Abquetschwalze Gummi 32 unten<br>Abquetschwalze INDX Gummi 32 unten | Squeeze roller, rubber 32 down<br>Squeeze roller INDX rubber 32 down |
| 2         | 90 12 607               | Abquetschwalze Gummi 32 oben  | Squeezze roller, rubber 32 up  |
| 3         | 90 12 733               | Abquetschwalze PE 32  | Squeeze roller, PE 32  |
| 4         | 90 15 177               | Mittelwalze INDX 32/43  | Centre roller INDX 32/43   |
| 5         | 90 12 648               | Rackwalze Standard 32 verst rkt                                     | Rack roller, standard 32 reinforced                                  |
| 6         | 90 15 178               | Rackwalze B4/B7 - INDX 32/43  | Rack roller B4/B7 - INDX 32/43                                       |
| 7         | 90 15 121               | Umlenkwalze Gummi 44  | Turn around roller, rubber 44  |
| 8         | 90 15 115               | Umlenkwalze Gummi 26  | Turn around roller, rubber 26  |
| 9         | 90 15 149               | Umlenkwalze PE 26   | Turn around roller, PE 26  |
| 10        | 90 12 847               | Abquetschwalze PE 25,9  | Squeeze roller,PE 25,9   |
| 11        | 90 15 187               | Abquetschwalze Gummi 25,9   | Squeeze roller,rubber 25,9   |
| 12        | 90 16 369               | Umlenkwalze PVC 44  | Turn around roller, PVC 44   |
| 13        | 90 16 363               | Rollenumlenkung 43 komp.  | Roller turn around unit 43 assy                                      |
| 14        | 90 15 180               | bergaberechen fr E/F/W  | Cross over segment for DEV/FIX/Wash as                               |
| 15        | 90 16 605               | PE-Walze 902-0410   | PE-roller 902-0410   |
| 16        | 90 16 606               | PE-Walze 902-0411   | PE-roller 902-0411   |
| 17        | 90 12 847               | Abquetschwalze PE 25,9  | Squeeze roller,PE 25,9   |
| 18        | 90 12 588               | Rackverschraubung 43  | Spacer 43  |
| 19        | 90 12 570               | Halter Typ B 43   | Spacer Typ B 43  |
| 20        | 90 61 211               | Umlenkung mit Abq. kompl.   | Turn around segment with squeeze assy                                |
| 21        | 90 13 747               | Antriebswelle 43  | Main drive shaft 43  |
| 22        | 90 13 750               | Trageschiene Nassrack 902/3   | Rack carrier support bracket 902/3                                   |
| 23        | 90 15 182               | Trageschiene "Spraybar"   | Rack carrier support bracket "Spraybar"                              |
| 24        | 90 15 198               | Leitblech Umlenkung 43  | Guide 43   |
| 25        | 90 12 792               | Umlenkwalze GU 25   | Turn around roller rubber 25   |
| 26        | 90 15 179               | Stahlwalze 19   | Steelroller 19   |
| 27        | 90 15 183               | Blech f r "Spraybar"  | Guide for "Spraybar"   |
| 28<br>28A | 90 16 644<br>90 16 645  | Abdeckung Rack EntwWasser INDX<br>Abdeckung Rack Fixier INDX        | Cover Rack Dev/Wash INDX<br>Cover Rack Fix INDX                      |

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### Entwickler - Developer Fixier - Fixer Wasser - Water

| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no.    | Beschreibung                                   | Description                            |
|------|------------------------|--|--|
| 1    | 90 12 017              | Zahnrad Z30 m2.5                               | Gear 30T m2.5                          |
| 2    | 90 14 104              | Zahnrad Z17 D-Loch                             | Gear 17T D-hole                        |
| 3    | 90 14 105              | Zahnrad Z24 O-Loch                             | Gear 24T O-hole                        |
| 4    | 90 14 108              | Zahnrad Z21 D-Loch                             | Gear 21T D-hole                        |
| 5    | 90 14 107              | Zahnrad Z21 O-Loch                             | Gear 21T O-hole                        |
| 6    | 90 14 116              | Zahnrad Z24 D-Loch 33mm                        | Gear 24T D-hole 33mm                   |
| 7    | 90 16 644<br>90 16 644 | PVC-Abdeckung RACK E/W<br>PVC-Abdeckung RACK F | PVC-cover rack E/W<br>PVC-cover rack F |

### bearing octagonal/Lagerbuchsen

Ø5.2







90 12 111

Ø6.2





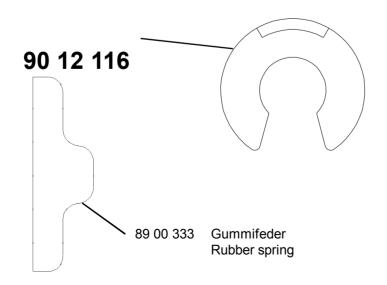


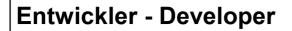
Ø8.2

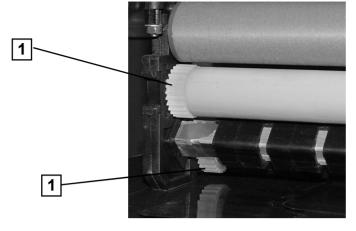




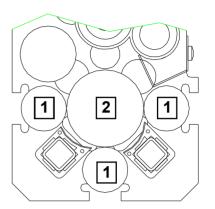
90 12 113



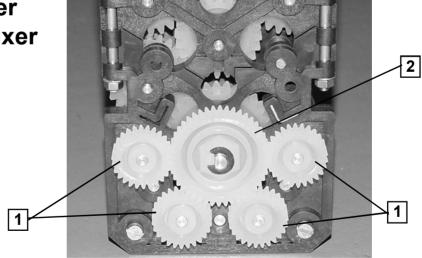




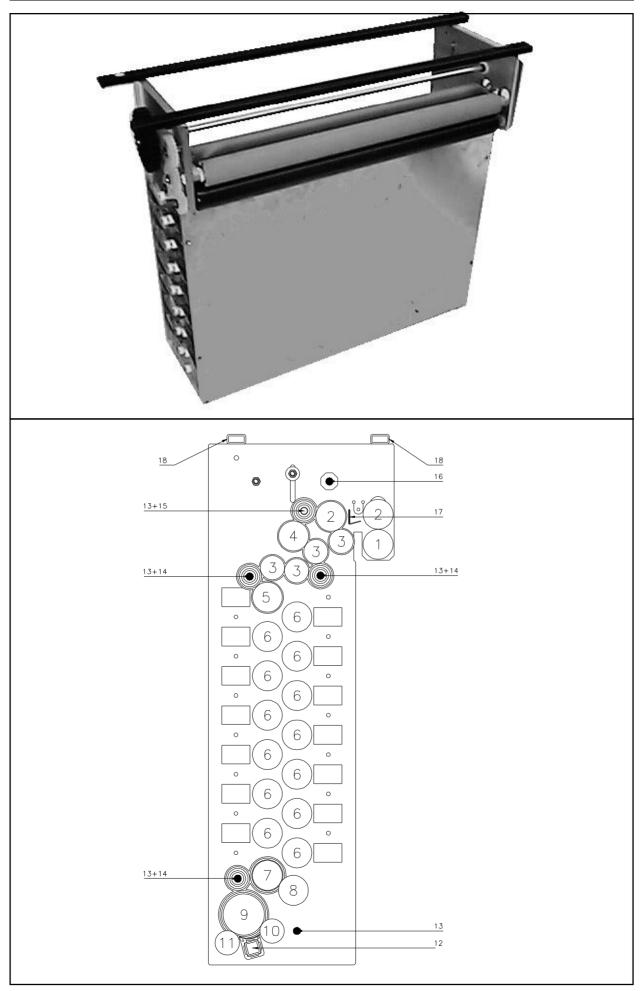




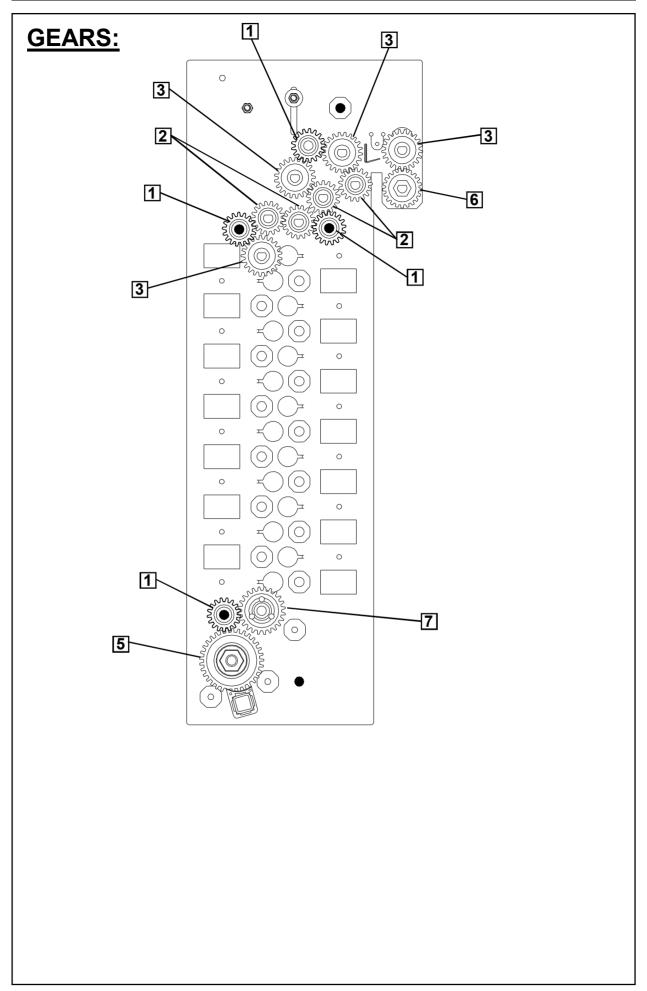
Fixier - Fixer Wasser - Fixer

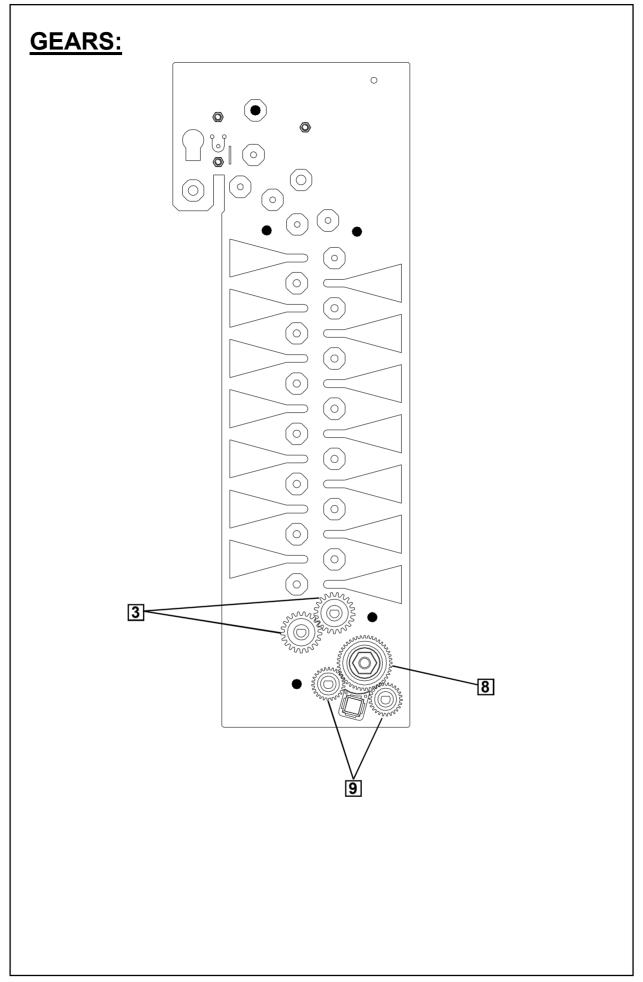


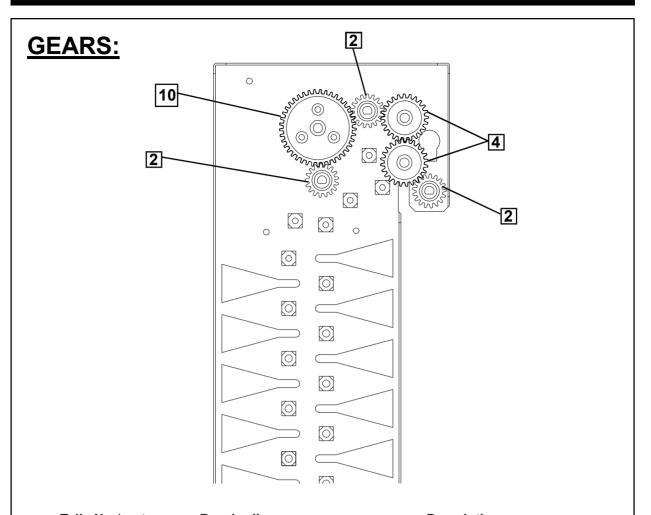
| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung   | Description |
|------|---------------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1    | 90 14 241           | Zahnrad Z26 m1 | Gear 26T m1 |
| 2    | 90 14 244           | Zahnrad Z44 m1 | Gear 44T m1 |
|      |                     |                |             |
|      |                     |                |             |
|      |                     |                |             |



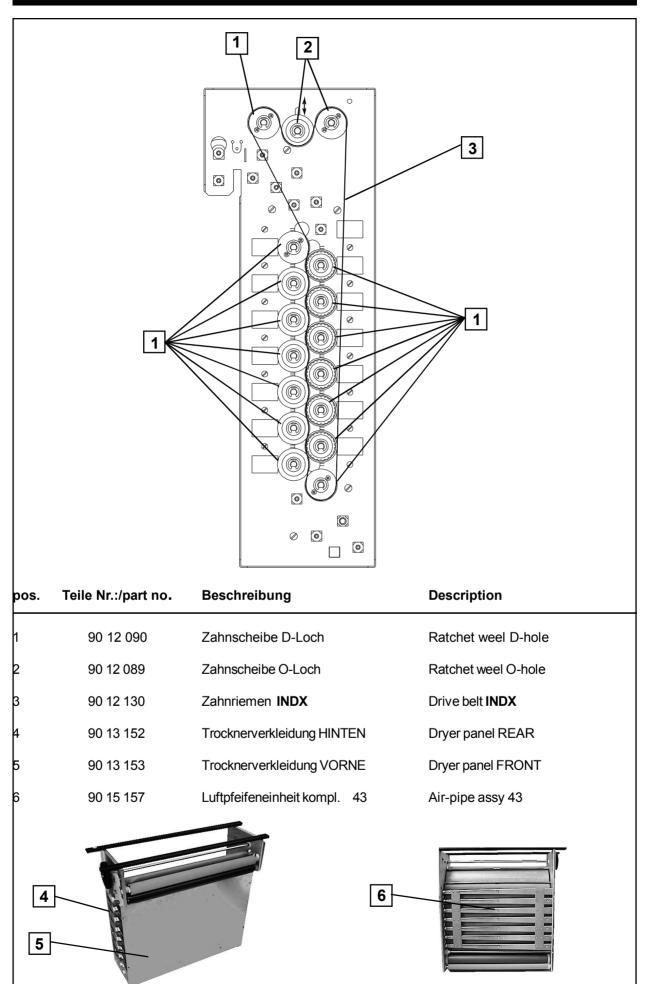
| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung                            | Description                              |
|------|---------------------|---|--|
|      |                     |   |  |
| 1    | 90 12 642           | Abquetschwalze Gummi                    | Squeeze roller, rubber 32                |
| 2    | 90 12 749           | Abquetschwalze Gummi schwer             | Squeeze roller, rubber 32 heavy          |
| 3    | 90 12 847           | Abquetschwalze PE 25.9                  | Squeeze roller, PE 25.9                  |
| 4    | 90 15 184           | Phenolwalze 32 B3/B4 Z21                | Phenolic roller 32 B3/B4 Z21             |
| 5    | 90 12 829           | Einzugswalze PE 32                      | Input roller PE 32                       |
| 6    | 90 12 804           | Phenolwalze 32 B3/B6                    | Phenolic roller 32 B3/B6                 |
| 7    | 90 15 154           | Phenolwalze 32<br>B4/Z21 B9/Z24         | Phenolic roller 32<br>B4/Z21 B9/Z24      |
| 8    | 90 15 155           | Schaumstoffwalze 32<br>A4 - A4 / Z21    | Foam roller 32<br>A4 - A4 / Z21          |
| 9    | 90 15 156           | Umlenkwalze PVC poliert<br>44 / 3-Punkt | Turn around roller polished 44 / 3-point |
| 10   | 90 15 115           | Umlenkwalze Gummi 26                    | Turn around roller rubber 26             |
| 11   | 90 16 751           | Umlenkwalze Gummi 26<br>geschliffen     | Turn around roller rubber 26 grinded     |
| 12   | 90 15 186           | Umlenksegment NDT 43                    | Turn around segment NDT 43               |
| 13   | 90 12 250           | Distanz 43                              | Spacer 43                                |
| 14   | 90 14 103           | Zahnrad Z17 O-Loch m1.5                 | Gear 17T O-hole m1.5                     |
| 15   | 90 12 257           | Zwischenradachse Trockner               | Intermediate axle dryer                  |
| 16   | 90 13 749           | Antriebswelle Trockner 902/3            | Main drive shaft for dryer 902/3         |
| 17   | 90 13 207           | Leitblech SU-Trockner 43                | Guide fur SU-Dryer 43                    |
| 18   | 90 13 751           | Trageschiene 902/3                      | Rack carrier support bracket 902/3       |

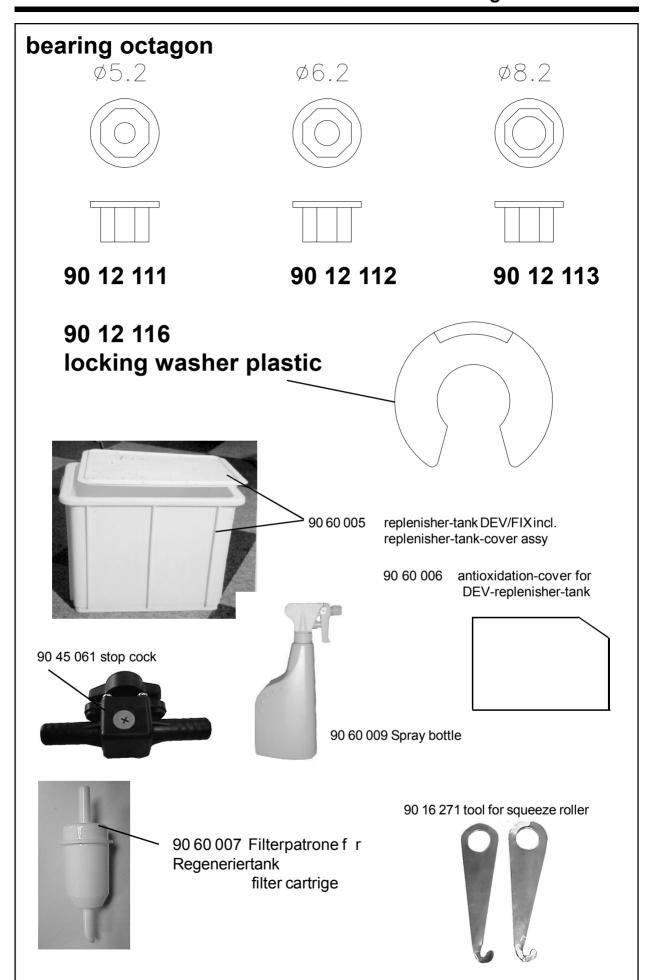






| pos. | Teile Nr.:/part no. | Beschreibung              | Description         |
|------|---------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|
| 1    | 90 14 103           | Zahnrad Z17 O-Loch        | Gear 17T O-hole     |
| 2    | 90 14 104           | Zahnrad Z17 D-Loch        | Gear 17T D-hole     |
| 3    | 90 14 108           | Zahnrad Z21 D-Loch        | Gear 21T D-hole     |
| 4    | 90 14 105           | Zahnrad Z24 O-Loch        | Gear 24T O-hole     |
| 5    | 90 14 245           | Zahnrad Z33 m1.5          | Gear 33T m1.5       |
| 6    | 90 14 116           | Zahnrad Z21 D=33          | Gear 21T D=33       |
| 7    | 90 12 060           | Zahnrad Z24 O-Loch Noppen | Gear 24T O-hole Pin |
| 8    | 90 14 243           | Zahnrad Z44 O-Loch        | Gear 44T O-hole     |
| 9    | 90 14 241           | Zahnrad Z26 D-Loch m1     | Gear 26T D-hole m1  |
| 10   | 90 12 062           | Zahnrad Z41 O-Loch        | Gear 410-hole       |
|      |                     |                           |                     |
|      |                     |                           |                     |
|      |                     |                           |                     |
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### Sicherungen / fuses:

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**F3** 

**F4** 

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